

Converting Colors

CIELCh(73, 49.544, 355.721)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(73, 49.544, 355.721)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(72, 48.167, 354.173)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | FE8DBB |
| RGB | 254, 141, 187 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 55%, 73% |
| CMY | 0.0046, 0.4472, 0.2669 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.44, 0.26, 0.00 |
| HSL | 336°, 98%, 77% |
| HSV | 336°, 44%, 100% |
| XYZ | 59.2938, 43.6590, 52.2835 |
| YIQ | 180.0310, 52.5820, 38.2620 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

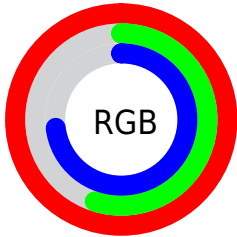
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 254, 141, 187 |
| Decimal | 16682427 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 72.00, 47.92, -4.89 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 72, 48.167, 354.173 |
| Yxy | 43.6590, 0.3820, 0.2812 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294872507 (0xFFFE8DBB) |
| YUV | 180.0310, 3.4357, 64.8708 |
| Hunter-Lab | 66.0750, 44.5495, -0.6622 |

Details

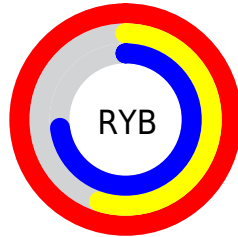
The CIELCh color $72, 48.167, 354.173$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FF99CC`. A complement of this color would be $92, 44.282, 164.212$, and the grayscale version is $73, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $86, 31.560, 332.232$, and $52, 48.428, 354.087$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $67, 58.374, 355.990$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $78, 37.340, 352.673$.

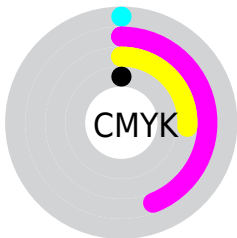
Distribution



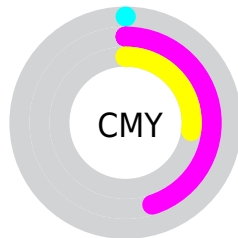
- Red (100%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (27%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 72, 48.167, 354.173 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 72, 48.167, 354.173 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 72, 48.167,
354.173


 72, 48.167,
354.173


 100, 48.167,
354.173


 62, 48.167,
354.173


 92, 48.167,
354.173

 52, 48.167,
354.173

 42, 48.167,
354.173

 32, 48.167,
354.173

 22, 48.167,
354.173

 12, 48.167,
354.173

 2, 48.167, 354.173

0, 48.167, 354.173

72, 48.167,
354.173

72, 48.167,
354.173

67, 58.374,
355.990

78, 37.340,
352.673

62, 67.444,
358.239

84, 26.313,
351.399

59, 74.822, 1.080

90, 15.368,
350.288

56, 80.111, 4.698

97, 4.678, 349.246

55, 83.326, 9.243

100, 0.404,
201.021

54, 84.580, 12.075

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72, 48.167, 354.173



92, 44.282, 164.212

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72, 48.167, 354.173



72, 48.167, 44.173



72, 48.167, 174.173



72, 48.167, 224.173

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72, 48.164, 354.175



91, 13.827, 350.135



69, 64.948, 313.963



47, 9.706, 350.366



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72, 48.164, 354.175



68, 57.139, 355.701



73, 43.591, 29.944



50, 6.015, 349.777



41, 68.241, 11.088



10, 31.316, 4.160

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 48.164, 354.175



68, 57.139, 355.701



91, 31.054, 206.655



50, 6.015, 349.777



41, 68.241, 11.088



10, 31.316, 4.160

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 48.167, 354.173 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

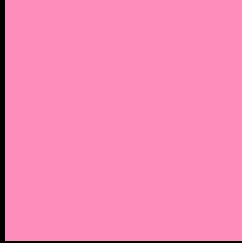
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 72, 48.167, 354.173 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 72, 48.167, 354.173

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 48.167, 354.173.

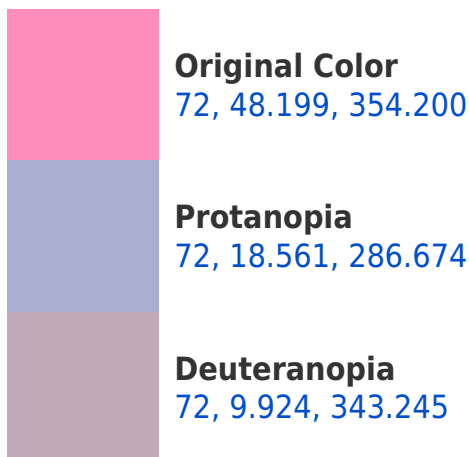


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 72, 48.167, 354.173.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
72, 42.292, 15.856

Trichromacy



Original Color
72, 48.199, 354.200

Protanomaly
71, 24.725, 324.728

Deuteranomaly
71, 24.128, 349.173

Tritanomaly
72, 43.684, 7.140

Monochromacy



Original Color
72, 48.199, 354.200

Achromatopsia
73, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
72, 18.021, 350.389

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 72, 48.167, 354.173 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 141, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 141, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 141, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 141, 187) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 72, 48.167, 354.173 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 141, 187) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 141, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 141, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 141, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 141, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 141,  
187) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 72, 48.167, 354.173 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 141, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
141, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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