

Converting Colors

CIELCh(75, 50.739, 340.062)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(75, 50.739, 340.062)
contains.

CIELCh(75, 50.770, 340.002)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(75, 50.770, 340.002)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF97DA
RGB	255, 151, 218
RGB Percent	100%, 59%, 85%
CMY	0.0013, 0.4090, 0.1463
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.15, 0.00
HSL	321°, 99%, 79%
HSV	321°, 41%, 100%
XYZ	64.7499, 48.2781, 72.0207
YIQ	189.7340, 40.4770, 42.8850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

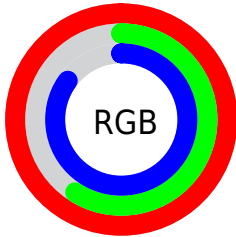
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 151, 218
Decimal	16750554
CIE Lab	75.00, 47.71, -17.36
CIE LCh	75, 50.770, 340.002
Yxy	48.2781, 0.3499, 0.2609
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294940634 (0xFFFF97DA)
YUV	189.7340, 13.9351, 57.2383
Hunter-Lab	69.4824, 44.7478, -12.8182

Details

The CIELCh color **75, 50.770, 340.002** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **92, 49.845, 152.857**, and the grayscale version is **77, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 30.096, 325.472**, and **55, 50.804, 339.813** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70, 62.196, 341.054**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81, 38.559, 339.059**.

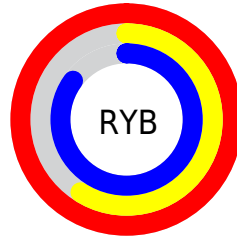
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (59%)

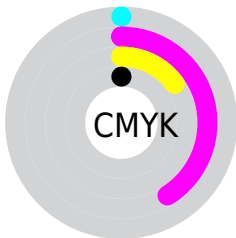
Blue (85%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (85%)

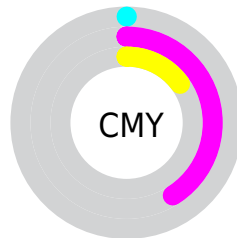


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (41%)


Yellow (15%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 75, 50.770, 340.002 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 75, 50.770, 340.002 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 75, 50.770,
340.002


 75, 50.770,
340.002


 100, 50.770,
340.002


 65, 50.770,
340.002


 95, 50.770,
340.002

 55, 50.770,
340.002

 45, 50.770,
340.002

 35, 50.770,
340.002

 25, 50.770,
340.002

 15, 50.770,
340.002

 5, 50.770, 340.002

0, 50.770, 340.002

75, 50.770,
340.002

75, 50.770,
340.002

70, 62.196,
341.054

81, 38.559,
339.059

65, 72.279,
342.253

87, 26.012,
338.197

62, 80.377,
343.659

93, 13.432,
337.391

59, 85.914,
345.356

99, 1.021, 336.271

57, 88.591,
347.449

100, 0.114,
205.211

56, 88.900,
349.766

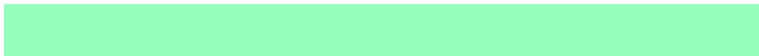
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75, 50.770, 340.002



92, 49.845, 152.857

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75, 50.770, 340.002



75, 50.770, 30.002



75, 50.770, 160.002



75, 50.770, 210.002

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75, 50.767, 340.003



92, 14.921, 337.484



69, 58.234, 306.374



48, 9.907, 337.588



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75, 50.767, 340.003



71, 60.255, 340.853



74, 41.612, 12.231



50, 7.055, 337.287



42, 71.910, 349.264



11, 33.912, 345.907

Inverse Universe

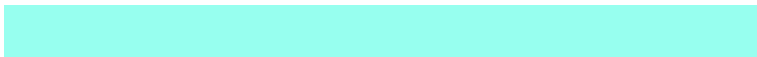
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75, 50.767, 340.003



71, 60.255, 340.853



93, 33.875, 183.467



50, 7.055, 337.287



42, 71.910, 349.264



11, 33.912, 345.907

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 75, 50.770, 340.002 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

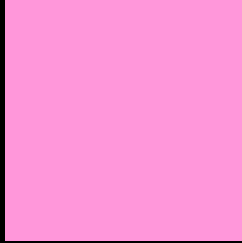
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 75, 50.770, 340.002 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

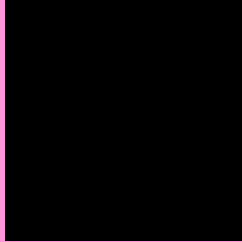
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 75, 50.770, 340.002

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 75, 50.770, 340.002.

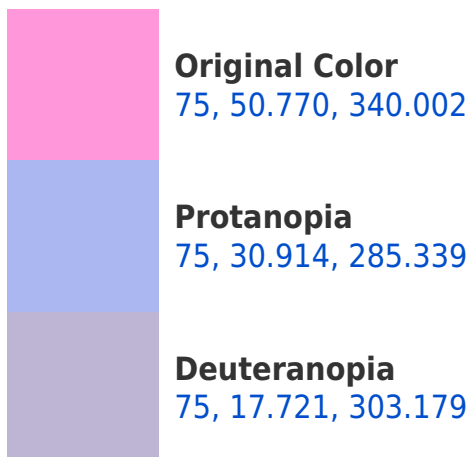


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 75, 50.770, 340.002.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
75, 35.760, 12.645

Trichromacy



Original Color
75, 50.770, 340.002



Protanomaly
74, 34.703, 310.063



Deuteranomaly
75, 29.172, 325.583



Tritanomaly
75, 39.428, 357.890

Monochromacy



Original Color
75, 50.770, 340.002



Achromatopsia
77, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
75, 19.076, 338.517

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 75, 50.770, 340.002 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 151, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 151, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 151, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 151, 218) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 75, 50.770, 340.002 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

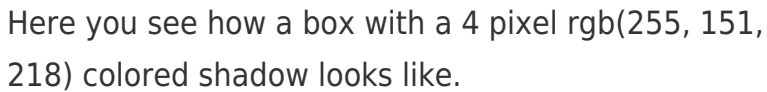
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 151, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 151, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 151, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 151, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 151, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 151,  
218) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 75, 50.770, 340.002 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 151, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
151, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor