

Converting Colors

CIELCh(73, 2.389, 121.144)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(73, 2.389, 121.144) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(73, 2.811, 125.397)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B2B4AF
RGB	178, 180, 175
RGB Percent	70%, 71%, 69%
CMY	0.3022, 0.2944, 0.3140
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.03, 0.29
HSL	84°, 3%, 70%
HSV	84°, 3%, 71%
XYZ	42.3831, 45.1644, 47.0060
YIQ	178.8320, 0.4130, -1.9790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

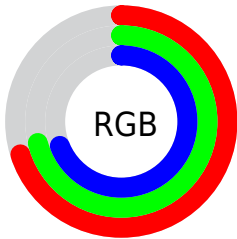
Format	Color
RYB	175, 180, 177
Decimal	11711663
CIELab	73.00, -1.63, 2.29
CIELCh	73, 2.811, 125.397
Yxy	45.1644, 0.3150, 0.3357
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289901743 (0xFFB2B4AF)
YUV	178.8320, -1.8892, -0.7297
Hunter-Lab	67.2044, -5.0351, 5.5728

Details

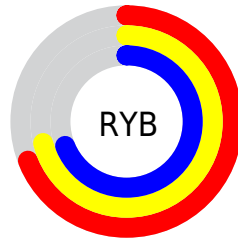
The CIELCh color $73, 2.811, 125.397$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $72, 2.842, 305.623$, and the grayscale version is $73, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $93, 3.168, 122.934$, and $53, 2.447, 128.973$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $72, 12.970, 124.898$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $74, 7.319, 305.838$.

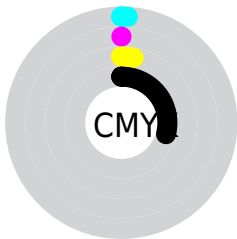
Distribution



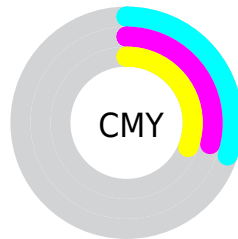
- Red (70%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 73, 2.811, 125.397 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 73, 2.811, 125.397 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 73, 2.811, 125.397

■ 73, 2.811, 125.397

■ 100, 2.811,
125.397

■ 63, 2.811, 125.397

■ 93, 2.811, 125.397

■ 53, 2.811, 125.397

■ 43, 2.811, 125.397

■ 33, 2.811, 125.397

■ 23, 2.811, 125.397

■ 13, 2.811, 125.397

■ 3, 2.811, 125.397

■ 0, 2.811, 125.397

■ 73, 2.811, 125.397

■ 73, 2.811, 125.397

72, 12.970,
124.898

74, 7.319, 305.838

71, 23.094,
124.386

75, 17.383,
306.276

70, 33.100,
123.873

76, 27.349,
306.677

69, 42.867,
123.386

78, 37.196,
307.042

69, 52.217,
122.965

79, 41.877,
308.961

68, 60.889,
122.676

79, 42.510,
312.137

68, 68.525,
122.610

80, 43.261,
315.257

67, 74.691,
122.884

81, 44.127,
318.303

67, 79.012,

81, 45.106,
321.261

123.608

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73, 2.811, 125.397



72, 2.842, 305.623

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73, 2.811, 125.397



73, 2.811, 175.397



73, 2.811, 305.397



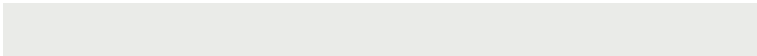
73, 2.811, 355.397

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73, 2.813, 125.412



93, 1.248, 125.544



72, 1.554, 63.354



49, 0.709, 125.551



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73, 2.813, 125.412



93, 3.766, 125.396



73, 3.205, 141.647



38, 2.279, 125.359



57, 71.957, 124.125



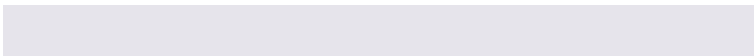
7, 14.174, 129.483

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 2.842, 305.623



91, 3.805, 305.638



72, 3.223, 321.780



37, 2.302, 305.676



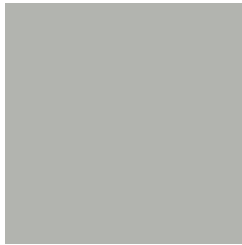
21, 86.874, 310.030



1, 13.652, 302.145

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 73, 2.811, 125.397 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

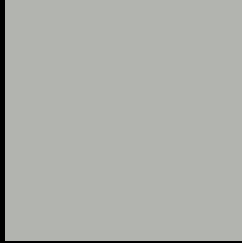
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 73, 2.811, 125.397 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

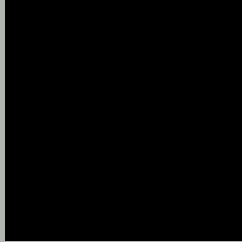
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

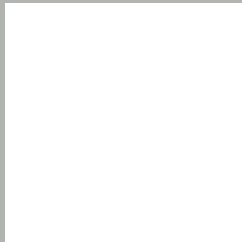
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 73, 2.811, 125.397

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 73, 2.811, 125.397.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 73, 2.811, 125.397.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


73, 2.811, 125.397

Protanopia

73, 2.859, 68.492

Deuteranopia

73, 9.309, 10.155



Tritanopia
73, 7.709, 299.038

Trichromacy



Original Color
73, 2.811, 125.397

Protanomaly
73, 2.797, 94.221

Deuteranomaly
73, 5.314, 19.761

Tritanomaly
73, 3.832, 296.067

Monochromacy



Original Color
73, 2.811, 125.397

Achromatopsia
73, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
73, 0.533, 110.015

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 73, 2.811, 125.397 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 180, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 180, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 180, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 180, 175) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 73, 2.811, 125.397 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 180, 175) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 180, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 180, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 180, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 180, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 180,  
175) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 73, 2.811, 125.397 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 180, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
180, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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