

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(72, 57.372, 140.500)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(72, 57.372, 140.500)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(72, 57.428, 140.406)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

**Color**

**CIELCh(72, 57.428, 140.406)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6DC46B
RGB	109, 196, 107
RGB Percent	43%, 77%, 42%
CMY	0.5735, 0.2323, 0.5813
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.45, 0.23
HSL	119°, 43%, 59%
HSV	119°, 45%, 77%
XYZ	28.6013, 43.6590, 20.7661
YIQ	159.8410, -23.2830, -46.1230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

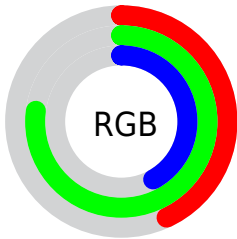
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	107, 196, 194
Decimal	7193707
CIELab	72.00, -44.25, 36.60
CIELCh	72, 57.428, 140.406
Yxy	43.6590, 0.3075, 0.4693
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285383787 (0xFF6DC46B)
YUV	159.8410, -26.0506, -44.5876
Hunter-Lab	66.0750, -38.3654, 27.6188

# Details

The CIELCh color **72, 57.428, 140.406** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC66**. A complement of this color would be **58, 57.333, 326.162**, and the grayscale version is **66, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92, 57.131, 140.466**, and **52, 57.309, 140.448** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71, 68.801, 139.367**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73, 45.244, 141.360**.

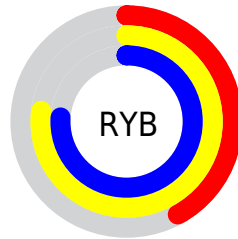
# Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (77%)

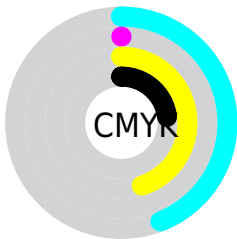
Blue (42%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (76%)

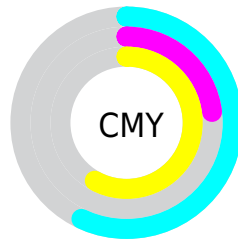


Cyan (44%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (45%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 72, 57.428, 140.406 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 72, 57.428, 140.406 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 72, 57.428,  
140.406

 72, 57.428,  
140.406

 100, 57.428,  
140.406

 62, 57.428,  
140.406


 92, 57.428,  
140.406

 52, 57.428,  
140.406

 42, 57.428,  
140.406

 32, 57.428,  
140.406

 22, 57.428,  
140.406

 12, 57.428,  
140.406

 2, 57.428, 140.406

0, 57.428, 140.406

72, 57.428,  
140.406

72, 57.428,  
140.406

71, 68.801,  
139.367

73, 45.244,  
141.360

70, 78.930,  
138.300

75, 32.594,  
142.205

70, 87.315,  
137.310

76, 19.753,  
142.939

69, 93.444,  
136.534

78, 6.927, 143.586

69, 96.994,  
136.095

80, 5.734, 324.035

69, 98.048,  
135.930

82, 18.128,  
324.513

84, 30.190,

324.897

■ 86, 37.159,  
325.715

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 57.428, 140.406



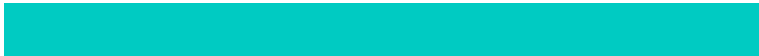
58, 57.333, 326.162

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 57.428, 140.406



72, 57.428, 190.406



72, 57.428, 320.406



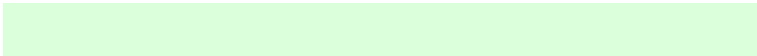
72, 57.428, 10.406

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 57.429, 140.406



97, 22.165, 143.023



77, 44.857, 104.342



51, 15.316, 142.874



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 57.429, 140.406



90, 84.493, 139.323



73, 40.733, 157.354



40, 7.162, 143.339



57, 84.659, 135.907



10, 24.119, 143.681



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 57.333, 326.162



70, 84.000, 326.592



57, 42.475, 346.361



38, 7.176, 324.324



37, 81.886, 327.364



4, 23.939, 325.410



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 57.428, 140.406 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 57.428, 140.406 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 72, 57.428, 140.406**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 57.428, 140.406.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 57.428, 140.406.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 57.428, 140.406

**Protanopia**  
72, 41.617, 95.877

**Deuteranopia**  
72, 34.978, 75.236





**Tritanopia**  
72, 19.948, 222.487

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 57.428, 140.406



**Protanomaly**  
71, 43.633, 117.584



**Deuteranomaly**  
71, 35.792, 109.288



**Tritanomaly**  
72, 27.150, 169.739

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 57.428, 140.406



**Achromatopsia**  
66, 0.008, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
68, 21.557, 143.295

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 72, 57.428, 140.406 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 196, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 196, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 196, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 196, 107) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 72, 57.428, 140.406 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 196, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 196, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 196, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 196, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 196, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 196,  
107) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 72, 57.428, 140.406 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 196, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
196, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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