

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(73, 29.453, 7.869)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(73, 29.453, 7.869) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(73, 29.674, 7.697)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E99FAD
RGB	233, 159, 173
RGB Percent	91%, 62%, 68%
CMY	0.0861, 0.3763, 0.3214
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.26, 0.09
HSL	349°, 63%, 77%
HSV	349°, 32%, 91%
XYZ	53.5753, 45.1644, 45.4534
YIQ	182.7220, 39.6100, 20.0420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

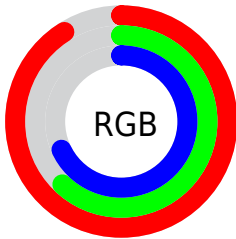
Format	Color
RYB	233, 159, 173
Decimal	15310765
CIELab	73.00, 29.41, 3.97
CIELCh	73, 29.674, 7.697
Yxy	45.1644, 0.3716, 0.3132
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293500845 (0xFFE99FAD)
YUV	182.7220, -4.7929, 44.0938
Hunter-Lab	67.2044, 24.6922, 6.9426

# Details

The CIELCh color  $73, 29.674, 7.697$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be  $87, 25.840, 181.138$ , and the grayscale version is  $74, 0.009, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $89, 16.567, 354.713$ , and  $53, 29.589, 7.762$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $67, 39.730, 9.394$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $79, 19.863, 6.316$ .

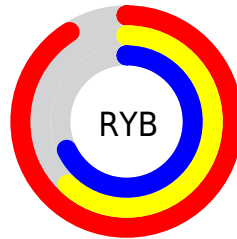
# Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (62%)

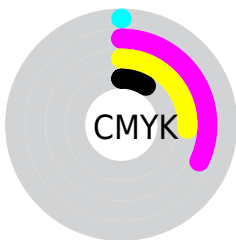
Blue (68%)



Red (91%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (68%)

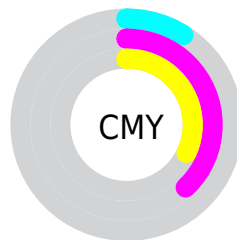


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 73, 29.674, 7.697 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 73, 29.674, 7.697 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 73, 29.674, 7.697

 73, 29.674, 7.697

 100, 29.674, 7.697

 63, 29.674, 7.697

 93, 29.674, 7.697

 53, 29.674, 7.697

 43, 29.674, 7.697

 33, 29.674, 7.697

 23, 29.674, 7.697

 13, 29.674, 7.697

 3, 29.674, 7.697

 0, 29.674, 7.697

 73, 29.674, 7.697

 73, 29.674, 7.697

67, 39.730, 9.394

79, 19.863, 6.316

62, 49.792, 11.509

85, 10.456, 5.149

58, 59.507, 14.184

91, 1.519, 3.862

54, 68.483, 17.575

98, 6.928, 183.496

51, 76.407, 21.797

98, 7.504, 199.019

50, 83.189, 26.800

49, 88.139, 31.121

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73, 29.674, 7.697



87, 25.840, 181.138

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73, 29.674, 7.697



73, 29.674, 57.697



73, 29.674, 187.697



73, 29.674, 237.697

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73, 29.671, 7.700



93, 9.527, 4.964



73, 44.849, 320.222



49, 6.524, 5.118



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73, 29.671, 7.700



75, 38.674, 8.748



78, 24.275, 49.685



46, 5.050, 4.902



38, 72.320, 30.172



7, 27.928, 14.909





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73, 29.671, 7.700



75, 38.674, 8.748



82, 19.987, 234.806



46, 5.050, 4.902



38, 72.320, 30.172



7, 27.928, 14.909



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 73, 29.674, 7.697 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

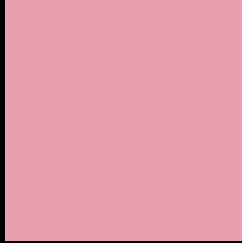
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 73, 29.674, 7.697 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

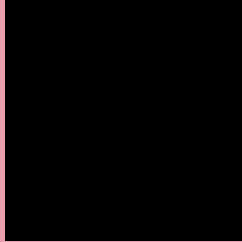
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 73, 29.674, 7.697**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 73, 29.674, 7.697.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 73, 29.674, 7.697.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

73, 29.674, 7.697

### Protanopia

73, 2.828, 305.604

### Deuteranopia

73, 10.595, 29.001



**Tritanopia**  
73, 29.557, 9.749



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
73, 29.674, 7.697

**Protanomaly**  
73, 11.479, 358.288

**Deuteranomaly**  
73, 17.201, 15.555

**Tritanomaly**  
73, 29.610, 8.721

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
73, 29.674, 7.697

**Achromatopsia**  
74, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
74, 10.630, 5.621

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 73, 29.674, 7.697 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 159, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 159, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 159, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 159, 173) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 73, 29.674, 7.697 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 159, 173) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 159, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 159, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 159, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 159, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 159,  
173) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 73, 29.674, 7.697 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 159, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
159, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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