

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(75, 25.447, 71.747)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(75, 25.447, 71.747) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(75, 25.301, 71.131)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D7B28D
RGB	215, 178, 141
RGB Percent	84%, 70%, 55%
CMY	0.1564, 0.3015, 0.4466
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.34, 0.16
HSL	30°, 48%, 70%
HSV	30°, 34%, 84%
XYZ	48.8189, 48.2781, 31.9879
YIQ	184.8450, 33.9290, -3.6630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

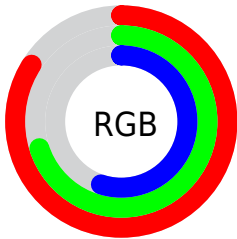
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	215, 215, 141
Decimal	14135949
CIE Lab	75.00, 8.18, 23.94
CIE LCh	75, 25.301, 71.131
Yxy	48.2781, 0.3782, 0.3740
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292326029 (0xFFD7B28D)
YUV	184.8450, -21.6156, 26.4459
Hunter-Lab	69.4824, 3.8213, 21.3421

# Details

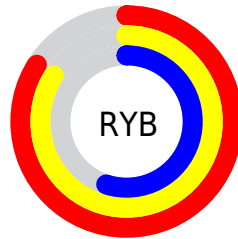
The CIELCh color **75, 25.301, 71.131** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **71, 22.970, 261.058**, and the grayscale version is **75, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 21.586, 86.713**, and **55, 25.025, 70.188** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72, 33.428, 69.869**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78, 17.524, 72.393**.

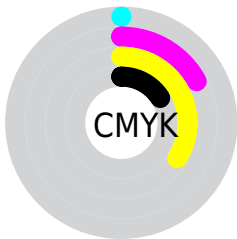
# Distribution



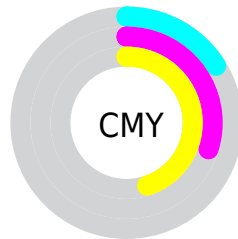
- Red (84%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 75, 25.301, 71.131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 75, 25.301, 71.131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 75, 25.301, 71.131

 75, 25.301, 71.131

 100, 25.301,  
71.131

 65, 25.301, 71.131

 95, 25.301, 71.131

 55, 25.301, 71.131

 45, 25.301, 71.131

 35, 25.301, 71.131

 25, 25.301, 71.131

 15, 25.301, 71.131

 5, 25.301, 71.131

 0, 25.301, 71.131

 75, 25.301, 71.131

 75, 25.301, 71.131

72, 33.428, 69.869

78, 17.524, 72.393

69, 41.855, 68.583

81, 10.101, 73.625

66, 50.446, 67.251

85, 3.014, 74.764

63, 58.891, 65.796

88, 3.766, 256.198

61, 66.577, 64.048

91, 10.268,  
257.301

58, 72.514, 61.696

94, 11.059,  
234.168

57, 75.129, 60.184

97, 12.842,  
202.311

97, 13.373,  
198.613

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75, 25.301, 71.131



71, 22.970, 261.058

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75, 25.301, 71.131



75, 25.301, 121.131



75, 25.301, 251.131



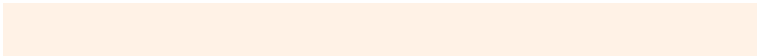
75, 25.301, 301.131

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75, 25.301, 71.138



96, 7.969, 74.141



67, 34.248, 346.950



51, 5.455, 73.973



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75, 25.301, 71.138



85, 35.187, 70.252



85, 38.216, 106.859



43, 3.920, 74.220



46, 63.068, 60.832



10, 17.037, 59.264



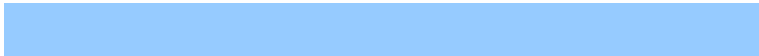


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71, 22.970, 261.058



80, 31.249, 262.668



61, 41.647, 294.585



43, 3.835, 256.709



37, 53.197, 283.793



7, 17.197, 272.918



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 75, 25.301, 71.131 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

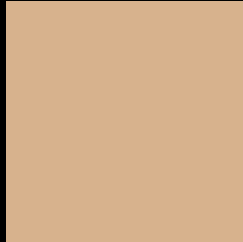
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 75, 25.301, 71.131 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

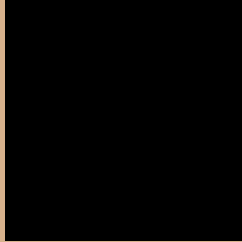
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 75, 25.301, 71.131

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 75, 25.301, 71.131.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 75, 25.301, 71.131.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75, 25.301, 71.131

### Protanopia

75, 22.489, 95.582

### Deuteranopia

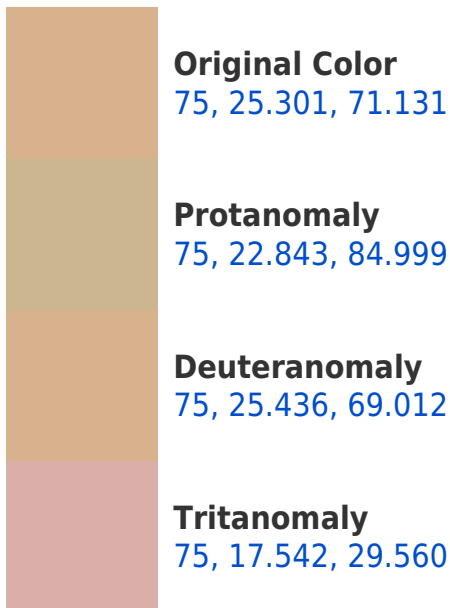
75, 25.716, 68.311



**Tritanopia**  
75, 19.514, 0.277



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 75, 25.301, 71.131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 178, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 178, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 178, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 178, 141) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 75, 25.301, 71.131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 178, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 178, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 178, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 178, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 178, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 178,  
141) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 75, 25.301, 71.131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 178, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
178, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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