

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(73, 14.547, 198.266)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(73, 14.547, 198.266)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(73, 14.629, 198.284)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	91BBBB
RGB	145, 187, 187
RGB Percent	57%, 73%, 73%
CMY	0.4313, 0.2665, 0.2665
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	180°, 24%, 65%
HSV	180°, 22%, 73%
XYZ	38.4312, 45.1644, 53.7221
YIQ	174.4420, -25.0320, -8.9040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

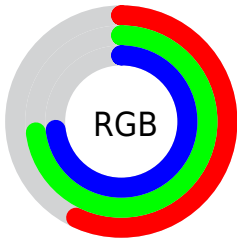
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	145, 166, 187
Decimal	9550779
CIE Lab	73.00, -13.89, -4.59
CIE LCh	73, 14.629, 198.284
Yxy	45.1644, 0.2799, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287740859 (0xFF91BBBB)
YUV	174.4420, 6.1911, -25.8206
Hunter-Lab	67.2044, -15.5318, -0.3523

# Details

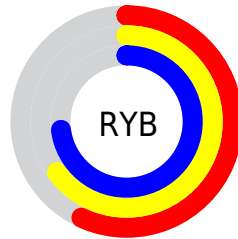
The CIELCh color **73, 14.629, 198.284** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **64, 16.957, 21.048**, and the grayscale version is **71, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 14.464, 198.507**, and **53, 14.788, 197.947** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72, 20.379, 197.825**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74, 8.364, 198.797**.

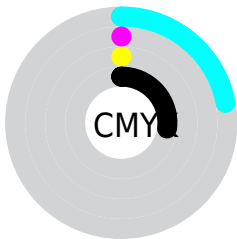
# Distribution



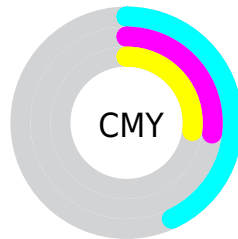
- Red (57%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)




- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 73, 14.629, 198.284 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 73, 14.629, 198.284 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 73, 14.629,  
198.284

 73, 14.629,  
198.284

 100, 14.629,  
198.284

 63, 14.629,  
198.284


 93, 14.629,  
198.284

 53, 14.629,  
198.284

 43, 14.629,  
198.284

 33, 14.629,  
198.284

 23, 14.629,  
198.284

 13, 14.629,  
198.284

 3, 14.629, 198.284

0, 14.629, 198.284

73, 14.629,  
198.284

73, 14.629,  
198.284

72, 20.379,  
197.825

74, 8.364, 198.797

71, 25.503,  
197.431

76, 1.690, 199.575

77, 5.291, 19.729

70, 29.902,  
197.099

79, 12.489, 20.374

70, 33.496,  
196.832

80, 19.828, 20.996

82, 26.352, 21.544

69, 36.242,  
196.630

82, 26.352, 21.543

69, 38.137,  
196.491

82, 26.352, 21.542

■ 69, 39.238,  
196.411

■ 82, 26.352, 21.540

■ 69, 39.702,  
196.377

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73, 14.629, 198.284



64, 16.957, 21.048

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73, 14.629, 198.284



73, 14.629, 248.284



73, 14.629, 18.284



73, 14.629, 68.284

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73, 14.630, 198.279



94, 5.878, 199.122



72, 27.758, 142.580



51, 3.845, 199.081



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73, 14.630, 198.279



91, 21.326, 198.046



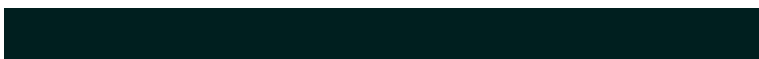
67, 13.294, 256.821



39, 3.863, 198.977



59, 35.061, 196.377



9, 11.663, 196.732



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 16.957, 21.048



78, 25.634, 21.576



69, 14.196, 70.882



37, 4.096, 19.913



32, 72.800, 39.662

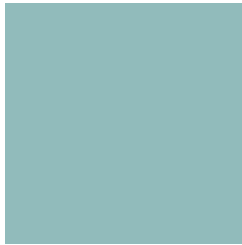


3, 12.251, 19.401



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 73, 14.629, 198.284 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

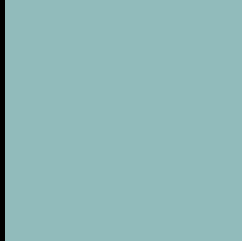
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 73, 14.629, 198.284 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

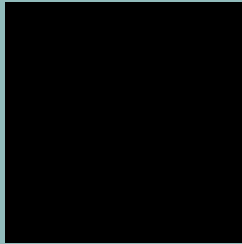
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

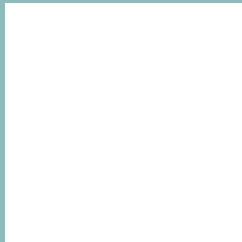
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 73, 14.629, 198.284

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 73, 14.629, 198.284.

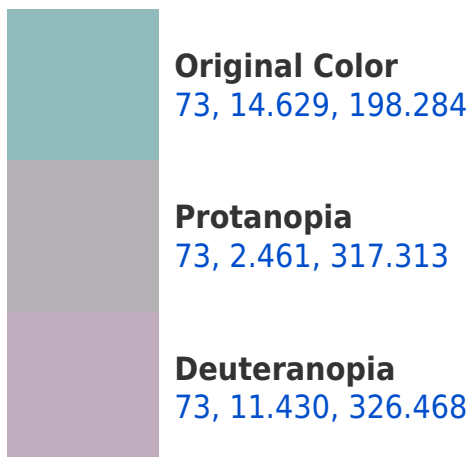


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 73, 14.629, 198.284.

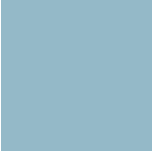
# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
73, 14.704, 232.430

# Trichromacy



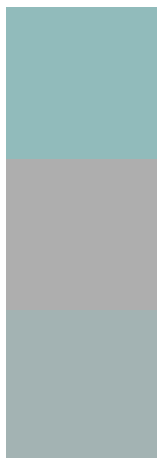
**Original Color**  
73, 14.629, 198.284

**Protanomaly**  
73, 4.968, 218.329

**Deuteranomaly**  
73, 6.129, 277.102

**Tritanomaly**  
73, 14.071, 218.899

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
73, 14.629, 198.284

**Achromatopsia**  
71, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
72, 5.844, 199.010

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 73, 14.629, 198.284 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 187, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 187, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 187, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 187, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 73, 14.629, 198.284 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 187, 187) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 187, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 187, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 187, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 187, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 187,  
187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 73, 14.629, 198.284 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 187, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
187, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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