

Converting Colors

CIELCh(75, 67.682, 112.713)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(75, 67.682, 112.713)
contains.

CIELCh(75, 67.453, 112.754)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(75, 67.453, 112.754)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ABC33B
RGB	171, 195, 59
RGB Percent	67%, 76%, 23%
CMY	0.3275, 0.2334, 0.7667
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.70, 0.23
HSL	71°, 53%, 50%
HSV	71°, 70%, 77%
XYZ	37.3262, 48.2781, 11.5565
YIQ	172.3200, 29.3520, -47.3840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

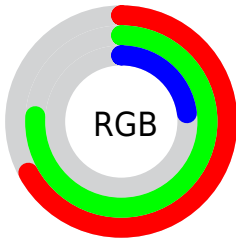
Format	Color
RYB	59, 195, 83
Decimal	11256635
CIELab	75.00, -26.09, 62.20
CIElCh	75, 67.453, 112.754
Yxy	48.2781, 0.3842, 0.4969
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289446715 (0xFFABC33B)
YUV	172.3200, -55.8668, -1.1576
Hunter-Lab	69.4824, -25.7036, 38.7765

Details

The CIELCh color **75, 67.453, 112.754** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC33**. The color can be described as middle muted chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **36, 82.141, 304.681**, and the grayscale version is **71, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 67.776, 112.872**, and **55, 63.704, 113.621** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75, 73.883, 112.639**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75, 59.516, 113.122**.

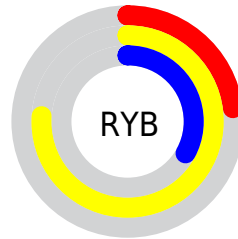
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (76%)

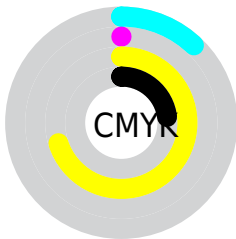
Blue (23%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (33%)

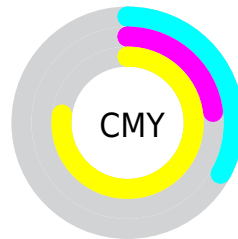


Cyan (12%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (70%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (33%)


Magenta (23%)


Yellow (77%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 75, 67.453, 112.754 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 75, 67.453, 112.754 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 75, 67.453,
112.754


 75, 67.453,
112.754


 100, 67.453,
112.754


 65, 67.453,
112.754


 95, 67.453,
112.754

 55, 67.453,
112.754

 45, 67.453,
112.754

 35, 67.453,
112.754

 25, 67.453,
112.754

 15, 67.453,
112.754

 5, 67.453, 112.754

■ 0, 67.453, 112.754

■ 75, 67.453,
112.754

■ 75, 67.453,
112.754

■ 75, 73.883,
112.639

■ 75, 59.516,
113.122

■ 74, 78.349,
112.857

■ 76, 50.536,
113.656

■ 74, 80.900,
113.409

■ 76, 40.882,
114.293

■ 74, 81.001,
113.434

■ 77, 30.810,
114.985

■ 78, 20.492,
115.699

■ 78, 10.040,
116.414

■ 79, 0.469, 297.108

■ 80, 10.985,
297.787

■ 81, 21.469,
298.431

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75, 67.453, 112.754



36, 82.141, 304.681

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75, 67.453, 112.754



75, 67.453, 162.754



75, 67.453, 292.754



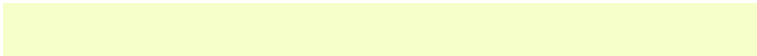
75, 67.453, 342.754

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75, 67.454, 112.756



98, 27.276, 115.572



50, 56.603, 39.088



52, 18.438, 115.371



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75, 67.454, 112.756



95, 93.163, 112.697



71, 76.335, 131.486



41, 5.910, 116.428



62, 69.997, 113.292



12, 19.025, 117.230

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 82.141, 304.681



39, 119.730, 306.320



44, 80.487, 317.236



38, 6.034, 297.776



19, 93.467, 307.136



1, 19.585, 295.894

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 75, 67.453, 112.754 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 75, 67.453, 112.754 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 75, 67.453, 112.754

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 75, 67.453, 112.754.

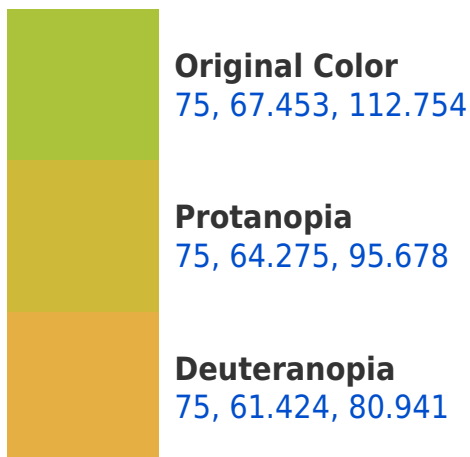



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 75, 67.453, 112.754.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
75, 7.615, 296.332

Trichromacy



Original Color
75, 67.453, 112.754

Protanomaly
75, 64.680, 102.448

Deuteranomaly
74, 60.973, 92.972

Tritanomaly
75, 22.157, 116.315

Monochromacy



Original Color
75, 67.453, 112.754

Achromatopsia
71, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
72, 26.565, 115.476

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 75, 67.453, 112.754 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 195, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 195, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 195, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 195, 59) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 75, 67.453, 112.754 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 195, 59) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 195, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 195, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 195, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 195, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 195,  
59) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 75, 67.453, 112.754 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 195, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
195, 59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor