

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(72, 62.501, 67.682)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(72, 62.501, 67.682) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(72, 62.571, 67.686)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F29E44
RGB	242, 158, 68
RGB Percent	95%, 62%, 27%
CMY	0.0517, 0.3810, 0.7339
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.72, 0.05
HSL	31°, 87%, 61%
HSV	31°, 72%, 95%
XYZ	49.7922, 43.6590, 11.2464
YIQ	172.8560, 78.9540, -10.1820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

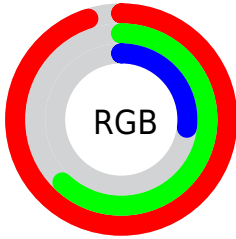
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	230, 242, 68
Decimal	15900228
CIE Lab	72.00, 23.76, 57.89
CIE LCh	72, 62.571, 67.686
Yxy	43.6590, 0.4756, 0.4170
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294090308 (0xFFFF29E44)
YUV	172.8560, -51.6940, 60.6393
Hunter-Lab	66.0750, 18.8813, 36.1609

# Details

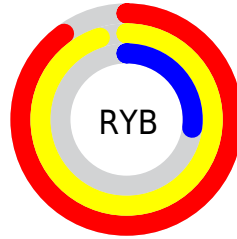
The CIELCh color **72, 62.571, 67.686** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9933**. The color can be described as light washed orange. A complement of this color would be **62, 52.601, 274.375**, and the grayscale version is **71, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87, 51.142, 85.811**, and **52, 62.713, 67.487** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69, 71.074, 65.947**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75, 53.328, 69.177**.

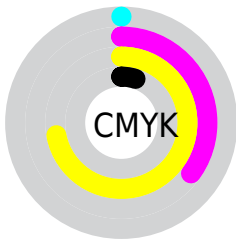
# Distribution



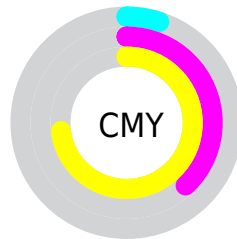
- Red (95%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (73%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 72, 62.571, 67.686 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 72, 62.571, 67.686 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



72, 62.571, 67.686

72, 62.571, 67.686

100, 62.571,  
67.686

62, 62.571, 67.686

92, 62.571, 67.686

52, 62.571, 67.686

42, 62.571, 67.686

32, 62.571, 67.686

22, 62.571, 67.686

12, 62.571, 67.686

2, 62.571, 67.686

0, 62.571, 67.686

72, 62.571, 67.686

72, 62.571, 67.686

69, 71.074, 65.947

75, 53.328, 69.177

67, 77.818, 63.671

78, 43.962, 70.555

65, 81.582, 61.353

81, 34.777, 71.887

84, 25.909, 73.197

88, 17.403, 74.486

91, 9.263, 75.743

95, 1.468, 76.759

98, 3.746, 230.443

99, 4.546, 199.263

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 62.571, 67.686



62, 52.601, 274.375

# Rectangle

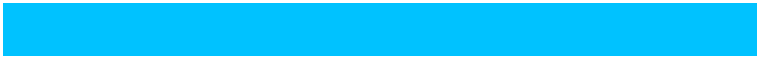
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 62.571, 67.686



72, 62.571, 117.686



72, 62.571, 247.686



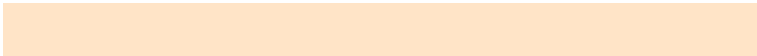
72, 62.571, 297.686

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 62.570, 67.689



92, 18.221, 74.471



57, 72.000, 354.504



48, 12.318, 74.123



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 62.570, 67.689



72, 77.310, 65.055



93, 80.778, 104.639



48, 4.351, 76.042



50, 66.147, 62.058



14, 23.428, 63.042





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 52.601, 274.375



59, 65.413, 280.387



41, 102.040, 302.591



48, 4.267, 258.587



39, 58.385, 285.707



10, 22.042, 278.153



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 62.571, 67.686 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 62.571, 67.686 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 72, 62.571, 67.686

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 62.571, 67.686.

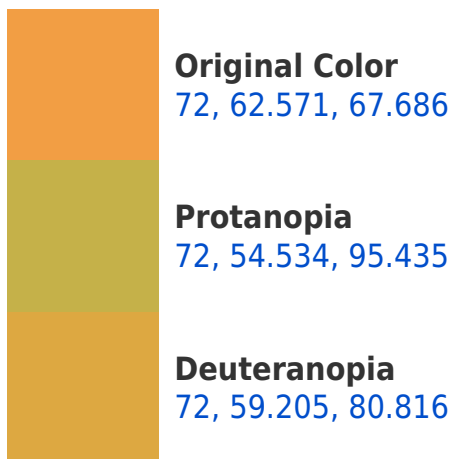


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 62.571, 67.686.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

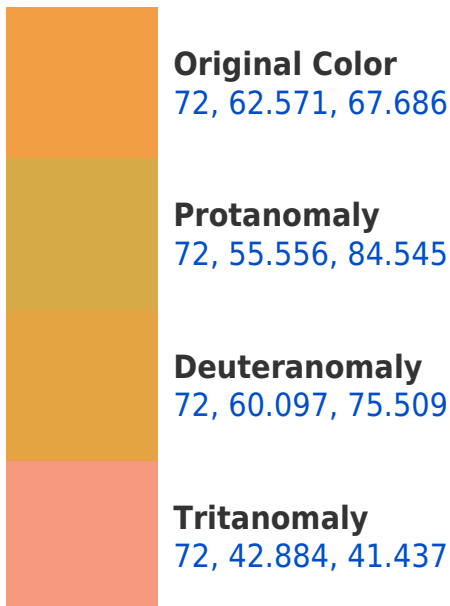




**Tritanopia**  
72, 39.815, 15.044



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 72, 62.571, 67.686 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 158, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 158, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 158, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 158, 68) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 72, 62.571, 67.686 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 158, 68) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 158, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 158, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 158, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 158, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 158,  
68) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 72, 62.571, 67.686 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 158, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
158, 68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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