

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(74, 35.168, 351.788)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(74, 35.168, 351.788)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(74, 35.168, 351.788)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EF9EC0
RGB	239, 158, 192
RGB Percent	94%, 62%, 75%
CMY	0.0620, 0.3797, 0.2464
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.20, 0.06
HSL	335°, 72%, 78%
HSV	335°, 34%, 94%
XYZ	57.4439, 46.7039, 55.9529
YIQ	186.0950, 37.3620, 27.7460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

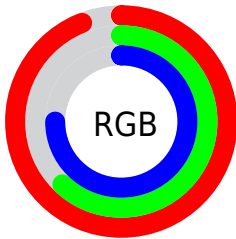
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	239, 158, 192
Decimal	15703744
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	74.00, 34.81, -5.02
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	74, 35.168, 351.788
Yxy	46.7039, 0.3588, 0.2917
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293893824 (0xFFEF9EC0)
YUV	186.0950, 2.9112, 46.3977
Hunter-Lab	68.3403, 30.4438, -0.7049

# Details

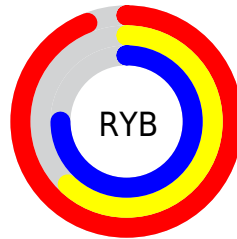
The CIELCh color **74, 35.168, 351.788** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **89, 33.064, 164.841**, and the grayscale version is **76, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90, 23.468, 330.392**, and **54, 35.573, 351.478** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69, 45.538, 353.242**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80, 24.606, 350.552**.

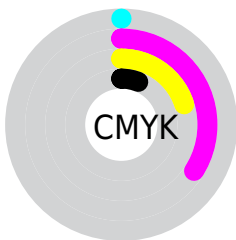
# Distribution



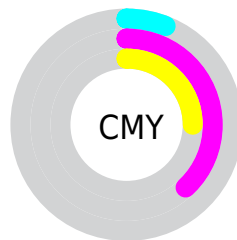
- Red (94%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (6%)




- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (25%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 74, 35.168, 351.788 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 74, 35.168, 351.788 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 74, 35.168,  
351.788

 74, 35.168,  
351.788


 100, 35.168,  
351.788


 64, 35.168,  
351.788


 94, 35.168,  
351.788

 54, 35.168,  
351.788

 44, 35.168,  
351.788

 34, 35.168,  
351.788

 24, 35.168,  
351.788

 14, 35.168,  
351.788

 4, 35.168, 351.788

0, 35.168, 351.788

74, 35.168,  
351.788

74, 35.168,  
351.788

69, 45.538,  
353.242

80, 24.606,  
350.552

64, 55.338,  
354.988

86, 14.125,  
349.467

59, 64.071,  
357.141

92, 3.884, 348.430

98, 6.026, 167.796

56, 71.201,  
359.851

99, 5.441, 199.182

53, 76.324, 3.298

52, 79.403, 7.643

51, 80.664, 10.677



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74, 35.168, 351.788



89, 33.064, 164.841

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74, 35.168, 351.788



74, 35.168, 41.788



74, 35.168, 171.788



74, 35.168, 221.788

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74, 35.165, 351.790



93, 10.668, 349.078



72, 46.754, 312.922



49, 7.293, 349.220



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74, 35.165, 351.790



74, 44.870, 352.820



74, 30.774, 27.429



47, 5.760, 349.022



39, 66.077, 9.731



8, 28.908, 1.931



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74, 35.165, 351.790



74, 44.870, 352.820



88, 24.087, 204.650



47, 5.760, 349.022



39, 66.077, 9.731

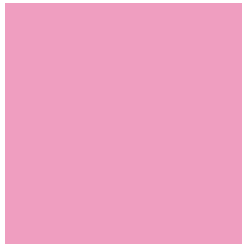


8, 28.908, 1.931



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 74, 35.168, 351.788 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

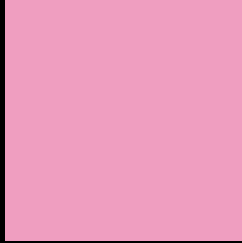
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 74, 35.168, 351.788 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 74, 35.168, 351.788

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 74, 35.168, 351.788.

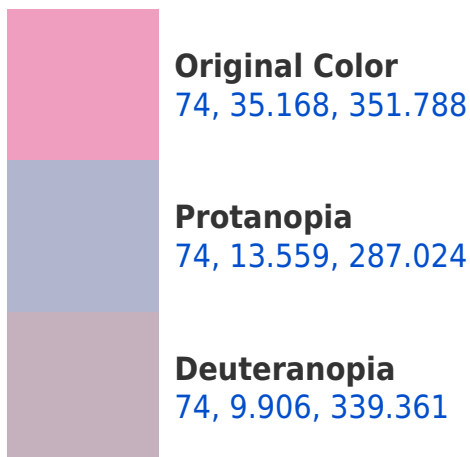


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 74, 35.168, 351.788.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
74, 30.316, 9.124

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
74, 35.168, 351.788

**Protanomaly**  
74, 18.134, 324.200

**Deuteranomaly**  
74, 19.067, 346.720

**Tritanomaly**  
74, 31.816, 1.917

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
74, 35.168, 351.788

**Achromatopsia**  
76, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
75, 12.669, 349.843

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 74, 35.168, 351.788 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 158, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 158, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 158, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 158, 192) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 74, 35.168, 351.788 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 158, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 158, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(239, 158, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 158, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 158, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 158,  
192) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 74, 35.168, 351.788 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 158, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
158, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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