

Converting Colors

CIELCh(72, 7.790, 264.023)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(72, 7.790, 264.023) contains.

CIELCh(72, 7.715, 266.179)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(72, 7.715, 266.179)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A8B1BE
RGB	168, 177, 190
RGB Percent	66%, 69%, 75%
CMY	0.3399, 0.3046, 0.2537
CMYK	0.12, 0.07, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	215°, 15%, 70%
HSV	215°, 12%, 75%
XYZ	41.3281, 43.6590, 55.1461
YIQ	175.7910, -9.5370, 2.1350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

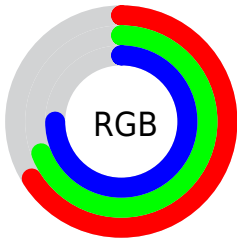
Format	Color
RYB	168, 174, 190
Decimal	11055550
CIELab	72.00, -0.51, -7.70
CIELCh	72, 7.715, 266.179
Yxy	43.6590, 0.2949, 0.3116
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289245630 (0xFFA8B1BE)
YUV	175.7910, 7.0050, -6.8327
Hunter-Lab	66.0750, -3.9844, -3.2309

Details

The CIELCh color $72, 7.715, 266.179$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $74, 7.808, 83.081$, and the grayscale version is $72, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $92, 7.489, 263.444$, and $52, 8.065, 269.210$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $68, 14.417, 267.749$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $76, 1.046, 265.039$.

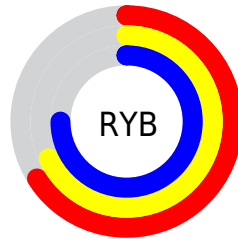
Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (69%)

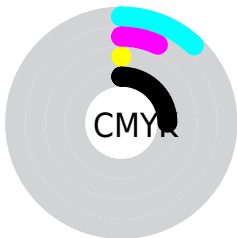
Blue (75%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (75%)

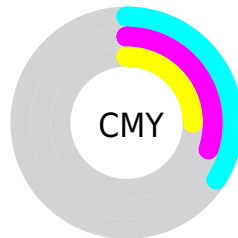


Cyan (12%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 72, 7.715, 266.179 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 72, 7.715, 266.179 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 72, 7.715, 266.179

■ 72, 7.715, 266.179

■ 100, 7.715,
266.179

■ 62, 7.715, 266.179

■ 92, 7.715, 266.179

■ 52, 7.715, 266.179

■ 42, 7.715, 266.179

■ 32, 7.715, 266.179

■ 22, 7.715, 266.179

■ 12, 7.715, 266.179

■ 2, 7.715, 266.179

■ 0, 7.715, 266.179

■ 72, 7.715, 266.179

■ 72, 7.715, 266.179

68, 14.417,
267.749

76, 1.046, 265.039

63, 21.146,
269.617

81, 5.577, 83.540

59, 27.901,
271.817

85, 12.146, 82.552

55, 34.688,
274.393

90, 18.651, 81.675

51, 41.532,
277.380

93, 23.692, 87.971

96, 27.938, 99.949

46, 48.476,
280.783

99, 32.552,
107.700

43, 55.571,
284.547

39, 62.852,
288.544

36, 69.135,

291.851

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 7.715, 266.179



74, 7.808, 83.081

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 7.715, 266.179



72, 7.715, 316.179



72, 7.715, 86.179



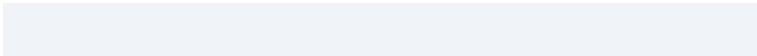
72, 7.715, 136.179

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 7.714, 266.168



96, 2.477, 265.096



75, 9.523, 167.419



51, 1.892, 265.172



99, 0.012, 296.813



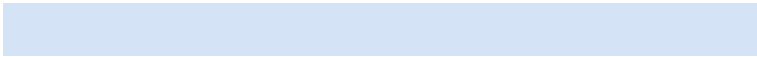
52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 7.714, 266.168



90, 11.563, 266.562



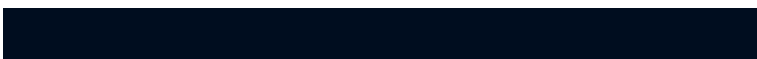
70, 12.105, 294.491



38, 3.753, 265.856



30, 59.378, 291.254



3, 12.609, 274.813

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71, 9.684, 349.858



88, 14.563, 350.128



76, 11.792, 112.496



37, 4.698, 349.636



33, 59.189, 10.103



3, 13.343, 356.830

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 7.715, 266.179 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

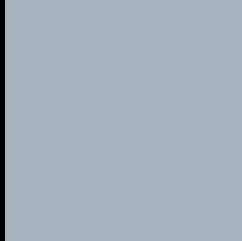
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 72, 7.715, 266.179 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

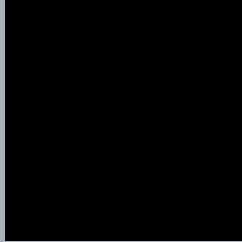
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

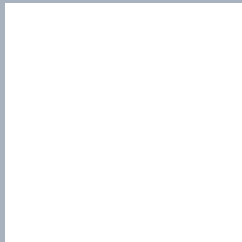
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 72, 7.715, 266.179

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 7.715, 266.179.

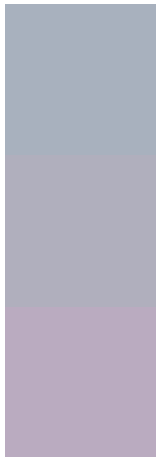


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 7.715, 266.179.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

72, 7.715, 266.179

Protanopia

72, 7.647, 293.647

Deuteranopia

72, 12.756, 316.627



Tritanopia
72, 8.209, 267.866

Trichromacy



Original Color
72, 7.715, 266.179

Protanomaly
72, 7.146, 282.149

Deuteranomaly
72, 10.182, 305.569

Tritanomaly
72, 8.209, 267.866

Monochromacy



Original Color
72, 7.715, 266.179

Achromatopsia
72, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
72, 2.927, 268.291

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 72, 7.715, 266.179 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 177, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 177, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 177, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 177, 190) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 72, 7.715, 266.179 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

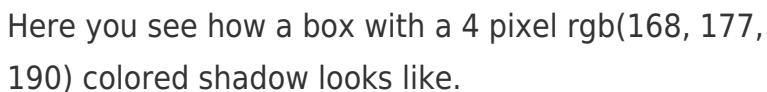
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 177, 190) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 177, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 177, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 177, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 177, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 177,  
190) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 72, 7.715, 266.179 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 177, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
177, 190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor