

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(74, 64.462, 326.670)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(74, 64.462, 326.670)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(74, 64.696, 326.686)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F890F8
RGB	248, 144, 248
RGB Percent	97%, 56%, 97%
CMY	0.0273, 0.4351, 0.0273
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	300°, 88%, 77%
HSV	300°, 42%, 97%
XYZ	65.6572, 46.7039, 94.3969
YIQ	186.9520, 28.6000, 54.3920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

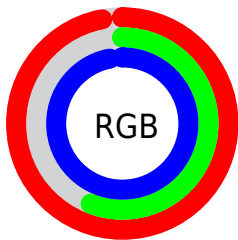
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	248, 144, 248
Decimal	16290040
CIE Lab	74.00, 54.06, -35.53
CIE LCh	74, 64.696, 326.686
Yxy	46.7039, 0.3176, 0.2259
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294480120 (0xFFFF890F8)
YUV	186.9520, 30.0967, 53.5391
Hunter-Lab	68.3403, 51.8966, -34.0577

# Details

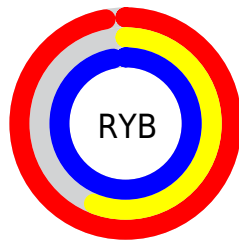
The CIELCh color  $74, 64.696, 326.686$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FF99FF`. A complement of this color would be  $89, 64.865, 141.172$ , and the grayscale version is  $76, 0.009, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $87, 34.496, 325.624$ , and  $54, 64.528, 326.848$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $69, 78.505, 327.143$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $79, 49.786, 326.180$ .

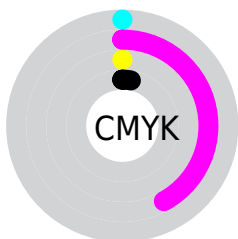
# Distribution



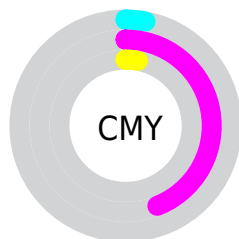
- Red (97%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 74, 64.696, 326.686 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 74, 64.696, 326.686 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 74, 64.696,  
326.686

 74, 64.696,  
326.686

 100, 64.696,  
326.686

 64, 64.696,  
326.686

 94, 64.696,  
326.686

 54, 64.696,  
326.686

 44, 64.696,  
326.686

 34, 64.696,  
326.686

 24, 64.696,  
326.686

 14, 64.696,  
326.686

 4, 64.696, 326.686

0, 64.696, 326.686

74, 64.696,  
326.686

74, 64.696,  
326.686

69, 78.505,  
327.143

79, 49.786,  
326.180

66, 90.625,  
327.534

85, 34.293,  
325.643

63, 100.445,  
327.843

90, 18.603,  
325.085

60, 107.496,  
328.061

96, 2.993, 324.448

59, 111.611,  
328.186

99, 4.308, 144.362

99, 4.307, 144.365

59, 113.169,  
328.234

99, 4.307, 144.367

99, 4.307, 144.369

99, 4.306, 144.372

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74, 64.696, 326.686



89, 64.865, 141.172

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



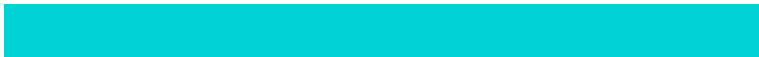
74, 64.696, 326.686



74, 64.696, 16.686



74, 64.696, 146.686



74, 64.696, 196.686

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74, 64.693, 326.686



92, 20.745, 325.147



64, 57.947, 295.975



48, 14.529, 325.271



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74, 64.693, 326.686



72, 77.663, 327.063



72, 46.730, 347.935



49, 8.908, 324.946



45, 92.155, 328.234



12, 41.695, 328.233



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74, 64.693, 326.686



72, 77.663, 327.063



90, 44.484, 159.407



49, 8.908, 324.946



45, 92.155, 328.234



12, 41.695, 328.233



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 74, 64.696, 326.686 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

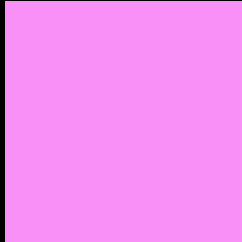
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 74, 64.696, 326.686 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

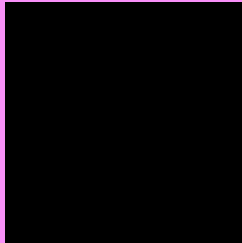
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 74, 64.696, 326.686**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 74, 64.696, 326.686.

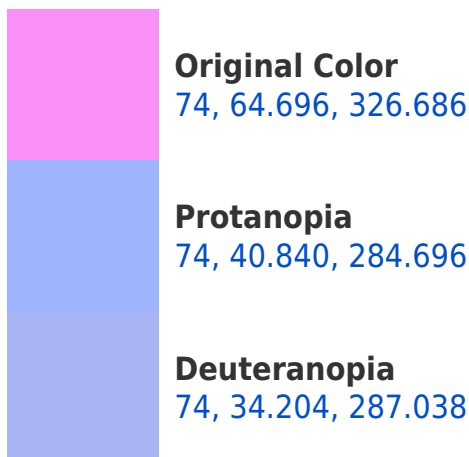


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 74, 64.696, 326.686.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
74, 30.655, 10.328

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
74, 64.696, 326.686



**Protanomaly**  
73, 46.933, 303.598



**Deuteranomaly**  
73, 43.642, 306.834



**Tritanomaly**  
74, 39.769, 346.171

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
74, 64.696, 326.686



**Achromatopsia**  
76, 0.009, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
74, 24.732, 325.425

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 74, 64.696, 326.686 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(248, 144, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 144, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 144, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 144, 248) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 74, 64.696, 326.686 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 144, 248) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 144, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(248, 144, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 144, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 144, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 144,  
248) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 74, 64.696, 326.686 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 144, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248,  
144, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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