

Converting Colors

CIELCh(75, 8.356, 158.708)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(75, 8.356, 158.708) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(75, 8.337, 158.539)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ACBDB3
RGB	172, 189, 179
RGB Percent	67%, 74%, 70%
CMY	0.3264, 0.2598, 0.2990
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.05, 0.26
HSL	145°, 11%, 71%
HSV	145°, 9%, 74%
XYZ	43.2173, 48.2781, 49.5600
YIQ	182.7770, -6.9220, -6.7140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

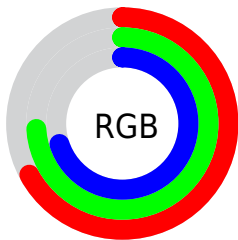
Format	Color
R _{YB}	172, 184, 189
Decimal	11320755
CIE Lab	75.00, -7.76, 3.05
CIE LCh	75, 8.337, 158.539
Yxy	48.2781, 0.3064, 0.3423
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289510835 (0xFFACBDB3)
YUV	182.7770, -1.8621, -9.4514
Hunter-Lab	69.4824, -10.5692, 6.3477

Details

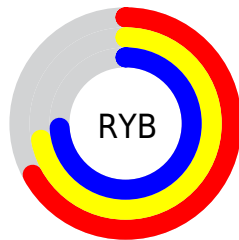
The CIELCh color $75, 8.337, 158.539$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $72, 8.409, 339.823$, and the grayscale version is $74, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $95, 8.203, 160.245$, and $55, 8.574, 156.654$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $73, 17.625, 157.658$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $77, 0.924, 338.866$.

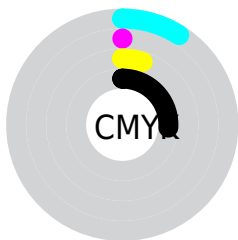
Distribution



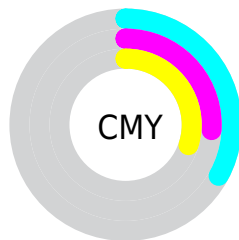
- Red (67%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 75, 8.337, 158.539 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 75, 8.337, 158.539 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 75, 8.337, 158.539

■ 75, 8.337, 158.539

■ 100, 8.337,
158.539

■ 65, 8.337, 158.539

■ 95, 8.337, 158.539

■ 55, 8.337, 158.539

■ 45, 8.337, 158.539

■ 35, 8.337, 158.539

■ 25, 8.337, 158.539

■ 15, 8.337, 158.539

■ 5, 8.337, 158.539

■ 0, 8.337, 158.539

■ 75, 8.337, 158.539

■ 75, 8.337, 158.539

73, 17.625,
157.658

77, 0.924, 338.866

72, 26.823,
156.685

79, 10.075,
339.904

71, 35.797,
155.583

81, 19.053,
340.540

70, 44.393,
154.328

83, 27.812,
341.111

69, 52.448,
152.897

84, 33.499,
336.708

68, 59.813,
151.270

84, 37.621,
330.268

68, 66.370,
149.439

84, 41.530,
325.865

67, 72.055,
147.418

67, 76.940,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75, 8.337, 158.539



72, 8.409, 339.823

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75, 8.337, 158.539



75, 8.337, 208.539



75, 8.337, 338.539



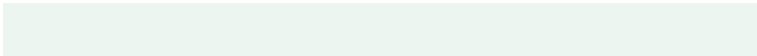
75, 8.337, 28.539

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75, 8.339, 158.536



96, 3.417, 159.085



76, 9.499, 125.072



51, 2.592, 158.997



98, 0.011, 296.813



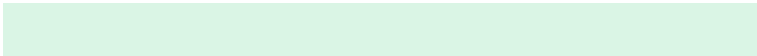
51, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75, 8.339, 158.536



94, 12.589, 158.350



75, 6.255, 190.543



39, 5.247, 158.506



57, 67.415, 145.414



9, 17.581, 153.832

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 8.409, 339.823



90, 12.711, 340.004



72, 6.548, 11.815



37, 5.291, 339.852



34, 60.956, 353.491



3, 14.743, 346.371

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 75, 8.337, 158.539 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

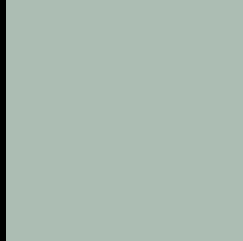
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 75, 8.337, 158.539 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

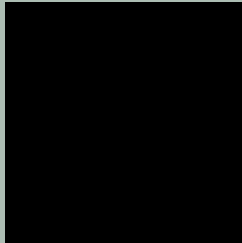
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

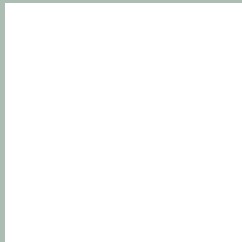
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 75, 8.337, 158.539

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 75, 8.337, 158.539.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 75, 8.337, 158.539.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

75, 8.337, 158.539

Protanopia

75, 4.851, 81.756

Deuteranopia

75, 9.638, 10.565



Tritanopia
75, 8.421, 263.366

Trichromacy



Original Color
75, 8.337, 158.539

Protanomaly
75, 4.978, 122.804

Deuteranomaly
75, 3.914, 35.521

Tritanomaly
75, 5.353, 229.510

Monochromacy



Original Color
75, 8.337, 158.539

Achromatopsia
74, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
75, 3.117, 155.547

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 75, 8.337, 158.539 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 189, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 189, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 189, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 189, 179) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 75, 8.337, 158.539 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 189, 179) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 189, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(172, 189, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 189, 179); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 189, 179); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 189, 179) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 75, 8.337, 158.539 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 189, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
189, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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