

Converting Colors

CIELCh(73, 9.328, 140.393)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(73, 9.328, 140.393) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(73, 9.530, 140.390)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | AAB7A8 |
| RGB | 170, 183, 168 |
| RGB Percent | 67%, 72%, 66% |
| CMY | 0.3339, 0.2829, 0.3417 |
| CMYK | 0.07, 0.00, 0.08, 0.28 |
| HSL | 112°, 9%, 69% |
| HSV | 112°, 8%, 72% |
| XYZ | 40.5096, 45.1644, 43.5630 |
| YIQ | 177.4030, -2.9330, -7.4210 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

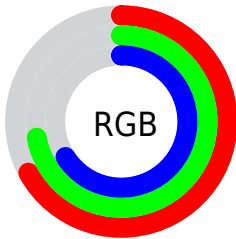
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| RYB | 168, 183, 181 |
| Decimal | 11188136 |
| CIELab | 73.00, -7.34, 6.08 |
| CIELCh | 73, 9.530, 140.390 |
| Yxy | 45.1644, 0.3135, 0.3495 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4289378216 (0xFFAAB7A8) |
| YUV | 177.4030, -4.6357, -6.4924 |
| Hunter-Lab | 67.2044, -10.0114, 8.6104 |

Details

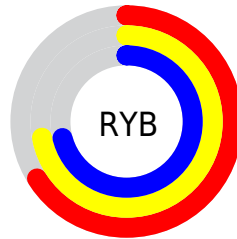
The CIELCh color $73, 9.530, 140.390$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $70, 9.569, 321.125$, and the grayscale version is $72, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $93, 9.684, 140.701$, and $53, 9.455, 139.997$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $71, 21.254, 139.824$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $75, 2.083, 320.747$.

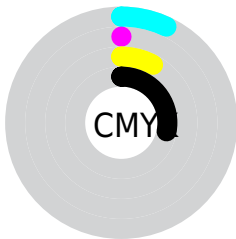
Distribution



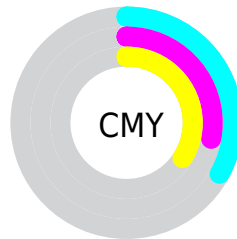
- Red (67%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (28%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 73, 9.530, 140.390 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 73, 9.530, 140.390 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 73, 9.530, 140.390

■ 73, 9.530, 140.390

■ 100, 9.530,
140.390

■ 63, 9.530, 140.390

■ 93, 9.530, 140.390

■ 53, 9.530, 140.390

■ 43, 9.530, 140.390

■ 33, 9.530, 140.390

■ 23, 9.530, 140.390

■ 13, 9.530, 140.390

■ 3, 9.530, 140.390

■ 0, 9.530, 140.390

■ 73, 9.530, 140.390

■ 73, 9.530, 140.390

71, 21.254,
139.824

75, 2.083, 320.747

70, 32.959,
139.185

76, 13.503,
321.244

69, 44.476,
138.473

78, 24.669,
321.601

68, 55.574,
137.700

80, 35.545,
321.902

67, 65.950,
136.908

82, 44.228,
323.633

66, 75.213,
136.167

83, 45.192,
325.989

66, 82.891,
135.587

65, 88.507,
135.298

65, 91.914,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73, 9.530, 140.390



70, 9.569, 321.125

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73, 9.530, 140.390



73, 9.530, 190.390



73, 9.530, 320.390



73, 9.530, 10.390

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73, 9.532, 140.391



93, 2.851, 140.763



73, 7.053, 103.249



50, 1.634, 140.773



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73, 9.532, 140.391



92, 14.371, 140.284



73, 7.650, 156.556



38, 6.609, 140.329



56, 81.908, 135.220



8, 18.316, 141.787

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 9.569, 321.125



88, 14.430, 321.221



70, 7.699, 337.660



36, 6.636, 321.181



33, 80.692, 323.176



3, 17.681, 319.090

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 73, 9.530, 140.390 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

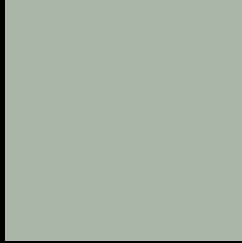
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 73, 9.530, 140.390 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

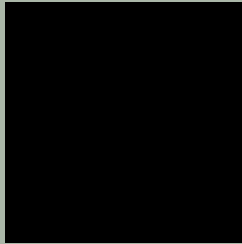
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

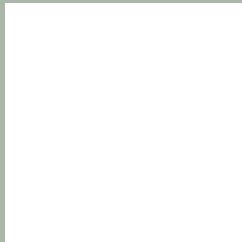
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 73, 9.530, 140.390

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 73, 9.530, 140.390.

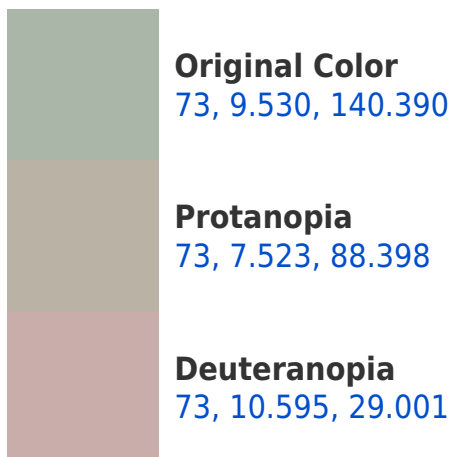


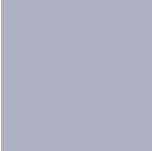
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 73, 9.530, 140.390.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

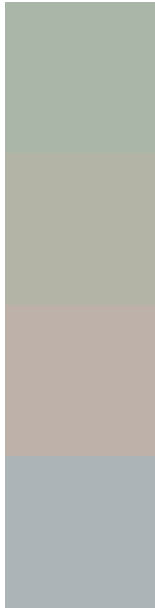
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
73, 7.779, 277.589

Trichromacy



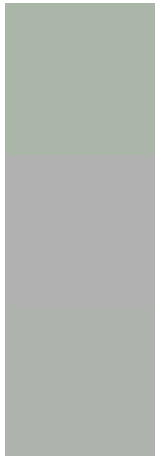
Original Color
73, 9.530, 140.390

Protanomaly
73, 7.580, 112.332

Deuteranomaly
73, 6.317, 62.764

Tritanomaly
73, 3.612, 236.377

Monochromacy



Original Color
73, 9.530, 140.390

Achromatopsia
72, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
72, 3.311, 144.360

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 73, 9.530, 140.390 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 183, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 183, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 183, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 183, 168) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 73, 9.530, 140.390 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 183, 168) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 183, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 183, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 183, 168); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 183, 168); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 183, 168) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 73, 9.530, 140.390 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 183, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
183, 168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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