

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(72, 7.294, 55.825)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(72, 7.294, 55.825) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(72, 7.245, 56.421)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BDAEA6
RGB	189, 174, 166
RGB Percent	74%, 68%, 65%
CMY	0.2602, 0.3189, 0.3503
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.12, 0.26
HSL	21°, 15%, 69%
HSV	21°, 12%, 74%
XYZ	42.8257, 43.6590, 42.0865
YIQ	177.5730, 11.5080, 0.6920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

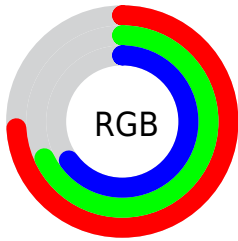
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	189, 178, 166
Decimal	12431014
CIELab	72.00, 4.01, 6.04
CIELCh	72, 7.245, 56.421
Yxy	43.6590, 0.3331, 0.3396
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290621094 (0xFFBDAEA6)
YUV	177.5730, -5.7055, 10.0215
Hunter-Lab	66.0750, 0.0613, 8.4877

# Details

The CIELCh color  $72, 7.245, 56.421$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $73, 6.831, 238.757$ , and the grayscale version is  $72, 0.009, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $92, 7.143, 54.843$ , and  $52, 7.460, 58.010$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $68, 13.662, 55.675$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $76, 1.253, 56.968$ .

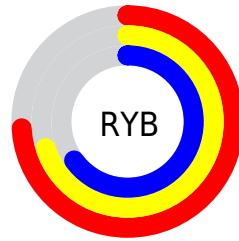
# Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (68%)

Blue (65%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (70%)

Blue (65%)

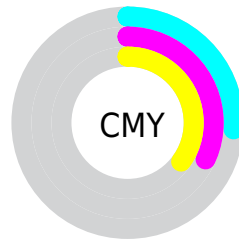


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 72, 7.245, 56.421 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 72, 7.245, 56.421 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 72, 7.245, 56.421       72, 7.245, 56.421

 100, 7.245, 56.421       62, 7.245, 56.421

 92, 7.245, 56.421       52, 7.245, 56.421

 42, 7.245, 56.421

 32, 7.245, 56.421

 22, 7.245, 56.421

 12, 7.245, 56.421

 2, 7.245, 56.421

 0, 7.245, 56.421

 72, 7.245, 56.421       72, 7.245, 56.421

68, 13.662, 55.675

76, 1.253, 56.968

65, 20.544, 54.945

79, 4.357, 238.291

61, 27.918, 54.279

83, 9.628, 239.094

58, 35.784, 53.690

87, 14.600,  
239.936

55, 44.088, 53.172

91, 17.908,  
233.894

52, 52.660, 52.677

49, 61.099, 52.059

94, 19.303,  
209.930

47, 68.568, 50.984

96, 21.494,  
198.094

45, 73.472, 49.886

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 7.245, 56.421



73, 6.831, 238.757

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 7.245, 56.421



72, 7.245, 106.421



72, 7.245, 236.421



72, 7.245, 286.421

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 7.245, 56.439



95, 2.855, 56.980



70, 12.053, 336.498



50, 2.034, 56.948



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813

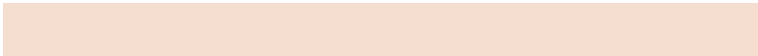


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 7.245, 56.439



90, 11.137, 56.205



75, 10.394, 100.986



38, 3.337, 56.652



38, 64.160, 50.381



5, 10.189, 44.347





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73, 6.831, 238.757



91, 10.330, 239.090



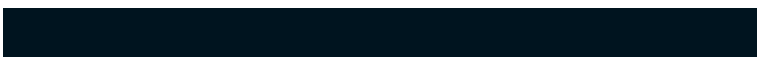
70, 10.569, 283.784



38, 3.194, 238.476



42, 36.953, 263.845



5, 9.998, 252.213



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 7.245, 56.421 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 7.245, 56.421 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

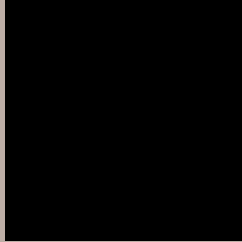
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

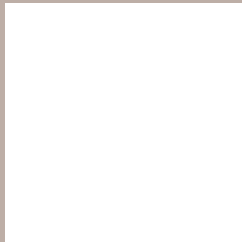
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 72, 7.245, 56.421

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 7.245, 56.421.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 7.245, 56.421.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

72, 7.245, 56.421

### Protanopia

72, 5.381, 84.341

### Deuteranopia

72, 10.756, 31.825



**Tritanopia**  
72, 10.324, 337.096



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 7.245, 56.421

**Protanomaly**  
72, 5.536, 71.027

**Deuteranomaly**  
72, 9.354, 36.875

**Tritanomaly**  
72, 7.352, 358.353

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 7.245, 56.421

**Achromatopsia**  
72, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
72, 2.481, 60.266

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 72, 7.245, 56.421 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 174, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 174, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 174, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 174, 166) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 72, 7.245, 56.421 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 174, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 174, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 174, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 174, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 174, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 174,  
166) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 72, 7.245, 56.421 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 174, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
174, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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