

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(73, 29.925, 259.146)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(73, 29.925, 259.146)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(73, 29.633, 258.794)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	82B9E8
RGB	130, 185, 232
RGB Percent	51%, 73%, 91%
CMY	0.4909, 0.2752, 0.0910
CMYK	0.44, 0.20, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	208°, 69%, 71%
HSV	208°, 44%, 91%
XYZ	41.0230, 45.1644, 82.7514
YIQ	173.9130, -47.8670, 2.9570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

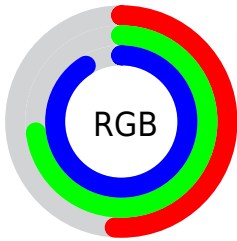
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	130, 166, 232
Decimal	8567272
CIE Lab	73.00, -5.76, -29.07
CIE LCh	73, 29.633, 258.794
Yxy	45.1644, 0.2428, 0.2673
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286757352 (0xFF82B9E8)
YUV	173.9130, 28.6369, -38.5117
Hunter-Lab	67.2044, -8.6476, -25.9629

# Details

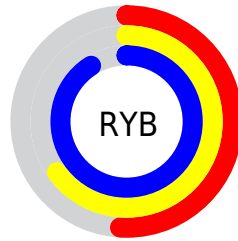
The CIELCh color **73, 29.633, 258.794** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **76, 34.797, 65.879**, and the grayscale version is **71, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92, 18.630, 221.426**, and **53, 29.538, 258.807** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69, 35.841, 261.588**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77, 23.201, 256.460**.

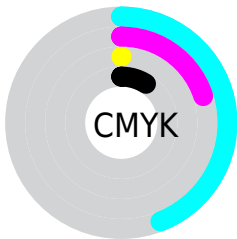
# Distribution



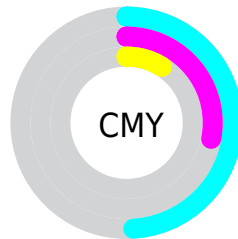
- Red (51%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 73, 29.633, 258.794 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 73, 29.633, 258.794 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 73, 29.633,  
258.794

■ 73, 29.633,  
258.794

■ 100, 29.633,  
258.794

■ 63, 29.633,  
258.794

■ 93, 29.633,  
258.794

■ 53, 29.633,  
258.794

■ 43, 29.633,  
258.794

■ 33, 29.633,  
258.794

■ 23, 29.633,  
258.794

■ 13, 29.633,  
258.794

■ 3, 29.633, 258.794

0, 29.633, 258.794

73, 29.633,  
258.794

73, 29.633,  
258.794

69, 35.841,  
261.588

77, 23.201,  
256.460

65, 41.837,  
264.901

81, 16.565,  
254.522

61, 47.673,  
268.757

86, 9.757, 252.921

58, 53.446,  
273.114

90, 2.814, 251.680

95, 4.228, 70.278

54, 59.289,  
277.840

98, 8.947, 95.206

52, 62.906,  
280.678

99, 11.741,  
109.290



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73, 29.633, 258.794



76, 34.797, 65.879

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73, 29.633, 258.794



73, 29.633, 308.794



73, 29.633, 78.794



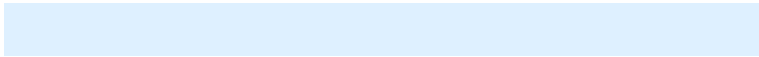
73, 29.633, 128.794

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73, 29.632, 258.793



94, 9.797, 252.788



85, 45.930, 156.678



49, 6.842, 253.110



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



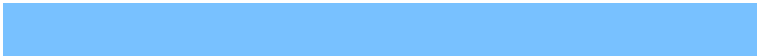


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73, 29.632, 258.793



76, 38.048, 261.369



60, 54.671, 294.462



46, 3.942, 252.297



41, 50.913, 279.805



9, 18.497, 270.766



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 47.377, 345.891



68, 60.754, 347.165



89, 49.140, 103.640



45, 6.011, 342.314



39, 65.430, 358.214



7, 28.040, 352.018



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 73, 29.633, 258.794 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

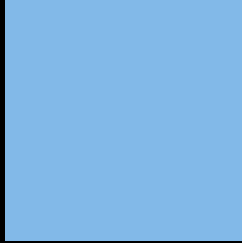
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 73, 29.633, 258.794 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

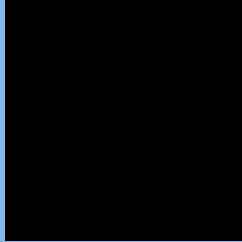
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 73, 29.633, 258.794

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 73, 29.633, 258.794.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 73, 29.633, 258.794.

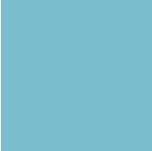
# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

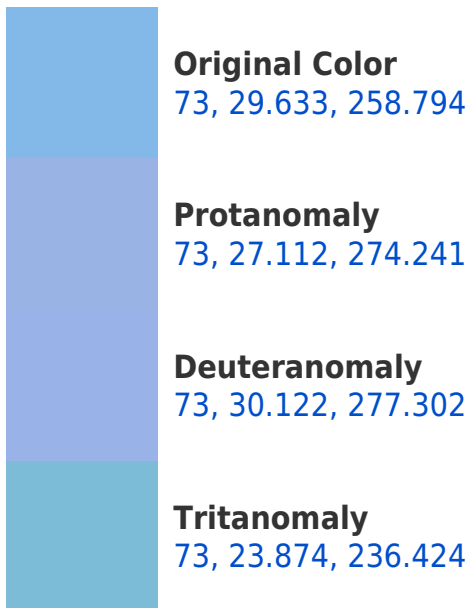






**Tritanopia**  
73, 22.708, 219.100

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 73, 29.633, 258.794 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 185, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 185, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 185, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 185, 232) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 73, 29.633, 258.794 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 185, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 185, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 185, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 185, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 185, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 185,  
232) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 73, 29.633, 258.794 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 185, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
185, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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