

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(74, 50.738, 56.301)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(74, 50.738, 56.301) contains.

<b>CIELCh(74, 50.800, 56.310)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# **Color**

**CIELCh(74, 50.800, 56.310)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FAA069
RGB	250, 160, 105
RGB Percent	98%, 63%, 41%
CMY	0.0179, 0.3710, 0.5868
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.58, 0.02
HSL	23°, 94%, 70%
HSV	23°, 58%, 98%
XYZ	54.7838, 46.7039, 19.5885
YIQ	180.6400, 71.2950, 1.9750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

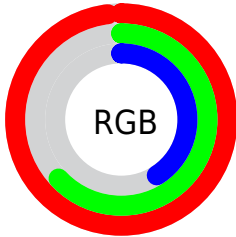
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	250, 194, 105
Decimal	16425065
CIE Lab	74.00, 28.18, 42.27
CIE LCh	74, 50.800, 56.310
Yxy	46.7039, 0.4525, 0.3857
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294615145 (0xFFFAA069)
YUV	180.6400, -37.2905, 60.8287
Hunter-Lab	68.3403, 23.4959, 30.8438

# Details

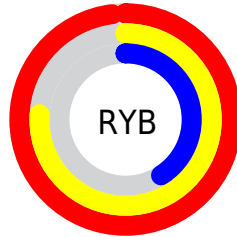
The CIELCh color **74, 50.800, 56.310** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. A complement of this color would be **76, 37.066, 252.087**, and the grayscale version is **74, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 34.396, 79.529**, and **54, 50.531, 56.514** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70, 61.298, 55.578**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78, 40.680, 57.066**.

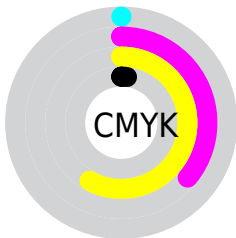
# Distribution



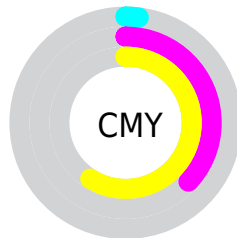
- Red (98%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (59%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 74, 50.800, 56.310 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 74, 50.800, 56.310 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



74, 50.800, 56.310

74, 50.800, 56.310

100, 50.800,  
56.310

64, 50.800, 56.310

94, 50.800, 56.310

54, 50.800, 56.310

44, 50.800, 56.310

34, 50.800, 56.310

24, 50.800, 56.310

14, 50.800, 56.310

4, 50.800, 56.310

0, 50.800, 56.310

74, 50.800, 56.310

74, 50.800, 56.310

70, 61.298, 55.578

78, 40.680, 57.066

67, 71.764, 54.743

82, 31.108, 57.871

64, 81.306, 53.536

86, 22.129, 58.731

61, 88.531, 51.510

90, 13.730, 59.629

60, 89.867, 51.088

95, 5.872, 60.522

99, 1.308, 231.567

100, 1.586,  
199.722

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74, 50.800, 56.310



76, 37.066, 252.087

# Rectangle

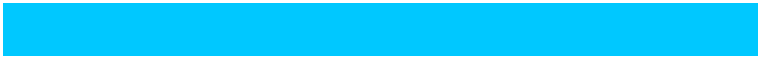
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74, 50.800, 56.310



74, 50.800, 106.310



74, 50.800, 236.310



74, 50.800, 286.310

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74, 50.799, 56.314



92, 13.170, 59.712



65, 68.153, 342.471



48, 8.869, 59.529



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74, 50.799, 56.314



71, 64.436, 55.413



91, 62.837, 97.648



50, 4.225, 60.388



46, 72.220, 51.749



13, 26.434, 49.966



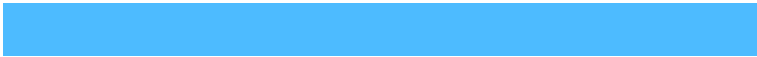


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76, 37.066, 252.087



73, 43.749, 256.344



57, 71.408, 294.138



50, 4.055, 242.463



48, 45.131, 269.469



14, 18.650, 261.845



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 74, 50.800, 56.310 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

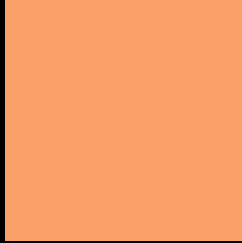
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 74, 50.800, 56.310 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

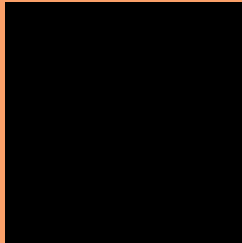
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 74, 50.800, 56.310

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 74, 50.800, 56.310.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 74, 50.800, 56.310.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74, 50.800, 56.310

### Protanopia

74, 36.912, 95.364

### Deuteranopia

74, 44.262, 78.087



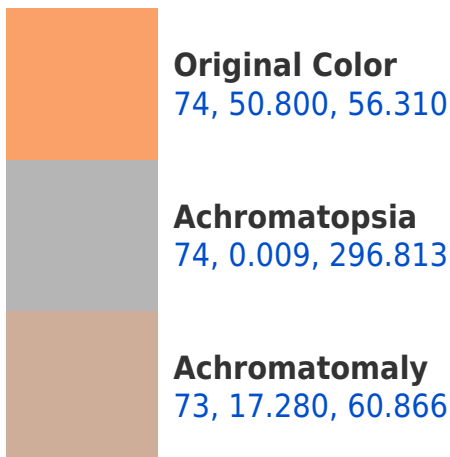
**Tritanopia**  
74, 40.781, 15.290



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 74, 50.800, 56.310 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 160, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 160, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 160, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 160, 105) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 74, 50.800, 56.310 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 160, 105) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 160, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(250, 160, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 160, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 160, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 160,  
105) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 74, 50.800, 56.310 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 160, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250,  
160, 105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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