

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(72, 55.167, 65.130)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(72, 55.167, 65.130) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(72, 54.923, 65.341)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	EF9F55
RGB	239, 159, 85
RGB Percent	94%, 62%, 33%
CMY	0.0639, 0.3775, 0.6676
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.64, 0.06
HSL	29°, 83%, 63%
HSV	29°, 64%, 94%
XYZ	49.4807, 43.6590, 14.3628
YIQ	174.4840, 71.4340, -6.0540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

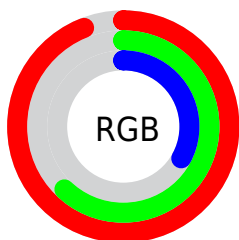
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">239, 227, 85</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15703893</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">72.00, 22.91, 49.91</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">72, 54.923, 65.341</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">43.6590, 0.4603, 0.4061</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293893973</a> <a href="#">(0xFFEF9F55)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">174.4840, -44.1156, 56.5805</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">66.0750, 18.0398, 33.3646</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color **72, 54.923, 65.341** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. The color can be described as light muted orange. A complement of this color would be **66, 44.375, 267.490**, and the grayscale version is **71, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 43.495, 83.773**, and **52, 55.212, 65.170** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69, 64.240, 63.949**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75, 45.482, 66.620**.

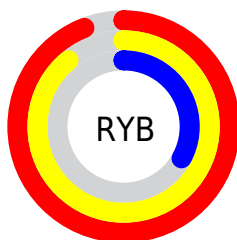
# Distribution



Red (94%)

Green (62%)

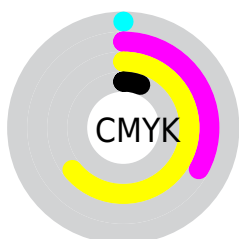
Blue (33%)



Red (94%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (33%)

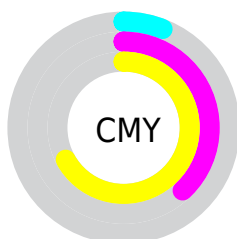


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (64%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (6%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 72, 54.923, 65.341 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 72, 54.923, 65.341 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 72, 54.923, 65.341

 72, 54.923, 65.341

 100, 54.923,  
65.341

 62, 54.923, 65.341

 92, 54.923, 65.341

 52, 54.923, 65.341

 42, 54.923, 65.341

 32, 54.923, 65.341

 22, 54.923, 65.341

 12, 54.923, 65.341

 2, 54.923, 65.341

 0, 54.923, 65.341

 72, 54.923, 65.341

 72, 54.923, 65.341

 69, 64.240, 63.949

 75, 45.482, 66.620

 66, 72.749, 62.248

 79, 36.261, 67.855

 63, 79.318, 59.899

 82, 27.407, 69.082

 62, 82.075, 58.361

 85, 18.966, 70.303

 89, 10.940, 71.508

 93, 3.304, 72.624

 96, 3.976, 254.053

 99, 5.602, 199.169

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 54.923, 65.341



66, 44.375, 267.490

# Rectangle

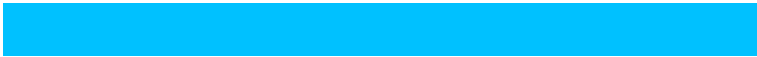
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 54.923, 65.341



72, 54.923, 115.341



72, 54.923, 245.341



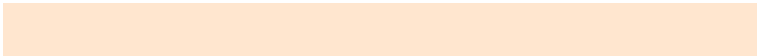
72, 54.923, 295.341

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 54.922, 65.345



93, 15.309, 70.960



59, 67.505, 349.421



48, 10.613, 70.613



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 54.922, 65.345



72, 70.150, 63.518



91, 71.768, 102.604



48, 4.249, 72.095



48, 67.152, 59.043



13, 23.429, 59.179





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66, 44.375, 267.490



65, 55.142, 272.525



46, 86.951, 299.632



48, 4.144, 254.574



41, 54.244, 282.077

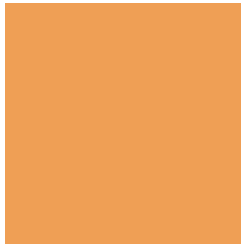


10, 20.662, 274.196



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 54.923, 65.341 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

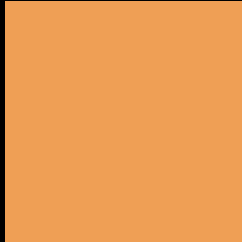
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 54.923, 65.341 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 72, 54.923, 65.341

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 54.923, 65.341.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 54.923, 65.341.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

72, 54.923, 65.341

### Protanopia

72, 46.066, 95.814

### Deuteranopia

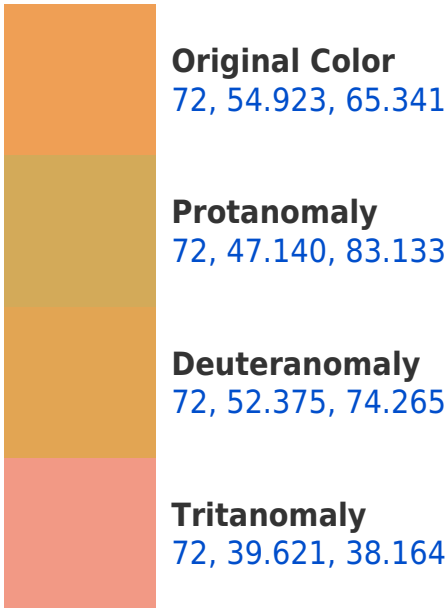
72, 51.565, 79.284



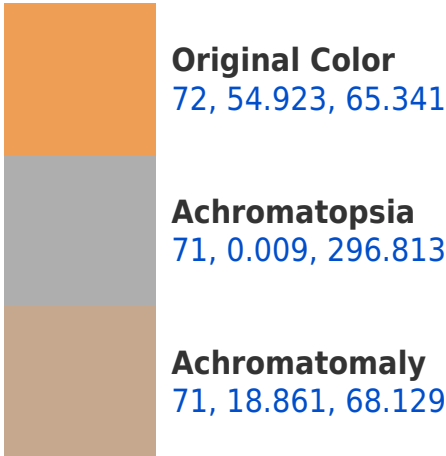
**Tritanopia**  
72, 37.742, 14.313



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 72, 54.923, 65.341 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 159, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 159, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 159, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 159, 85) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 72, 54.923, 65.341 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 159, 85) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 159, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 159, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 159, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 159, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 159,  
85) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 72, 54.923, 65.341 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 159, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
159, 85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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