

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(75, 63.291, 132.617)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(75, 63.291, 132.617)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(75, 63.364, 132.664)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

# Color

**CIELCh(75, 63.364, 132.664)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	80CB5E
RGB	128, 203, 94
RGB Percent	50%, 80%, 37%
CMY	0.4969, 0.2027, 0.6303
CMYK	0.37, 0.00, 0.54, 0.20
HSL	101°, 51%, 58%
HSV	101°, 54%, 80%
XYZ	32.4058, 48.2781, 18.2652
YIQ	168.1490, -9.7110, -49.7990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

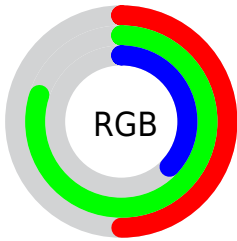
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	94, 203, 169
Decimal	8440670
CIELab	75.00, -42.94, 46.59
CIELCh	75, 63.364, 132.664
Yxy	48.2781, 0.3275, 0.4879
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286630750 (0xFF80CB5E)
YUV	168.1490, -36.5555, -35.2107
Hunter-Lab	69.4824, -38.3439, 33.0518

# Details

The CIELCh color **75, 63.364, 132.664** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC66**. The color can be described as middle muted chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **53, 65.970, 317.555**, and the grayscale version is **69, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 60.362, 132.302**, and **55, 63.266, 132.547** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74, 73.697, 132.229**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76, 52.176, 133.191**.

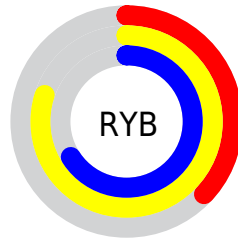
# Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (80%)

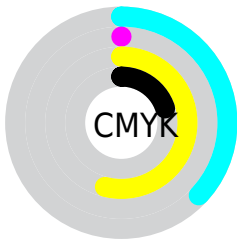
Blue (37%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (66%)

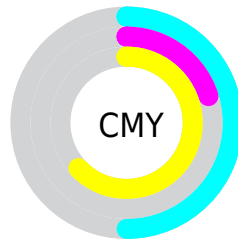


Cyan (37%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (54%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (20%)


Yellow (63%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 75, 63.364, 132.664 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 75, 63.364, 132.664 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 75, 63.364,  
132.664

 75, 63.364,  
132.664


 100, 63.364,  
132.664


 65, 63.364,  
132.664


 95, 63.364,  
132.664

 55, 63.364,  
132.664

 45, 63.364,  
132.664

 35, 63.364,  
132.664

 25, 63.364,  
132.664

 15, 63.364,  
132.664

 5, 63.364, 132.664

0, 63.364, 132.664

75, 63.364,  
132.664

75, 63.364,  
132.664

74, 73.697,  
132.229

76, 52.176,  
133.191

73, 82.728,  
131.984

77, 40.468,  
133.739

73, 89.939,  
132.057

78, 28.485,  
134.272

72, 94.906,  
132.558

80, 16.400,  
134.769

72, 97.107,  
133.010

81, 4.340, 135.244

83, 7.607, 315.575

85, 19.378,

315.937

■ 86, 30.029,  
317.028

■ 88, 32.272,  
325.108

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75, 63.364, 132.664



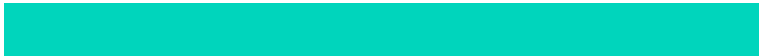
53, 65.970, 317.555

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75, 63.364, 132.664



75, 63.364, 182.664



75, 63.364, 312.664



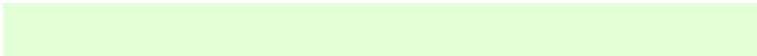
75, 63.364, 2.664

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75, 63.365, 132.665



97, 23.162, 134.644



71, 42.940, 85.364



51, 15.645, 134.541



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75, 63.365, 132.665



91, 88.820, 132.186



74, 61.225, 145.068



42, 6.834, 134.968



60, 83.240, 132.819



12, 26.151, 136.281



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 65.970, 317.555



60, 92.956, 317.827



56, 60.849, 333.450



40, 6.892, 315.726



30, 86.894, 317.065



3, 25.816, 314.376



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 75, 63.364, 132.664 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 75, 63.364, 132.664 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 75, 63.364, 132.664**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 75, 63.364, 132.664.

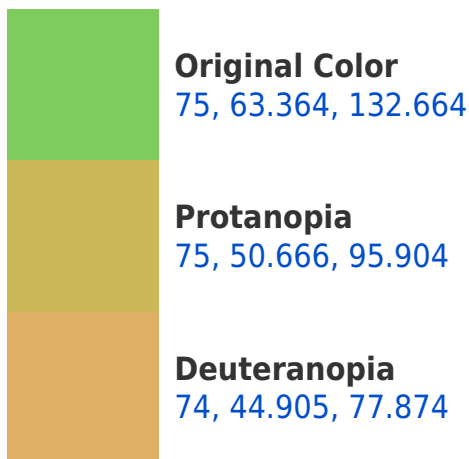


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 75, 63.364, 132.664.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
75, 16.717, 229.800

# Trichromacy



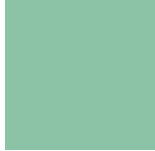
**Original Color**  
75, 63.364, 132.664



**Protanomaly**  
74, 52.441, 112.199



**Deuteranomaly**  
74, 45.101, 103.616



**Tritanomaly**  
74, 25.542, 159.683

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
75, 63.364, 132.664



**Achromatopsia**  
69, 0.009, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
71, 24.147, 133.951

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 75, 63.364, 132.664 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 203, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 203, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 203, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 203, 94) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 75, 63.364, 132.664 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 203, 94) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 203, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 203, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 203, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 203, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 203,  
94) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 75, 63.364, 132.664 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 203, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
203, 94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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