

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(73, 82.618, 70.499)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(73, 82.618, 70.499) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(73, 82.441, 70.378)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FE9D00
RGB	254, 157, 0
RGB Percent	100%, 62%, 0%
CMY	0.0041, 0.3844, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.38, 1.00, 0.00
HSL	37°, 100%, 50%
HSV	37°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	52.9081, 45.1644, 5.9264
YIQ	168.1050, 108.2090, -28.2630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

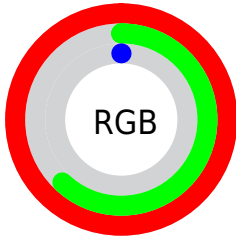
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">157, 254, 0</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16686336</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">73.00, 27.68, 77.65</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">73, 82.441, 70.378</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">45.1644, 0.5087, 0.4343</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294876416</a> (0xFFFE9D00)
YUV	<a href="#">168.1050, -82.8758, 75.3299</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">67.2044, 22.9200, 41.8147</a>

# Details

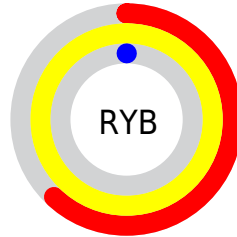
The CIELCh color **73, 82.441, 70.378** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9900**. The color can be described as middle saturated orange. A complement of this color would be **47, 91.837, 294.432**, and the grayscale version is **69, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 68.925, 88.745**, and **53, 67.412, 64.750** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73, 82.430, 70.378**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75, 78.910, 73.137**.

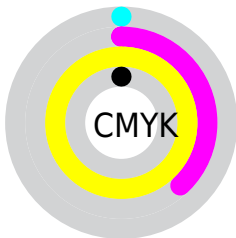
# Distribution



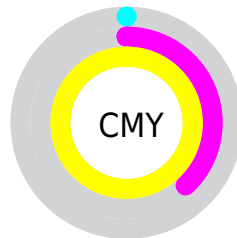
- Red (100%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 73, 82.441, 70.378 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 73, 82.441, 70.378 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 73, 82.441, 70.378

 73, 82.441, 70.378

 100, 82.441,  
70.378

 63, 82.441, 70.378

 93, 82.441, 70.378

 53, 82.441, 70.378

 43, 82.441, 70.378

 33, 82.441, 70.378

 23, 82.441, 70.378

 13, 82.441, 70.378

 3, 82.441, 70.378

 0, 82.441, 70.378

 73, 82.441, 70.378

 73, 82.441, 70.378

73, 82.430, 70.378

75, 78.910, 73.137

78, 72.775, 75.338

80, 64.649, 77.147

83, 55.500, 78.750

85, 45.961, 80.248

88, 36.382, 81.686

91, 26.938, 83.080

94, 17.711, 84.433

97, 8.727, 85.732

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73, 82.441, 70.378



47, 91.837, 294.432

# Rectangle

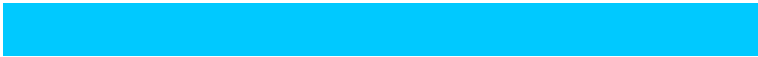
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73, 82.441, 70.378



73, 82.441, 120.378



73, 82.441, 250.378



73, 82.441, 300.378

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73, 82.430, 70.378



91, 27.028, 83.079



54, 85.090, 14.447



47, 18.543, 82.496



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73, 82.430, 70.378



73, 82.687, 70.370



95, 97.567, 110.085



52, 4.975, 85.794



56, 66.551, 70.990



18, 27.539, 73.654





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 91.837, 294.432



47, 92.144, 294.441



33, 132.696, 306.614



50, 4.945, 268.362



35, 72.857, 293.746



9, 29.242, 288.185



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 73, 82.441, 70.378 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 73, 82.441, 70.378 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 73, 82.441, 70.378

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 73, 82.441, 70.378.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 73, 82.441, 70.378.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

73, 82.441, 70.378

### Protanopia

73, 73.046, 94.908

### Deuteranopia

73, 76.674, 83.009



**Tritanopia**  
73, 42.630, 17.318



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
73, 82.441, 70.378

**Protanomaly**  
73, 74.722, 85.236

**Deuteranomaly**  
73, 78.273, 77.975

**Tritanomaly**  
73, 54.844, 51.664

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
73, 82.441, 70.378

**Achromatopsia**  
69, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
69, 34.747, 81.020

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 73, 82.441, 70.378 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 157, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 157, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 157, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 157, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 73, 82.441, 70.378 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 157, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 157, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 157, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 157, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 157, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 157,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 73, 82.441, 70.378 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 157, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
157, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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