

Converting Colors

CIELCh(74, 101.624, 41.550)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(74, 101.624, 41.550)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 76.279, 44.591)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | FE693A |
| RGB | 254, 105, 58 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 41%, 23% |
| CMY | 0.0031, 0.5869, 0.7710 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.59, 0.77, 0.00 |
| HSL | 14°, 99%, 61% |
| HSV | 14°, 77%, 100% |
| XYZ | 46.8043, 31.5869, 7.6858 |
| YIQ | 144.1930, 103.8910, 16.9710 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

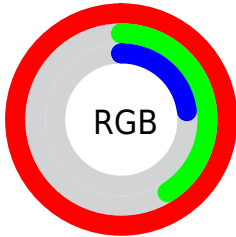
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 254, 120, 58 |
| Decimal | 16673082 |
| CIE Lab | 63.00, 54.32, 53.55 |
| CIE LCh | 63, 76.279, 44.591 |
| Yxy | 31.5869, 0.5437, 0.3670 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294863162 (0xFFFE693A) |
| YUV | 144.1930, -42.4931, 96.3007 |
| Hunter-Lab | 56.2022, 50.2981, 31.2335 |

Details

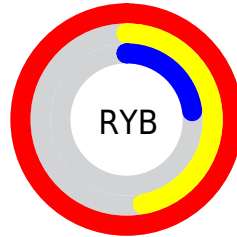
The CIELCh color **63, 76.279, 44.591** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6633**. The color can be described as middle washed orange. A complement of this color would be **78, 41.108, 235.689**, and the grayscale version is **60, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74, 51.540, 53.890**, and **43, 76.441, 44.657** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60, 87.277, 44.946**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67, 64.569, 44.052**.

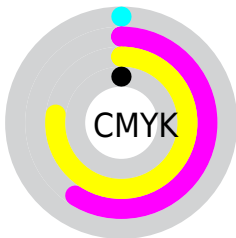
Distribution



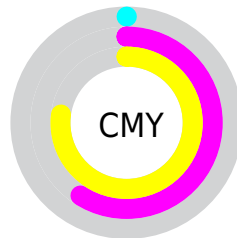
- Red (100%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (77%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 76.279, 44.591 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 76.279, 44.591 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 63, 76.279, 44.591

 63, 76.279, 44.591

 100, 76.279,
44.591

 53, 76.279, 44.591

 83, 76.279, 44.591

 43, 76.279, 44.591

 93, 76.279, 44.591

 33, 76.279, 44.591

 23, 76.279, 44.591

 13, 76.279, 44.591

 3, 76.279, 44.591

 0, 76.279, 44.591

 63, 76.279, 44.591

 63, 76.279, 44.591

 60, 87.277, 44.946

 67, 64.569, 44.052

57, 95.823, 44.489

71, 53.035, 43.604

57, 97.932, 44.315

76, 42.056, 43.335

80, 31.781, 43.253

85, 22.253, 43.331

91, 13.451, 43.533

96, 5.330, 43.784

100, 0.278,
201.771

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 76.279, 44.591



78, 41.108, 235.689

Rectangle

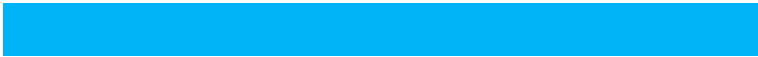
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 76.279, 44.591



63, 76.279, 94.591



63, 76.279, 224.591



63, 76.279, 274.591

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 76.276, 44.594



88, 18.671, 43.400



61, 90.689, 337.711



45, 13.118, 43.337



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 76.276, 44.594



59, 92.202, 44.866



84, 73.686, 85.743



50, 4.367, 43.728



43, 78.587, 44.787



12, 29.398, 39.590

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 41.108, 235.689



75, 44.263, 241.459



51, 82.928, 293.073



51, 4.124, 224.723



56, 36.474, 244.218



18, 16.386, 238.044

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 76.279, 44.591 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 76.279, 44.591 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 76.279, 44.591

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 76.279, 44.591.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 76.279, 44.591.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63, 76.384, 44.606

Protanopia

63, 44.226, 95.920

Deuteranopia

63, 55.878, 81.760



Tritanopia
63, 65.155, 25.080

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 76.384, 44.606

Protanomaly
62, 49.325, 68.765

Deuteranomaly
62, 59.736, 64.473

Tritanomaly
63, 68.386, 33.510

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 76.384, 44.606

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
59, 25.562, 43.226

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 76.279, 44.591 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 105, 58)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 105, 58)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 105, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 105, 58) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 76.279, 44.591 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 105, 58) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 105, 58) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 105, 58)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 105, 58); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 105, 58);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 105,  
58) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 76.279, 44.591 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 105, 58) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
105, 58) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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