

Converting Colors

CIELCh(75, 59.981, 0.837)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(75, 59.981, 0.837) contains.

CIELCh(71, 50.754, 354.252)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(71, 50.754, 354.252)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF88B9
RGB	255, 136, 185
RGB Percent	100%, 53%, 73%
CMY	0.0015, 0.4680, 0.2759
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 0.27, 0.00
HSL	335°, 99%, 77%
HSV	335°, 47%, 100%
XYZ	58.5765, 42.1875, 50.7650
YIQ	177.1670, 55.1950, 40.4670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

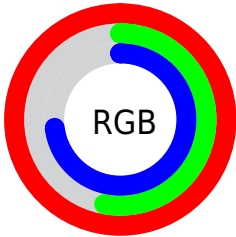
Format	Color
R_{YB}	255, 136, 185
Decimal	16746681
CIE _{Lab}	71.00, 50.50, -5.08
CIE _{LCh}	71, 50.754, 354.252
Yxy	42.1875, 0.3866, 0.2784
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294936761 (0xFFFF88B9)
YUV	177.1670, 3.8617, 68.2595
Hunter-Lab	64.9519, 47.3134, -0.8734

Details

The CIELCh color **71, 50.754, 354.252** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **92, 46.588, 163.639**, and the grayscale version is **72, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85, 33.921, 332.939**, and **51, 50.847, 354.394** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 60.778, 356.141**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77, 39.988, 352.700**.

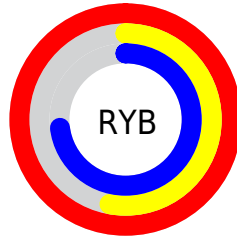
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (53%)

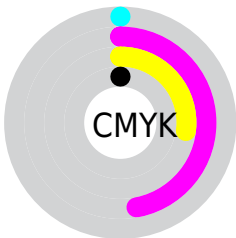
Blue (73%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (73%)

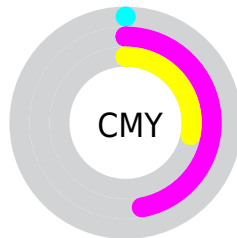


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (47%)


Yellow (28%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 71, 50.754, 354.252 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 71, 50.754, 354.252 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 71, 50.754,
354.252


 71, 50.754,
354.252


 100, 50.754,
354.252


 61, 50.754,
354.252


 91, 50.754,
354.252

 51, 50.754,
354.252

 41, 50.754,
354.252

 31, 50.754,
354.252

 21, 50.754,
354.252

 11, 50.754,
354.252

 1, 50.754, 354.252

0, 50.754, 354.252

71, 50.754,
354.252

71, 50.754,
354.252

66, 60.778,
356.141

77, 39.988,
352.700

62, 69.524,
358.489

83, 28.934,
351.388

58, 76.447, 1.464

89, 17.902,
350.251

56, 81.215, 5.249

95, 7.090, 349.219

55, 83.973, 9.973

100, 0.132,
204.437

54, 84.709, 11.644

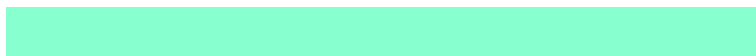
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71, 50.754, 354.252



92, 46.588, 163.639

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71, 50.754, 354.252



71, 50.754, 44.252



71, 50.754, 174.252



71, 50.754, 224.252

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71, 50.751, 354.253



91, 14.951, 349.964



68, 68.423, 314.064



47, 10.353, 350.191



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71, 50.751, 354.253



66, 60.165, 355.992



72, 46.291, 30.241



50, 6.031, 349.504



41, 68.196, 10.654



10, 31.327, 3.782

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71, 50.751, 354.253



66, 60.165, 355.992



91, 32.313, 206.705



50, 6.031, 349.504



41, 68.196, 10.654



10, 31.327, 3.782

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 50.754, 354.252 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 71, 50.754, 354.252 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 71, 50.754, 354.252

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 50.754, 354.252.

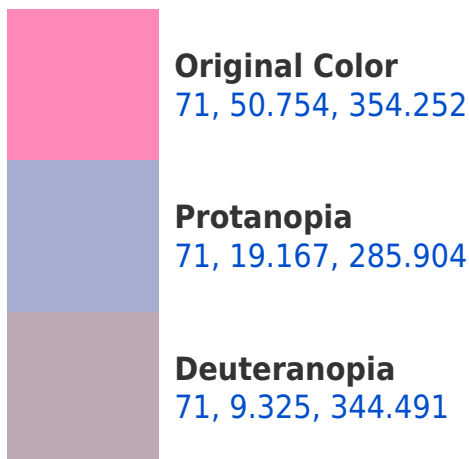


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 71, 50.754, 354.252.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
71, 44.525, 17.256

Trichromacy



Original Color
71, 50.754, 354.252



Protanomaly
70, 26.726, 324.866



Deuteranomaly
71, 24.842, 350.263

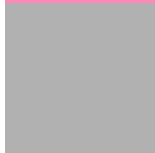


Tritanomaly
71, 45.708, 8.238

Monochromacy



Original Color
71, 50.754, 354.252



Achromatopsia
72, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
71, 19.003, 350.270

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 71, 50.754, 354.252 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 136, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 136, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 136, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 136, 185) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 71, 50.754, 354.252 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 136, 185) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 136, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 136, 185)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 136, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 136, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 136,  
185) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 71, 50.754, 354.252 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 136, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
136, 185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor