

Converting Colors

CIELCh(75, 6.455, 339.076)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(75, 6.455, 339.076) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(75, 6.507, 338.358)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2B5BD
RGB	194, 181, 189
RGB Percent	76%, 71%, 74%
CMY	0.2386, 0.2896, 0.2582
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.03, 0.24
HSL	323°, 10%, 74%
HSV	323°, 7%, 76%
XYZ	48.0425, 48.2781, 55.0158
YIQ	185.7990, 5.1800, 5.2440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

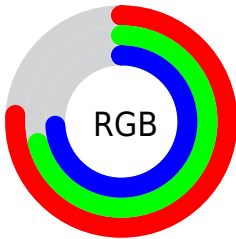
Format	Color
RYB	194, 181, 189
Decimal	12760509
CIELab	75.00, 6.05, -2.40
CIELCh	75, 6.507, 338.358
Yxy	48.2781, 0.3175, 0.3190
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290950589 (0xFFC2B5BD)
YUV	185.7990, 1.5781, 7.1923
Hunter-Lab	69.4824, 1.8266, 1.6922

Details

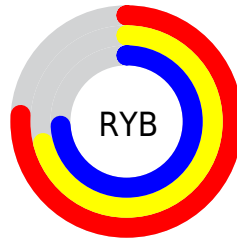
The CIELCh color $75, 6.507, 338.358$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $77, 6.463, 157.486$, and the grayscale version is $75, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $95, 6.465, 340.356$, and $55, 6.626, 336.209$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $70, 16.357, 339.174$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $80, 3.162, 157.810$.

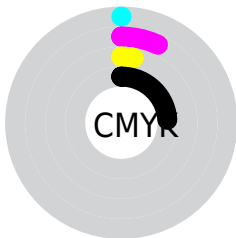
Distribution



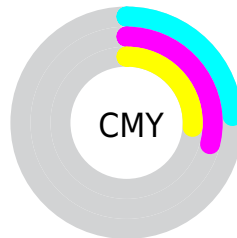
- Red (76%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 75, 6.507, 338.358 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 75, 6.507, 338.358 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 75, 6.507, 338.358

■ 75, 6.507, 338.358

■ 100, 6.507,
338.358

■ 65, 6.507, 338.358

■ 95, 6.507, 338.358

■ 55, 6.507, 338.358

■ 45, 6.507, 338.358

■ 35, 6.507, 338.358

■ 25, 6.507, 338.358

■ 15, 6.507, 338.358

■ 5, 6.507, 338.358

■ 0, 6.507, 338.358

■ 75, 6.507, 338.358

■ 75, 6.507, 338.358

70, 16.357,
339.174

80, 3.162, 157.810

65, 26.275,
340.029

86, 12.575,
157.055

60, 36.064,
340.964

91, 21.700,
156.417

56, 45.437,
342.004

95, 28.287,
157.025

52, 54.005,
343.189

95, 25.736,
163.188

49, 61.294,
344.572

96, 23.503,
170.564

46, 66.816,
346.233

96, 21.693,
179.283

44, 70.204,
348.275

96, 20.425,
189.297

43, 71.432,

96, 19.868,
198.196

350.807

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75, 6.507, 338.358



77, 6.463, 157.486

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75, 6.507, 338.358



75, 6.507, 28.358



75, 6.507, 158.358



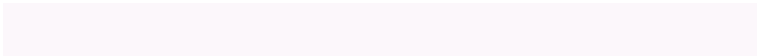
75, 6.507, 208.358

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75, 6.505, 338.362



98, 2.398, 337.893



74, 7.293, 305.222



53, 1.375, 337.876



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75, 6.505, 338.362



94, 9.632, 338.480



75, 4.961, 10.254



38, 5.513, 338.580



35, 62.420, 351.254



3, 17.056, 345.333

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75, 6.505, 338.362



94, 9.632, 338.480



77, 4.800, 189.378



38, 5.513, 338.580



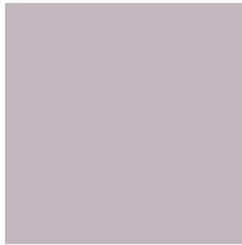
35, 62.420, 351.254



3, 17.056, 345.333

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 75, 6.507, 338.358 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

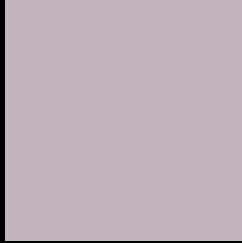
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 75, 6.507, 338.358 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

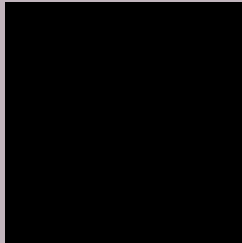
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

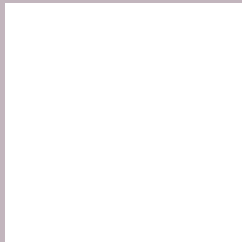
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 75, 6.507, 338.358

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 75, 6.507, 338.358.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 75, 6.507, 338.358.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


75, 6.507, 338.358

Protanopia

75, 3.865, 301.466

Deuteranopia

75, 9.844, 343.209



Tritanopia
75, 9.407, 326.688

Trichromacy



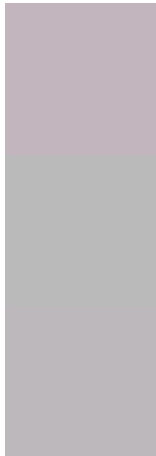
Original Color
75, 6.507, 338.358

Protanomaly
75, 4.407, 320.612

Deuteranomaly
75, 8.626, 341.445

Tritanomaly
75, 8.567, 330.967

Monochromacy



Original Color
75, 6.507, 338.358

Achromatopsia
76, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
75, 2.480, 338.683

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 75, 6.507, 338.358 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 181, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 181, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 181, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 181, 189) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 75, 6.507, 338.358 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 181, 189) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 181, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 181, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 181, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 181, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 181,  
189) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 75, 6.507, 338.358 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 181, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
181, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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