

Converting Colors

CIELCh(73, 10.973, 12.235)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(73, 10.973, 12.235) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(73, 11.245, 12.090)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | C9ACAF |
| RGB | 201, 172, 175 |
| RGB Percent | 79%, 67%, 69% |
| CMY | 0.2107, 0.3245, 0.3127 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.14, 0.13, 0.21 |
| HSL | 354°, 21%, 73% |
| HSV | 354°, 14%, 79% |
| XYZ | 46.7254, 45.1644, 46.9465 |
| YIQ | 181.0130, 16.3210, 7.0810 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

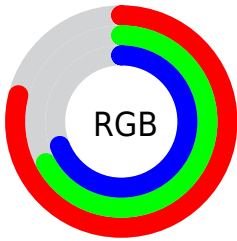
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 201, 172, 175 |
| Decimal | 13216943 |
| CIE Lab | 73.00, 11.00, 2.36 |
| CIE LCh | 73, 11.245, 12.090 |
| Yxy | 45.1644, 0.3366, 0.3253 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4291407023 (0xFFC9ACAF) |
| YUV | 181.0130, -2.9644, 17.5286 |
| Hunter-Lab | 67.2044, 6.4984, 5.6253 |

Details

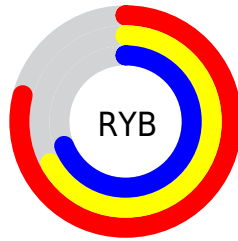
The CIELCh color $73, 11.245, 12.090$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be $79, 10.441, 189.814$, and the grayscale version is $74, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $93, 10.277, 11.462$, and $53, 11.228, 11.862$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $68, 19.653, 13.230$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $79, 3.332, 11.074$.

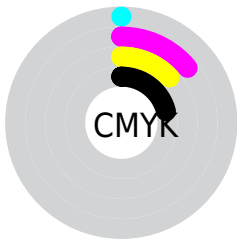
Distribution



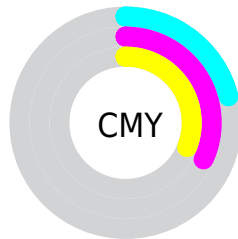
- Red (79%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 73, 11.245, 12.090 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 73, 11.245, 12.090 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

73, 11.245, 12.090

73, 11.245, 12.090

100, 11.245,
12.090

63, 11.245, 12.090

93, 11.245, 12.090

53, 11.245, 12.090

43, 11.245, 12.090

33, 11.245, 12.090

23, 11.245, 12.090

13, 11.245, 12.090

3, 11.245, 12.090

0, 11.245, 12.090

73, 11.245, 12.090

73, 11.245, 12.090

68, 19.653, 13.230

79, 3.332, 11.074

62, 28.512, 14.616

84, 4.078, 190.607

57, 37.705, 16.353

90, 11.009,
189.880

53, 47.030, 18.558

96, 17.501,
189.309

49, 56.203, 21.364

46, 64.906, 24.879

96, 17.713,
198.332

44, 72.851, 29.091

42, 79.735, 33.671

42, 83.072, 35.941

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73, 11.245, 12.090



79, 10.441, 189.814

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73, 11.245, 12.090



73, 11.245, 62.090



73, 11.245, 192.090



73, 11.245, 242.090

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73, 11.243, 12.099



97, 3.657, 11.030



73, 18.344, 321.915



51, 2.605, 11.121



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73, 11.243, 12.099



89, 16.217, 12.398



76, 9.134, 60.440



39, 4.311, 11.591



34, 70.516, 35.232



3, 15.974, 14.062

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73, 11.243, 12.099



89, 16.217, 12.398



76, 8.572, 243.528



39, 4.311, 11.591



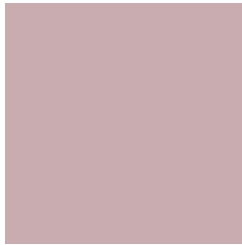
34, 70.516, 35.232



3, 15.974, 14.062

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 73, 11.245, 12.090 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

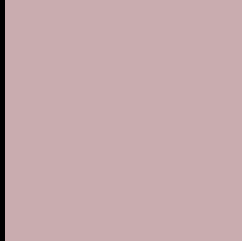
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 73, 11.245, 12.090 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 73, 11.245, 12.090

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 73, 11.245, 12.090.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 73, 11.245, 12.090.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

73, 11.245, 12.090

Protanopia

73, 1.958, 3.250

Deuteranopia

73, 9.635, 13.769



Tritanopia
73, 13.647, 349.624

Trichromacy



Original Color
73, 11.245, 12.090

Protanomaly
73, 5.409, 8.251

Deuteranomaly
73, 10.022, 14.058

Tritanomaly
73, 12.943, 355.882

Monochromacy



Original Color
73, 11.245, 12.090

Achromatopsia
74, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
73, 3.809, 11.441

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 73, 11.245, 12.090 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 172, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 172, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 172, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 172, 175) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 73, 11.245, 12.090 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 172, 175) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 172, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 172, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 172, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 172, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 172,  
175) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 73, 11.245, 12.090 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 172, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
172, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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