

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(73, 39.610, 270.921)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(73, 39.610, 270.921)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(73, 39.629, 271.128)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

# **Color**

**CIELCh(73, 39.629, 271.128)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	80B6FB
RGB	128, 182, 251
RGB Percent	50%, 71%, 98%
CMY	0.4969, 0.2852, 0.0145
CMYK	0.49, 0.27, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	214°, 94%, 74%
HSV	214°, 49%, 99%
XYZ	43.1898, 45.1644, 97.9516
YIQ	173.7200, -54.3330, 10.0110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

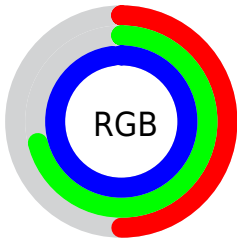
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">128, 166, 251</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8435451</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">73.00, 0.78, -39.62</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">73, 39.629, 271.128</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">45.1644, 0.2318, 0.2424</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286625531 (0xFF80B6FB)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">173.7200, 38.0990, -40.0964</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">67.2044, -2.8924, -39.3731</a>

# Details

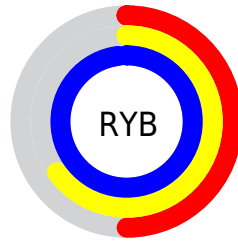
The CIELCh color **73, 39.629, 271.128** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **83, 43.242, 75.175**, and the grayscale version is **71, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91, 18.637, 226.864**, and **53, 39.779, 271.281** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68, 47.691, 274.141**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78, 31.565, 268.553**.

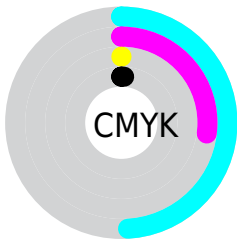
# Distribution



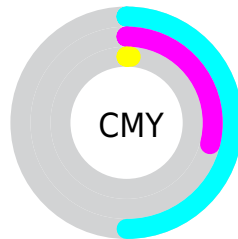
- Red (50%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)




- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (1%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 73, 39.629, 271.128 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 73, 39.629, 271.128 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 73, 39.629,  
271.128


 73, 39.629,  
271.128


 100, 39.629,  
271.128


 63, 39.629,  
271.128


 93, 39.629,  
271.128

 53, 39.629,  
271.128

 43, 39.629,  
271.128

 33, 39.629,  
271.128

 23, 39.629,  
271.128

 13, 39.629,  
271.128

 3, 39.629, 271.128

0, 39.629, 271.128

73, 39.629,  
271.128

73, 39.629,  
271.128

68, 47.691,  
274.141

78, 31.565,  
268.553

63, 55.803,  
277.608

83, 23.481,  
266.371

58, 64.041,  
281.493

89, 15.376,  
264.530

54, 72.483,  
285.678

94, 7.261, 262.990

50, 81.161,  
289.921

99, 0.845, 81.154

100, 1.868,  
109.997

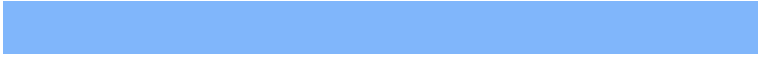
50, 82.093,  
290.342



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



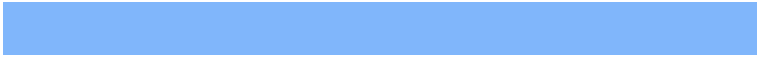
73, 39.629, 271.128



83, 43.242, 75.175

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73, 39.629, 271.128



73, 39.629, 321.128



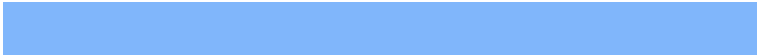
73, 39.629, 91.128



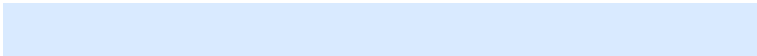
73, 39.629, 141.128

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73, 39.628, 271.128



92, 12.321, 263.889



91, 49.662, 161.137



48, 8.405, 264.227



0, 0.000, 0.000



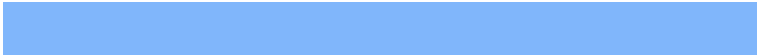
53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73, 39.628, 271.128



69, 48.305, 274.174



60, 69.356, 298.628



49, 4.594, 263.066



38, 64.983, 289.569



10, 25.599, 283.189



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 53.115, 352.832



65, 63.601, 354.732



96, 60.568, 107.843



49, 6.033, 347.879



40, 67.343, 7.972

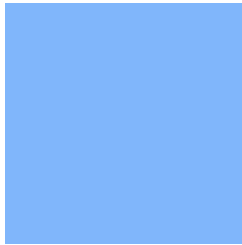


10, 30.623, 1.163



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 73, 39.629, 271.128 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

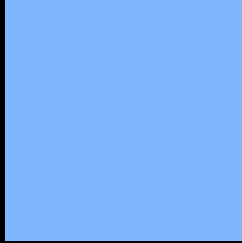
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 73, 39.629, 271.128 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

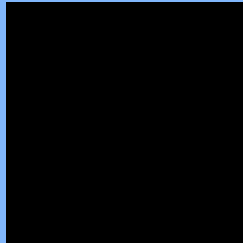
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

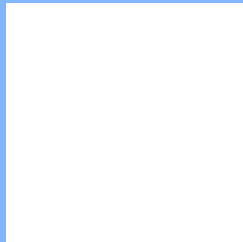
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 73, 39.629, 271.128

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 73, 39.629, 271.128.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 73, 39.629, 271.128.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
73, 39.629, 271.128

**Protanopia**  
73, 38.247, 285.085

**Deuteranopia**  
73, 41.597, 283.833



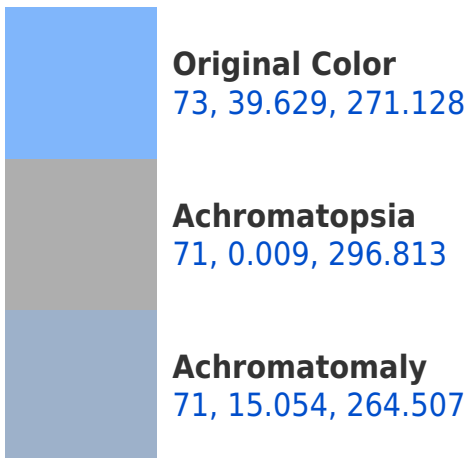


**Tritanopia**  
73, 24.877, 217.022

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 73, 39.629, 271.128 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 182, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 182, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 182, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 182, 251) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 73, 39.629, 271.128 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 182, 251) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 182, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 182, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 182, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 182, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 182,  
251) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 73, 39.629, 271.128 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 182, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
182, 251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor