

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(72, 83.065, 67.794)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(72, 83.065, 67.794) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(72, 82.815, 67.855)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF9703
RGB	255, 151, 3
RGB Percent	100%, 59%, 1%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4060, 0.9874
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.99, 0.00
HSL	35°, 100%, 51%
HSV	35°, 99%, 100%
XYZ	52.6085, 43.6590, 5.7460
YIQ	165.2240, 109.4920, -23.9800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

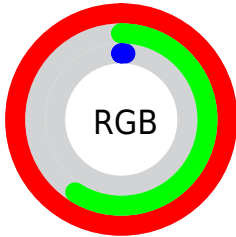
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">180, 255, 3</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16750339</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">72.00, 31.22, 76.71</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">72, 82.815, 67.855</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">43.6590, 0.5157, 0.4280</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294940419 (0xFFFF9703)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">165.2240, -79.9764, 78.7336</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">66.0750, 26.4893, 41.0965</a>

# Details

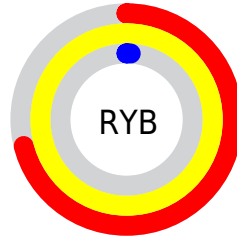
The CIELCh color **72, 82.815, 67.855** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9900**. The color can be described as middle saturated orange. A complement of this color would be **49, 86.278, 291.971**, and the grayscale version is **68, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85, 67.556, 86.112**, and **52, 68.130, 62.028** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72, 83.097, 67.622**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74, 78.507, 70.787**.

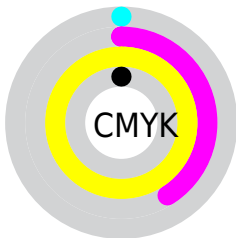
# Distribution



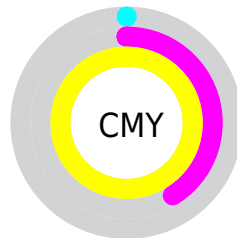
- Red (100%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (1%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (1%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (99%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 72, 82.815, 67.855 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 72, 82.815, 67.855 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 72, 82.815, 67.855

 72, 82.815, 67.855

 100, 82.815,  
67.855

 62, 82.815, 67.855

 92, 82.815, 67.855

 52, 82.815, 67.855

 42, 82.815, 67.855

 32, 82.815, 67.855

 22, 82.815, 67.855

 12, 82.815, 67.855

 2, 82.815, 67.855

 0, 82.815, 67.855

 72, 82.815, 67.855

 72, 82.815, 67.855

72, 83.097, 67.622

74, 78.507, 70.787

77, 71.706, 72.956

79, 63.149, 74.732

82, 53.777, 76.308

85, 44.168, 77.786

88, 34.623, 79.209

91, 25.288, 80.593

94, 16.222, 81.938

97, 7.440, 83.227

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 82.815, 67.855



49, 86.278, 291.971

# Rectangle

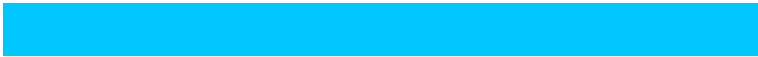
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 82.815, 67.855



72, 82.815, 117.855



72, 82.815, 247.855



72, 82.815, 297.855

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 82.650, 67.985



91, 26.449, 80.421



54, 84.453, 10.540



47, 18.166, 79.840



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 82.650, 67.985



72, 83.097, 67.622



96, 97.189, 108.023



52, 4.846, 83.132



55, 66.835, 68.276



18, 27.297, 70.755





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 86.278, 291.971



49, 87.471, 292.453



33, 132.818, 306.423



50, 4.799, 265.718



37, 69.164, 291.722



10, 27.808, 285.909



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 82.815, 67.855 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 82.815, 67.855 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 72, 82.815, 67.855

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 82.815, 67.855.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 82.815, 67.855.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

72, 82.704, 67.817

### Protanopia

72, 71.836, 95.135

### Deuteranopia

72, 75.766, 83.446



**Tritanopia**  
72, 44.879, 17.978



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 82.704, 67.817

**Protanomaly**  
72, 73.435, 84.501

**Deuteranomaly**  
72, 77.593, 77.309

**Tritanomaly**  
72, 56.168, 49.536

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
72, 82.704, 67.817

**Achromatopsia**  
68, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
68, 33.851, 78.703

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 72, 82.815, 67.855 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 151, 3)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 151, 3)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 151, 3) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 151, 3) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 72, 82.815, 67.855 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 151, 3) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 151, 3) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 151, 3) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 151, 3); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 151, 3);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 151,  
3) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 72, 82.815, 67.855 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 151, 3) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
151, 3) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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