

Converting Colors

CIELCh(73, 5.300, 174.874)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(73, 5.300, 174.874) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(73, 5.297, 174.866)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9B6B2
RGB	169, 182, 178
RGB Percent	66%, 71%, 70%
CMY	0.3368, 0.2858, 0.3015
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.02, 0.29
HSL	162°, 8%, 69%
HSV	162°, 7%, 71%
XYZ	41.1806, 45.1644, 48.7220
YIQ	177.6570, -6.4640, -4.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

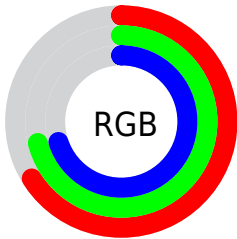
Format	Color
RYB	169, 177, 182
Decimal	11122354
CIELab	73.00, -5.28, 0.47
CIELCh	73, 5.297, 174.866
Yxy	45.1644, 0.3049, 0.3344
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289312434 (0xFFA9B6B2)
YUV	177.6570, 0.1691, -7.5922
Hunter-Lab	67.2044, -8.2292, 4.0589

Details

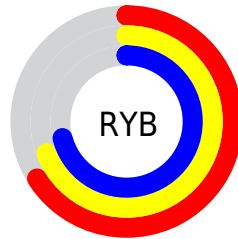
The CIELCh color $73, 5.297, 174.866$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $70, 5.408, 355.998$, and the grayscale version is $72, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $93, 5.360, 176.520$, and $53, 5.284, 172.937$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $72, 12.621, 173.850$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $75, 2.137, 355.459$.

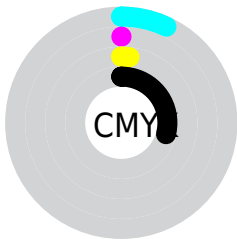
Distribution



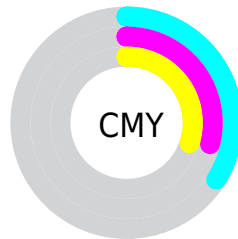
- Red (66%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 73, 5.297, 174.866 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 73, 5.297, 174.866 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 73, 5.297, 174.866

■ 73, 5.297, 174.866

■ 100, 5.297,
174.866

■ 63, 5.297, 174.866

■ 93, 5.297, 174.866

■ 53, 5.297, 174.866

■ 43, 5.297, 174.866

■ 33, 5.297, 174.866

■ 23, 5.297, 174.866

■ 13, 5.297, 174.866

■ 3, 5.297, 174.866

■ 0, 5.297, 174.866

■ 73, 5.297, 174.866

■ 73, 5.297, 174.866

72, 12.621,
173.850

75, 2.137, 355.459

70, 19.731,
172.805

76, 9.603, 356.461

69, 26.515,
171.675

78, 17.034,
357.278

68, 32.850,
170.437

80, 24.382,
358.044

68, 38.618,
169.067

81, 29.843,
357.054

67, 43.715,
167.541

82, 30.953,
351.955

66, 48.071,
165.834

82, 32.308,
347.269

66, 51.671,
163.932

82, 33.879,
343.016

66, 54.591,

82, 35.635,
339.187

161.849

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73, 5.297, 174.866



70, 5.408, 355.998

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73, 5.297, 174.866



73, 5.297, 224.866



73, 5.297, 354.866



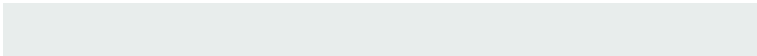
73, 5.297, 44.866

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73, 5.299, 174.855



93, 1.840, 175.529



73, 7.825, 134.928



50, 1.054, 175.555



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73, 5.299, 174.855



92, 8.267, 174.650



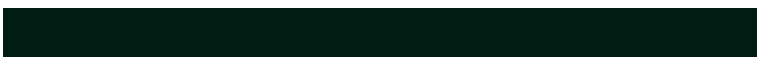
72, 4.071, 217.821



38, 4.226, 174.631



57, 49.066, 161.553



8, 12.570, 167.980

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 5.408, 355.998



88, 8.481, 356.213



71, 4.253, 37.359



36, 4.338, 356.233



32, 60.150, 19.569



2, 11.238, 1.355

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 73, 5.297, 174.866 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 73, 5.297, 174.866 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

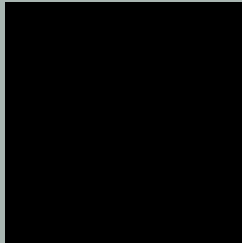
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

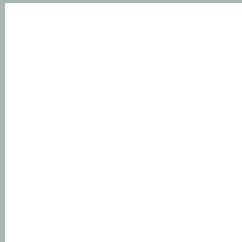
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 73, 5.297, 174.866

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 73, 5.297, 174.866.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 73, 5.297, 174.866.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

73, 5.297, 174.866

Protanopia

73, 2.161, 49.343

Deuteranopia

73, 9.505, 356.736



Tritanopia
73, 8.061, 270.169

Trichromacy



Original Color
73, 5.297, 174.866

Protanomaly
73, 1.143, 129.116

Deuteranomaly
73, 4.111, 356.344

Tritanomaly
73, 5.192, 246.412

Monochromacy



Original Color
73, 5.297, 174.866

Achromatopsia
73, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
73, 1.587, 179.605

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 73, 5.297, 174.866 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 182, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 182, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 182, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 182, 178) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 73, 5.297, 174.866 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 182, 178) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 182, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 182, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 182, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 182, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 182,  
178) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 73, 5.297, 174.866 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 182, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
182, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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