

Converting Colors

CIELCh(72, 8.637, 260.267)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(72, 8.637, 260.267) contains.

CIELCh(72, 8.644, 261.352)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(72, 8.644, 261.352)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A6B2C0
RGB	166, 178, 192
RGB Percent	65%, 70%, 75%
CMY	0.3497, 0.3026, 0.2477
CMYK	0.14, 0.07, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	212°, 17%, 70%
HSV	212°, 14%, 75%
XYZ	41.0715, 43.6590, 56.0307
YIQ	176.0080, -11.6460, 1.8100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

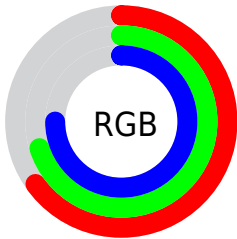
Format	Color
R _Y B	166, 174, 192
Decimal	10924736
CIE Lab	72.00, -1.30, -8.55
CIE LCh	72, 8.644, 261.352
Yxy	43.6590, 0.2918, 0.3102
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289114816 (0xFFA6B2C0)
YUV	176.0080, 7.8841, -8.7770
Hunter-Lab	66.0750, -4.6776, -4.0246

Details

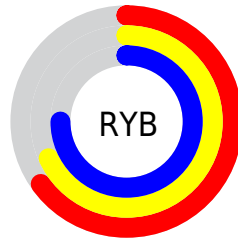
The CIELCh color $72, 8.644, 261.352$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $74, 8.866, 77.729$, and the grayscale version is $72, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $92, 8.408, 258.911$, and $52, 9.004, 264.136$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $68, 14.988, 262.979$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $76, 2.273, 260.045$.

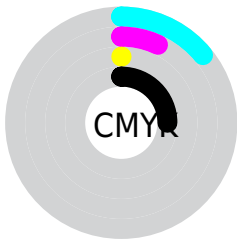
Distribution



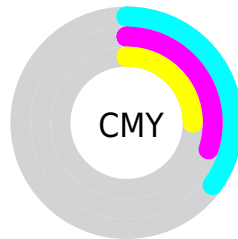
- Red (65%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 72, 8.644, 261.352 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 72, 8.644, 261.352 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 72, 8.644, 261.352

■ 72, 8.644, 261.352

■ 100, 8.644,
261.352

■ 62, 8.644, 261.352

■ 92, 8.644, 261.352

■ 52, 8.644, 261.352

■ 42, 8.644, 261.352

■ 32, 8.644, 261.352

■ 22, 8.644, 261.352

■ 12, 8.644, 261.352

■ 2, 8.644, 261.352

■ 0, 8.644, 261.352

■ 72, 8.644, 261.352

■ 72, 8.644, 261.352

68, 14.988,
262.979

76, 2.273, 260.045

64, 21.290,
264.925

80, 4.105, 78.622

60, 27.540,
267.229

85, 10.473, 77.640

56, 33.739,
269.944

89, 16.816, 76.760

52, 39.908,
273.108

92, 21.773, 81.778

95, 25.170, 94.839

48, 46.093,
276.726

97, 29.530,
104.287

99, 31.803,
107.758

45, 52.364,
280.746

41, 58.790,
285.030

39, 63.053,

287.730

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 8.644, 261.352



74, 8.866, 77.729

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 8.644, 261.352



72, 8.644, 311.352



72, 8.644, 81.352



72, 8.644, 131.352

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 8.643, 261.342



96, 3.171, 260.093



75, 11.635, 164.345



51, 2.252, 260.173



99, 0.012, 296.813



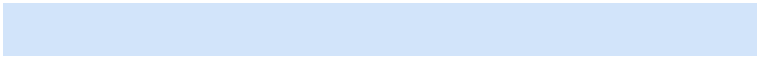
52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 8.643, 261.342



90, 12.642, 261.757



69, 14.311, 292.844



39, 3.649, 260.745



33, 54.539, 287.117



4, 13.351, 272.402

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71, 11.832, 346.927



88, 17.371, 347.191



77, 13.878, 110.263



38, 4.964, 346.526



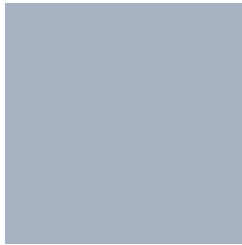
34, 59.783, 5.136



3, 15.517, 354.613

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 8.644, 261.352 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

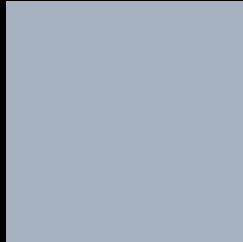
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 72, 8.644, 261.352 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

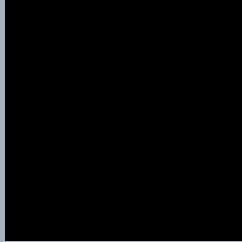
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

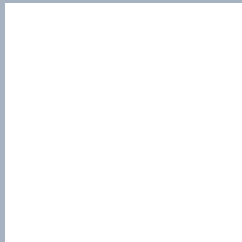
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 72, 8.644, 261.352

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 8.644, 261.352.

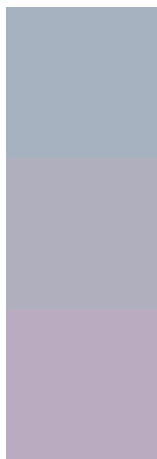


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 8.644, 261.352.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

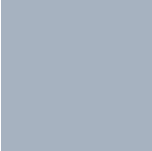
72, 8.644, 261.352

Protanopia

72, 8.178, 290.981

Deuteranopia

72, 13.246, 315.616



Tritanopia
72, 8.644, 261.352

Trichromacy



Original Color
72, 8.644, 261.352

Protanomaly
72, 8.270, 280.976

Deuteranomaly
72, 11.160, 302.413

Tritanomaly
72, 8.644, 261.352

Monochromacy



Original Color
72, 8.644, 261.352

Achromatopsia
72, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
72, 3.260, 256.206

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 72, 8.644, 261.352 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 178, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 178, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 178, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 178, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 72, 8.644, 261.352 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 178, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 178, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 178, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 178, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 178, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 178,  
192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 72, 8.644, 261.352 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 178, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
178, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor