

Converting Colors

CIELCh(73, 0.723, 335.561)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(73, 0.723, 335.561) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(73, 0.670, 324.116)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4B3B4
RGB	180, 179, 180
RGB Percent	71%, 70%, 71%
CMY	0.2946, 0.2985, 0.2946
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	300°, 1%, 70%
HSV	300°, 1%, 71%
XYZ	43.1099, 45.1644, 49.5549
YIQ	179.4130, 0.2750, 0.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

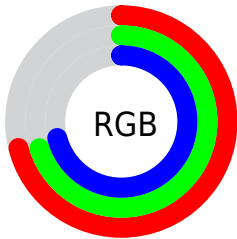
Format	Color
RYB	180, 179, 180
Decimal	11842484
CIELab	73.00, 0.54, -0.39
CIELCh	73, 0.670, 324.116
Yxy	45.1644, 0.3128, 0.3277
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290032564 (0xFFB4B3B4)
YUV	179.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148
Hunter-Lab	67.2044, -3.1048, 3.3242

Details

The CIELCh color $73, 0.670, 324.116$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $73, 0.652, 144.775$, and the grayscale version is $73, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $93, 0.639, 324.008$, and $53, 0.712, 324.224$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $68, 12.668, 324.992$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $78, 11.118, 143.960$.

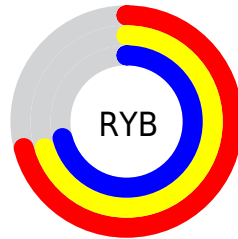
Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (70%)

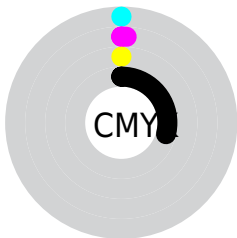
Blue (71%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (70%)

Blue (71%)

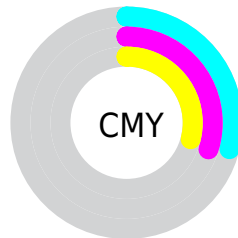


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 73, 0.670, 324.116 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 73, 0.670, 324.116 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 73, 0.670, 324.116

■ 73, 0.670, 324.116

100, 0.670,
324.116

■ 63, 0.670, 324.116

■ 93, 0.670, 324.116

■ 53, 0.670, 324.116

■ 43, 0.670, 324.116

■ 33, 0.670, 324.116

■ 23, 0.670, 324.116

■ 13, 0.670, 324.116

■ 3, 0.670, 324.116

■ 0, 0.670, 324.116

■ 73, 0.670, 324.116

■ 73, 0.670, 324.116

68, 12.668,
324.992

78, 11.118,
143.960

64, 24.754,
325.541

83, 22.614,
143.435

60, 36.736,
326.073

88, 33.777,
142.938

56, 48.341,
326.576

93, 44.591,
142.468

52, 59.211,
327.036

94, 47.053,
142.362

49, 68.914,
327.437

94, 47.053,
142.362

46, 76.995,
327.762

94, 47.053,
142.361

44, 83.065,
328.002

94, 47.052,
142.361

43, 86.924,

94, 47.052,

328.152

142.360

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73, 0.670, 324.116



73, 0.652, 144.775

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73, 0.670, 324.116



73, 0.670, 14.116



73, 0.670, 144.116



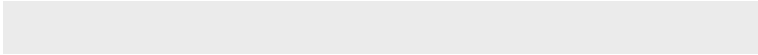
73, 0.670, 194.116

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73, 0.668, 324.113



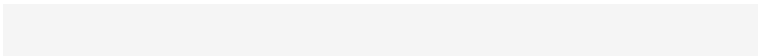
93, 0.011, 296.813



73, 0.541, 289.684



49, 0.007, 296.813



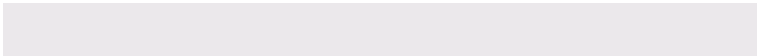
96, 0.011, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73, 0.668, 324.113



92, 1.488, 324.299



73, 0.474, 342.030



38, 0.675, 324.277



36, 78.927, 328.229



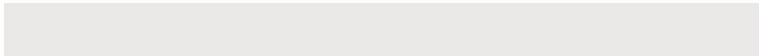
3, 16.261, 324.435

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73, 0.373, 18.069



92, 0.836, 18.716



73, 0.462, 163.520



38, 0.379, 18.643



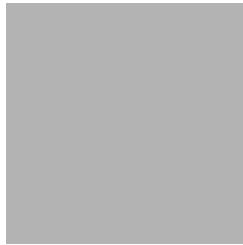
31, 70.927, 39.522



2, 9.156, 19.399

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 73, 0.670, 324.116 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 73, 0.670, 324.116 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

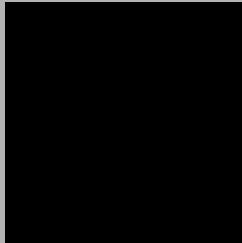
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

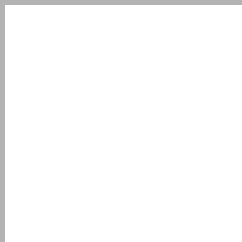
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 73, 0.670, 324.116

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 73, 0.670, 324.116.

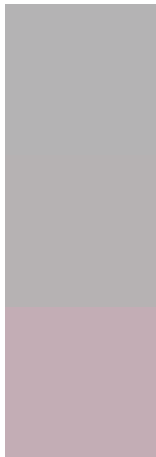


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 73, 0.670, 324.116.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


73, 0.670, 324.116

Protanopia

73, 1.601, 359.429

Deuteranopia

73, 9.382, 352.711



Tritanopia
73, 7.853, 304.310

Trichromacy



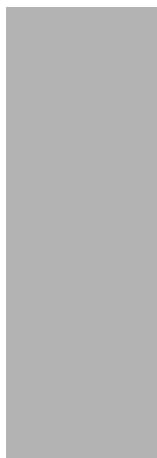
Original Color
73, 0.670, 324.116

Protanomaly
73, 1.256, 353.496

Deuteranomaly
73, 6.205, 348.269

Tritanomaly
73, 5.031, 303.296

Monochromacy



Original Color
73, 0.670, 324.116

Achromatopsia
73, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
73, 0.009, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 73, 0.670, 324.116 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 179, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 179, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 179, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 179, 180) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 73, 0.670, 324.116 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 179, 180) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 179, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 179, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 179, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 179, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 179,  
180) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 73, 0.670, 324.116 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 179, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
179, 180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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