

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(73, 51.263, 307.317)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(73, 51.263, 307.317)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(73, 51.432, 307.355)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

**Color**

**CIELCh(73, 51.432, 307.355)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C6A2FE
RGB	198, 162, 254
RGB Percent	78%, 64%, 100%
CMY	0.2223, 0.3636, 0.0027
CMYK	0.22, 0.36, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	263°, 99%, 82%
HSV	263°, 36%, 100%
XYZ	54.2788, 45.1644, 99.8843
YIQ	183.2520, -8.0760, 36.2440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

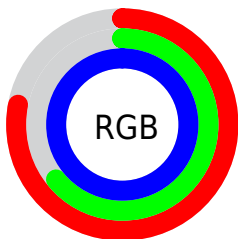
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	198, 162, 254
Decimal	13017854
CIE Lab	73.00, 31.21, -40.88
CIE LCh	73, 51.432, 307.355
Yxy	45.1644, 0.2723, 0.2266
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291207934 (0xFFC6A2FE)
YUV	183.2520, 34.8788, 12.9340
Hunter-Lab	67.2044, 26.5606, -41.0781

# Details

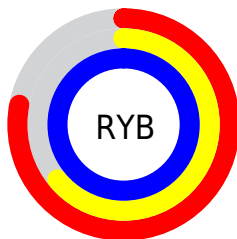
The CIELCh color **73, 51.432, 307.355** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99FF**. A complement of this color would be **95, 48.167, 123.316**, and the grayscale version is **74, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91, 23.800, 325.253**, and **53, 51.385, 307.140** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 66.419, 308.068**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80, 36.684, 306.678**.

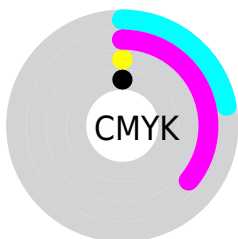
# Distribution



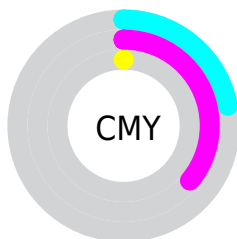
- Red (78%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 73, 51.432, 307.355 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 73, 51.432, 307.355 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 73, 51.432,  
307.355


 73, 51.432,  
307.355


 100, 51.432,  
307.355


 63, 51.432,  
307.355


 93, 51.432,  
307.355

 53, 51.432,  
307.355

 43, 51.432,  
307.355

 33, 51.432,  
307.355

 23, 51.432,  
307.355

 13, 51.432,  
307.355

 3, 51.432, 307.355

■ 0, 51.432, 307.355

■ 73, 51.432,  
307.355

■ 73, 51.432,  
307.355

■ 66, 66.419,  
308.068

■ 80, 36.684,  
306.678

■ 59, 81.369,  
308.778

■ 88, 22.319,  
306.055

■ 52, 95.770,  
309.420

■ 95, 8.394, 305.489

■ 47, 108.777,  
309.885

100, 0.337,  
109.923

■ 42, 119.213,  
310.029

■ 39, 125.900,  
309.706

■ 38,127.702,  
309.509

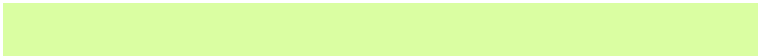
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73, 51.432, 307.355



95, 48.167, 123.316

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73, 51.432, 307.355



73, 51.432, 357.355



73, 51.432, 127.355



73, 51.432, 177.355

# Sweetspot

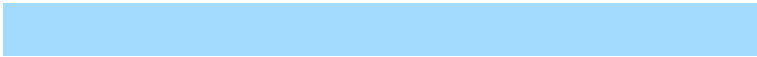
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73, 51.430, 307.355



92, 15.076, 305.756



85, 24.932, 247.106



48, 10.152, 305.832



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73, 51.430, 307.355



68, 61.768, 307.839



77, 55.835, 322.957



49, 7.773, 305.672



27, 102.852, 309.689



5, 44.888, 309.968



# Inverse Universe

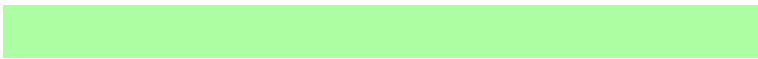
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77, 44.085, 341.305



74, 52.201, 342.023



93, 55.397, 138.988



50, 6.879, 338.914



42, 70.634, 352.238

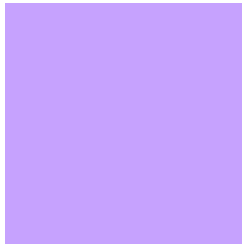


11, 33.290, 348.347



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 73, 51.432, 307.355 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

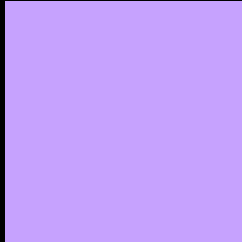
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 73, 51.432, 307.355 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

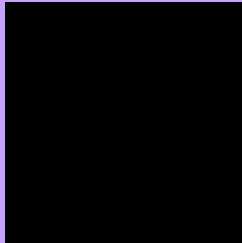
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 73, 51.432, 307.355

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 73, 51.432, 307.355.

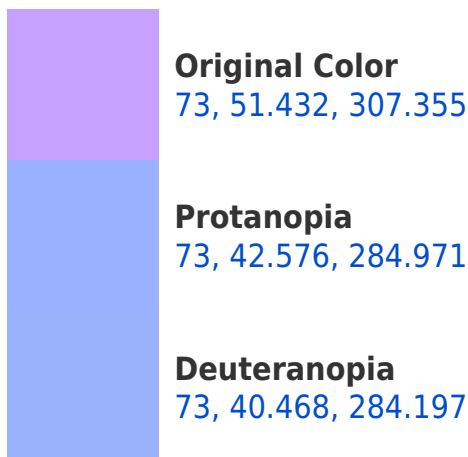


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 73, 51.432, 307.355.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
73, 8.184, 320.460

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
73, 51.432, 307.355

**Protanomaly**  
73, 45.080, 293.575

**Deuteranomaly**  
73, 43.470, 293.405

**Tritanomaly**  
73, 24.002, 309.178

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
73, 51.432, 307.355

**Achromatopsia**  
75, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
74, 19.082, 305.728

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 73, 51.432, 307.355 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 162, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 162, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 162, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 162, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 73, 51.432, 307.355 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

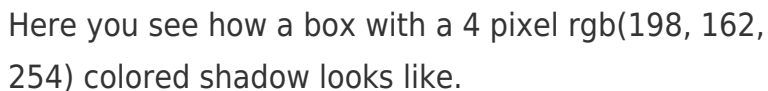
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 162, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 162, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 162, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 162, 254); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 162, 254); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 162, 254) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 73, 51.432, 307.355 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 162, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
162, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor