

Converting Colors

CIELCh(72, 7.761, 179.990)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(72, 7.761, 179.990) contains.

CIELCh(72, 7.873, 178.572)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(72, 7.873, 178.572)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1B5B0
RGB	161, 181, 176
RGB Percent	63%, 71%, 69%
CMY	0.3693, 0.2909, 0.3105
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.03, 0.29
HSL	165°, 12%, 67%
HSV	165°, 11%, 71%
XYZ	38.9667, 43.6590, 47.3531
YIQ	174.4500, -10.3150, -5.7950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

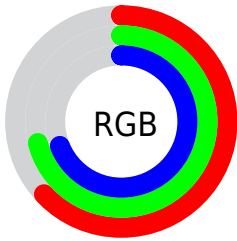
Format	Color
RYB	161, 172, 181
Decimal	10597808
CIELab	72.00, -7.87, 0.20
CIELCh	72, 7.873, 178.572
Yxy	43.6590, 0.2998, 0.3359
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288787888 (0xFFA1B5B0)
YUV	174.4500, 0.7642, -11.7956
Hunter-Lab	66.0750, -10.3636, 3.7619

Details

The CIELCh color $72, 7.873, 178.572$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $68, 8.172, 0.510$, and the grayscale version is $71, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $92, 7.826, 179.653$, and $52, 7.774, 181.205$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $71, 14.801, 177.572$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $73, 0.758, 180.021$.

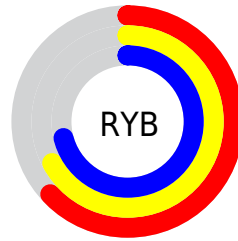
Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (71%)

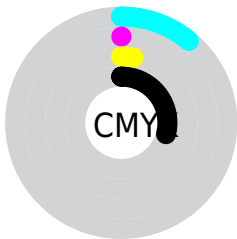
Blue (69%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (71%)

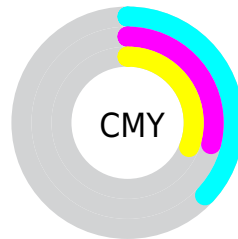


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 72, 7.873, 178.572 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 72, 7.873, 178.572 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 72, 7.873, 178.572

■ 72, 7.873, 178.572

■ 100, 7.873,
178.572

■ 62, 7.873, 178.572

■ 92, 7.873, 178.572

■ 52, 7.873, 178.572

■ 42, 7.873, 178.572

■ 32, 7.873, 178.572

■ 22, 7.873, 178.572

■ 12, 7.873, 178.572

■ 2, 7.873, 178.572

■ 0, 7.873, 178.572

■ 72, 7.873, 178.572

■ 72, 7.873, 178.572

71, 14.801,
177.572

73, 0.758, 180.021

70, 21.433,
176.529

75, 6.458, 0.207

77, 13.701, 1.067

69, 27.655,
175.407

79, 20.912, 1.867

68, 33.349,
174.186

81, 28.050, 2.629

67, 38.406,
172.843

81, 30.012,
359.308

66, 42.741,
171.353

81, 30.791,
355.108

66, 46.311,
169.694

81, 31.740,
351.151

66, 49.131,
167.851

81, 32.844,
347.457

66, 51.187,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 7.873, 178.572



68, 8.172, 0.510

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 7.873, 178.572



72, 7.873, 228.572



72, 7.873, 358.572



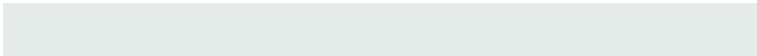
72, 7.873, 48.572

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 7.874, 178.564



92, 2.655, 179.449



72, 12.249, 136.310



49, 2.010, 179.333



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 7.874, 178.564



91, 11.410, 178.352



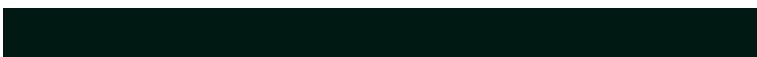
71, 6.062, 223.989



37, 3.997, 178.738



56, 45.065, 166.395



7, 10.294, 172.962

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 8.172, 0.510



85, 11.926, 0.745



69, 6.478, 42.961



35, 4.124, 0.321



32, 61.128, 24.549



2, 9.543, 3.772

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 7.873, 178.572 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

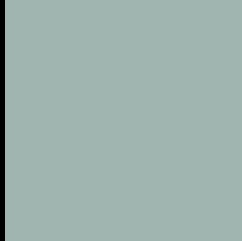
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 7.873, 178.572 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

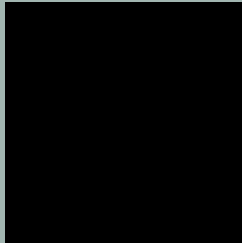
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

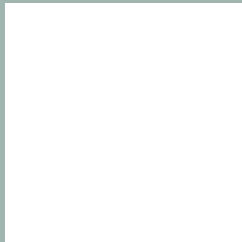
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 72, 7.873, 178.572

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 7.873, 178.572.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 7.873, 178.572.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

72, 7.873, 178.572

Protanopia

72, 2.168, 49.343

Deuteranopia

72, 8.828, 354.674



Tritanopia
72, 8.991, 257.426

Trichromacy



Original Color
72, 7.873, 178.572

Protanomaly
72, 2.223, 152.329

Deuteranomaly
72, 2.515, 353.819

Tritanomaly
72, 6.821, 233.143

Monochromacy



Original Color
72, 7.873, 178.572

Achromatopsia
71, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
71, 2.664, 187.557

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 72, 7.873, 178.572 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 181, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 181, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 181, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 181, 176) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 72, 7.873, 178.572 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 181, 176) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 181, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 181, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 181, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 181, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 181,  
176) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 72, 7.873, 178.572 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 181, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
181, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor