

Converting Colors

CIELCh(73, 1.619, 91.113)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(73, 1.619, 91.113) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(73, 1.656, 96.873)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4B3B0
RGB	180, 179, 176
RGB Percent	71%, 70%, 69%
CMY	0.2935, 0.2974, 0.3092
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.02, 0.29
HSL	45°, 3%, 70%
HSV	45°, 2%, 71%
XYZ	42.8609, 45.1644, 47.6125
YIQ	178.9570, 1.5590, -0.7210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	177, 180, 176
Decimal	11842480
CIELab	73.00, -0.20, 1.64
CIELCh	73, 1.656, 96.873
Yxy	45.1644, 0.3160, 0.3330
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290032560 (0xFFB4B3B0)
YUV	178.9570, -1.4578, 0.9147
Hunter-Lab	67.2044, -3.7661, 5.0378

Details

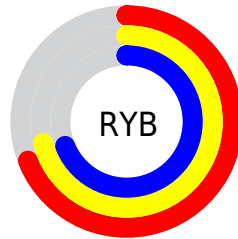
The CIELCh color $73, 1.656, 96.873$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $72, 1.676, 277.645$, and the grayscale version is $73, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $93, 1.571, 96.900$, and $53, 1.213, 90.706$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $71, 9.217, 95.840$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $75, 5.806, 278.190$.

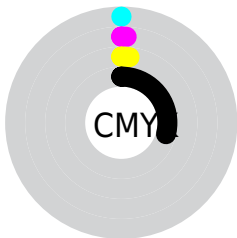
Distribution



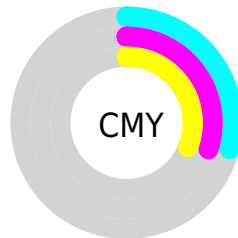
- Red (71%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 73, 1.656, 96.873 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 73, 1.656, 96.873 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 73, 1.656, 96.873

■ 73, 1.656, 96.873

■ 100, 1.656, 96.873

■ 63, 1.656, 96.873

■ 93, 1.656, 96.873

■ 53, 1.656, 96.873

■ 43, 1.656, 96.873

■ 33, 1.656, 96.873

■ 23, 1.656, 96.873

■ 13, 1.656, 96.873

■ 3, 1.656, 96.873

■ 0, 1.656, 96.873

■ 73, 1.656, 96.873

■ 73, 1.656, 96.873

71, 9.217, 95.840

75, 5.806, 278.190

70, 16.860, 94.636

76, 13.169,
279.255

68, 24.556, 93.392

78, 20.433,
280.284

67, 32.247, 92.116

65, 39.822, 90.811

80, 27.600,
281.264

64, 47.087, 89.472

81, 28.919,
279.130

63, 53.710, 88.083

61, 59.182, 86.599

82, 26.870,
274.656

60, 62.862, 84.940

84, 25.007,
269.521

85, 23.371,
263.661

86, 22.007,
257.048

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73, 1.656, 96.873



72, 1.676, 277.645

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73, 1.656, 96.873



73, 1.656, 146.873



73, 1.656, 276.873



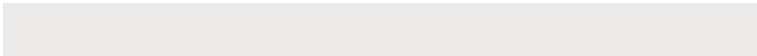
73, 1.656, 326.873

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73, 1.657, 96.928



93, 0.919, 96.941



72, 1.605, 359.434



49, 0.522, 96.935



96, 0.011, 296.813



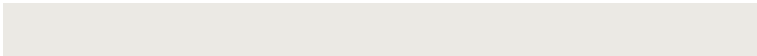
49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73, 1.657, 96.928



92, 2.781, 96.860



73, 2.194, 119.788



38, 1.683, 96.796



51, 57.336, 83.816



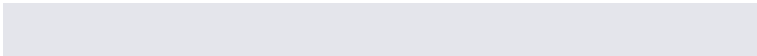
6, 9.251, 90.310

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 1.676, 277.645



91, 2.806, 277.715



72, 2.221, 300.032



37, 1.697, 277.783



23, 74.350, 300.189



2, 10.874, 280.855

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 73, 1.656, 96.873 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 73, 1.656, 96.873 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

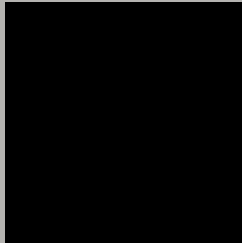
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

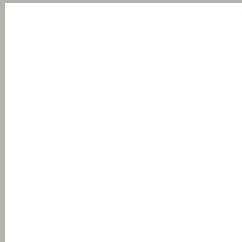
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 73, 1.656, 96.873

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 73, 1.656, 96.873.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 73, 1.656, 96.873.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


73, 1.656, 96.873

Protanopia

73, 2.161, 49.343

Deuteranopia

73, 9.401, 6.905



Tritanopia
73, 7.853, 304.310

Trichromacy



Original Color

73, 1.656, 96.873

Protanomaly

73, 1.842, 55.193

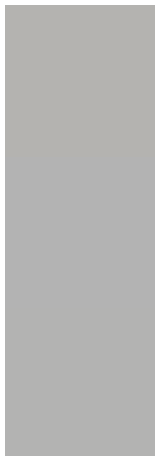
Deuteranomaly

73, 6.168, 9.764

Tritanomaly

73, 4.503, 304.789

Monochromacy



Original Color

73, 1.656, 96.873

Achromatopsia

73, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly

73, 0.533, 110.015

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 73, 1.656, 96.873 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 179, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 179, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 179, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 179, 176) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 73, 1.656, 96.873 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 179, 176) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 179, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 179, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 179, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 179, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 179,  
176) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 73, 1.656, 96.873 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 179, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
179, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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