

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(74, 31.921, 175.318)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(74, 31.921, 175.318)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(74, 32.135, 175.133)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6DC6B0
RGB	109, 198, 176
RGB Percent	43%, 78%, 69%
CMY	0.5730, 0.2240, 0.3103
CMYK	0.45, 0.00, 0.11, 0.22
HSL	165°, 44%, 60%
HSV	165°, 45%, 78%
XYZ	34.2812, 46.7039, 48.2190
YIQ	168.8810, -45.9820, -25.7100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

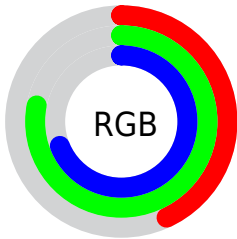
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	109, 160, 198
Decimal	7194288
CIELab	74.00, -32.02, 2.73
CIELCh	74, 32.135, 175.133
Yxy	46.7039, 0.2653, 0.3615
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285384368 (0xFF6DC6B0)
YUV	168.8810, 3.5097, -52.5156
Hunter-Lab	68.3403, -30.0554, 6.0048

# Details

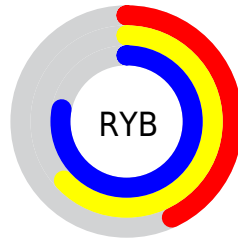
The CIELCh color **74, 32.135, 175.133** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **57, 37.872, 5.557**, and the grayscale version is **69, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94, 31.959, 175.571**, and **54, 32.185, 175.277** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73, 37.964, 173.858**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75, 25.682, 176.295**.

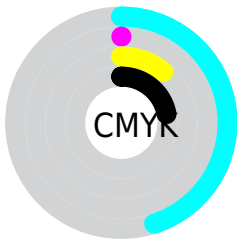
# Distribution



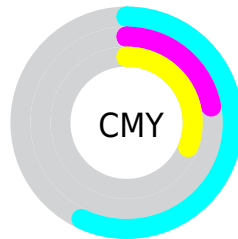
- Red (43%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (31%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 74, 32.135, 175.133 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 74, 32.135, 175.133 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 74, 32.135,  
175.133

 74, 32.135,  
175.133


 100, 32.135,  
175.133


 64, 32.135,  
175.133


 94, 32.135,  
175.133

 54, 32.135,  
175.133

 44, 32.135,  
175.133

 34, 32.135,  
175.133

 24, 32.135,  
175.133

 14, 32.135,  
175.133

 4, 32.135, 175.133

0, 32.135, 175.133

74, 32.135,  
175.133

74, 32.135,  
175.133

73, 37.964,  
173.858

75, 25.682,  
176.295

72, 43.058,  
172.452

76, 18.728,  
177.372

72, 47.343,  
170.889

78, 11.403,  
178.384

72, 50.797,  
169.147

79, 3.827, 179.404

71, 53.470,  
167.219

81, 3.896, 0.035

82, 11.679, 0.961

71, 54.646,  
166.227

84, 19.451, 1.784

■ 85, 22.882,  
358.312

■ 85, 23.838,  
352.550

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74, 32.135, 175.133



57, 37.872, 5.557

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74, 32.135, 175.133



74, 32.135, 225.133



74, 32.135, 355.133



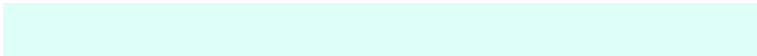
74, 32.135, 45.133

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74, 32.136, 175.131



98, 12.187, 178.560



74, 53.556, 134.903



52, 8.504, 178.338



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74, 32.136, 175.131



92, 45.842, 173.880



68, 23.588, 229.565



41, 4.363, 178.939



60, 47.157, 166.539



11, 15.913, 171.769



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 37.872, 5.557



67, 56.023, 7.680



61, 32.300, 44.279



39, 4.505, 0.548



34, 64.347, 25.125



4, 16.325, 6.815



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 74, 32.135, 175.133 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

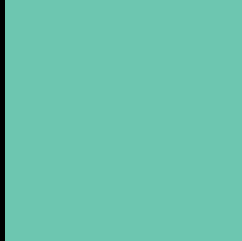
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 74, 32.135, 175.133 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

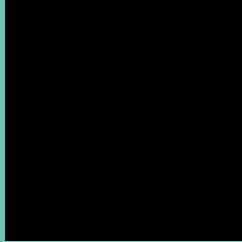
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

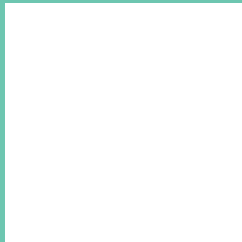
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 74, 32.135, 175.133

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 74, 32.135, 175.133.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 74, 32.135, 175.133.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

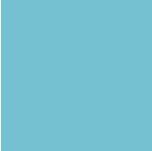


**Original Color**  
74, 32.135, 175.133

**Protanopia**  
74, 8.154, 87.134

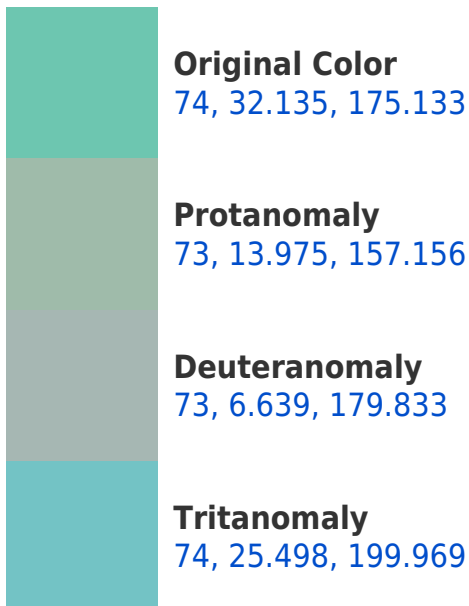
**Deuteranopia**  
74, 9.296, 359.797



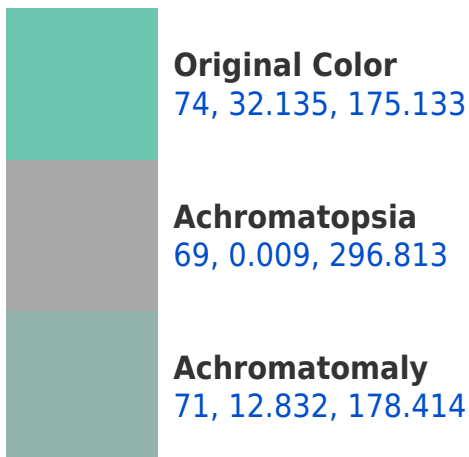


**Tritanopia**  
74, 24.506, 218.699

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 74, 32.135, 175.133 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 198, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 198, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 198, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 198, 176) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 74, 32.135, 175.133 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 198, 176) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 198, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 198, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 198, 176); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 198, 176); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 198, 176) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 74, 32.135, 175.133 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 198, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
198, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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