

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(72, 51.019, 337.582)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(72, 51.019, 337.582)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(72, 51.084, 337.416)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F38FD5
RGB	243, 143, 213
RGB Percent	95%, 56%, 84%
CMY	0.0458, 0.4381, 0.1636
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.12, 0.05
HSL	318°, 81%, 76%
HSV	318°, 41%, 95%
XYZ	58.9815, 43.6590, 68.4643
YIQ	180.8800, 37.1300, 42.9700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

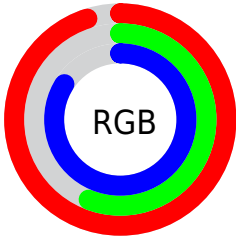
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	243, 143, 213
Decimal	15962069
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	72.00, 47.17, -19.62
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	72, 51.084, 337.416
Yxy	43.6590, 0.3447, 0.2552
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294152149 (0xFFFF38FD5)
YUV	180.8800, 15.8352, 54.4792
Hunter-Lab	66.0750, 43.7058, -15.1815

# Details

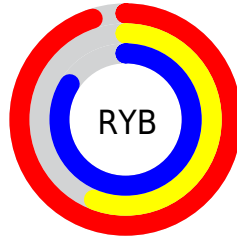
The CIELCh color **72, 51.084, 337.416** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **89, 50.525, 150.624**, and the grayscale version is **74, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87, 35.124, 325.645**, and **52, 50.796, 337.541** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67, 62.419, 338.339**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77, 38.932, 336.569**.

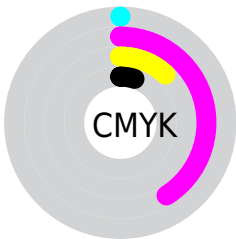
# Distribution



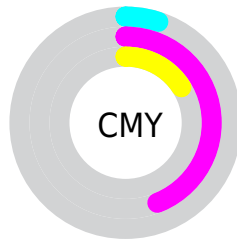
- Red (95%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (16%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 72, 51.084, 337.416 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 72, 51.084, 337.416 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 72, 51.084,  
337.416


 72, 51.084,  
337.416


 100, 51.084,  
337.416


 62, 51.084,  
337.416


 92, 51.084,  
337.416

 52, 51.084,  
337.416

 42, 51.084,  
337.416

 32, 51.084,  
337.416

 22, 51.084,  
337.416

 12, 51.084,  
337.416

 2, 51.084, 337.416

0, 51.084, 337.416

72, 51.084,  
337.416

72, 51.084,  
337.416

67, 62.419,  
338.339

77, 38.932,  
336.569

63, 72.392,  
339.362

83, 26.409,  
335.779

59, 80.382,  
340.528

89, 13.821,  
335.030

57, 85.835,  
341.896

95, 1.373, 334.081

55, 88.466,  
343.544

99, 4.881, 166.458

99, 4.035, 199.314

54, 88.789,  
345.276



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 51.084, 337.416



89, 50.525, 150.624

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 51.084, 337.416



72, 51.084, 27.416



72, 51.084, 157.416



72, 51.084, 207.416

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 51.081, 337.417



92, 15.520, 335.098



66, 56.323, 304.818



48, 10.304, 335.195



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 51.081, 337.417



71, 62.438, 338.148



71, 40.519, 8.469



48, 7.098, 334.910



41, 72.856, 344.904



10, 33.256, 342.077



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 51.081, 337.417



71, 62.438, 338.148



90, 33.928, 179.250



48, 7.098, 334.910



41, 72.856, 344.904

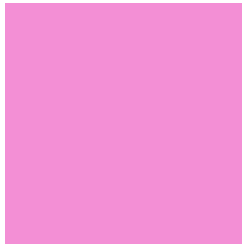


10, 33.256, 342.077



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 51.084, 337.416 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

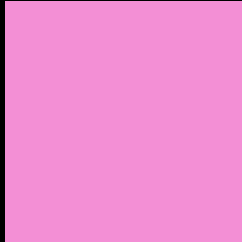
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 51.084, 337.416 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

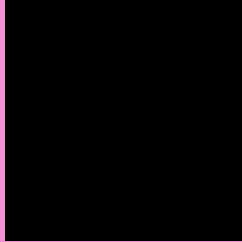
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 72, 51.084, 337.416**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 51.084, 337.416.

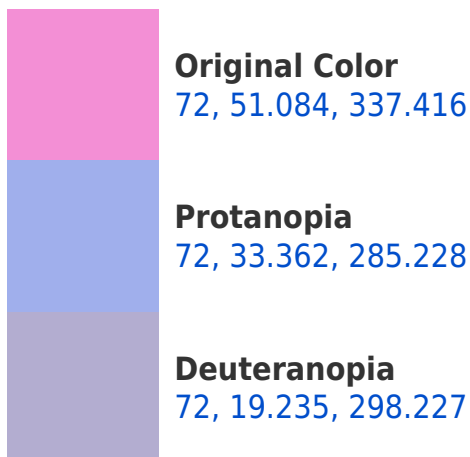


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 51.084, 337.416.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
72, 34.068, 11.983

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 51.084, 337.416



**Protanomaly**  
71, 36.789, 307.627



**Deuteranomaly**  
72, 29.839, 320.833

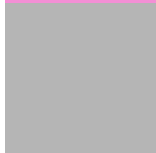


**Tritanomaly**  
72, 38.689, 355.386

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 51.084, 337.416



**Achromatopsia**  
74, 0.009, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
72, 19.681, 335.422

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 72, 51.084, 337.416 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 143, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 143, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 143, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 143, 213) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 72, 51.084, 337.416 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 143, 213) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 143, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 143, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 143, 213); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 143, 213);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 143,  
213) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 72, 51.084, 337.416 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 143, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
143, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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