

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(74, 28.195, 222.783)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(74, 28.195, 222.783)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(74, 28.072, 223.047)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6AC2D8
RGB	106, 194, 216
RGB Percent	42%, 76%, 85%
CMY	0.5836, 0.2385, 0.1522
CMYK	0.51, 0.10, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	192°, 59%, 63%
HSV	192°, 51%, 85%
XYZ	37.7141, 46.7039, 72.1138
YIQ	170.1960, -59.5100, -11.8140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

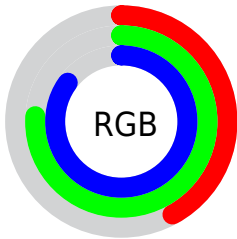
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	106, 155, 216
Decimal	6996696
CIELab	74.00, -20.51, -19.16
CIElCh	74, 28.072, 223.047
Yxy	46.7039, 0.2409, 0.2984
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285186776 (0xFF6AC2D8)
YUV	170.1960, 22.5814, -56.2999
Hunter-Lab	68.3403, -21.0890, -14.7256

# Details

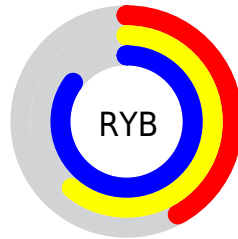
The CIELCh color **74, 28.072, 223.047** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **63, 41.334, 39.908**, and the grayscale version is **70, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 27.092, 202.156**, and **54, 28.054, 223.125** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72, 31.721, 224.643**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76, 23.685, 221.836**.

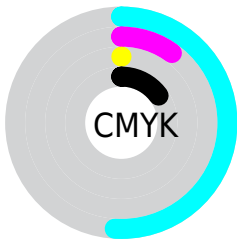
# Distribution



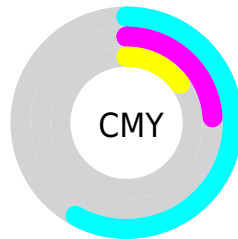
- Red (42%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)




- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 74, 28.072, 223.047 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 74, 28.072, 223.047 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 74, 28.072,  
223.047

 74, 28.072,  
223.047


 100, 28.072,  
223.047

 64, 28.072,  
223.047


 94, 28.072,  
223.047

 54, 28.072,  
223.047

 44, 28.072,  
223.047

 34, 28.072,  
223.047

 24, 28.072,  
223.047

 14, 28.072,  
223.047

 4, 28.072, 223.047

0, 28.072, 223.047

74, 28.072,  
223.047

74, 28.072,  
223.047

72, 31.721,  
224.643

76, 23.685,  
221.836

70, 34.582,  
226.713

78, 18.646,  
220.941

68, 36.655,  
229.338

81, 13.050,  
220.302

67, 38.012,  
232.586

83, 6.997, 219.884

66, 38.828,  
236.024

86, 0.582, 220.488

89, 6.115, 39.220

92, 12.124, 40.597

■ 93, 11.704, 53.397

■ 94, 11.900, 66.413

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74, 28.072, 223.047



63, 41.334, 39.908

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74, 28.072, 223.047



74, 28.072, 273.047



74, 28.072, 43.047



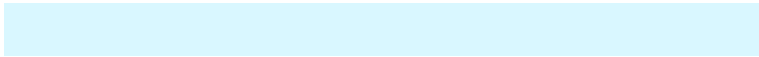
74, 28.072, 93.047

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74, 28.071, 223.045



95, 10.904, 220.035



78, 60.578, 145.930



50, 7.394, 220.125



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74, 28.071, 223.045



84, 36.185, 224.770



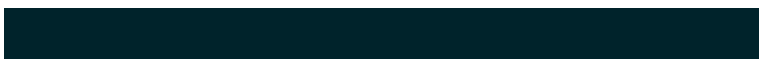
59, 44.141, 282.918



44, 3.637, 219.843



53, 32.528, 235.323



12, 12.648, 227.394



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 60.397, 333.932



66, 80.112, 334.734



76, 43.320, 87.059



42, 6.830, 331.086



39, 73.366, 338.089

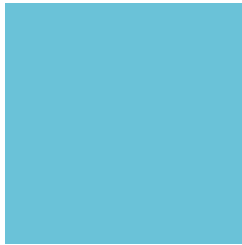


6, 28.444, 335.876



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 74, 28.072, 223.047 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

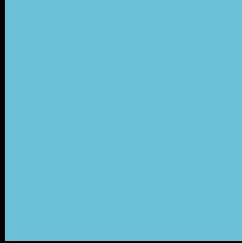
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 74, 28.072, 223.047 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

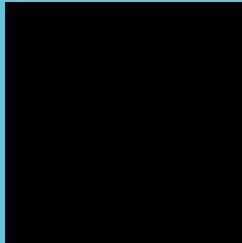
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 74, 28.072, 223.047

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 74, 28.072, 223.047.

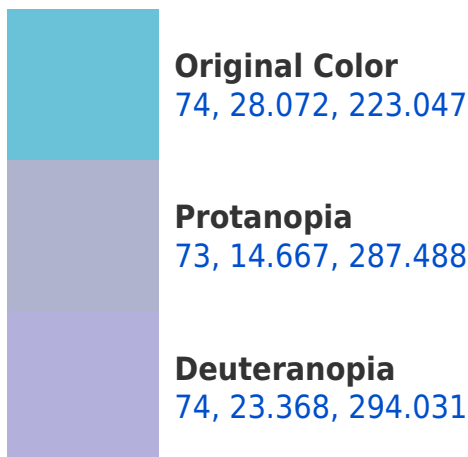


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 74, 28.072, 223.047.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
74, 28.104, 215.668

# Trichromacy



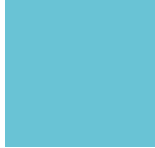
**Original Color**  
74, 28.072, 223.047



**Protanomaly**  
74, 17.310, 250.726



**Deuteranomaly**  
73, 21.485, 265.000

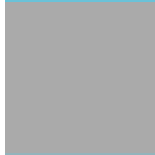


**Tritanomaly**  
74, 28.048, 218.115

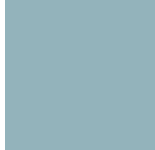
# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
74, 28.072, 223.047



**Achromatopsia**  
70, 0.009, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
71, 11.871, 220.314

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 74, 28.072, 223.047 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 194, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 194, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 194, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 194, 216) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 74, 28.072, 223.047 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

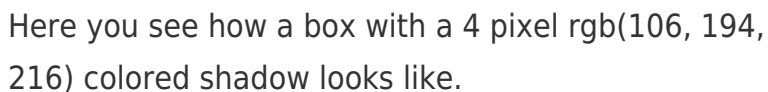
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 194, 216) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 194, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(106, 194, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 194, 216); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 194, 216); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 194, 216) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 74, 28.072, 223.047 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 194, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106,  
194, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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