

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(75, 9.254, 335.120)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(75, 9.254, 335.120) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(75, 9.066, 334.594)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C5B4C0
RGB	197, 180, 192
RGB Percent	77%, 71%, 75%
CMY	0.2277, 0.2944, 0.2473
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.03, 0.23
HSL	318°, 13%, 74%
HSV	318°, 9%, 77%
XYZ	48.8214, 48.2781, 56.5739
YIQ	186.4510, 6.2800, 7.3360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

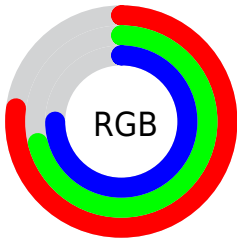
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	197, 180, 192
Decimal	12956864
CIE Lab	75.00, 8.19, -3.89
CIE LCh	75, 9.066, 334.594
Yxy	48.2781, 0.3177, 0.3142
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291146944 (0xFFC5B4C0)
YUV	186.4510, 2.7357, 9.2515
Hunter-Lab	69.4824, 3.8276, 0.3627

# Details

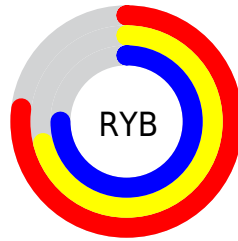
The CIELCh color `75, 9.066, 334.594` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `78, 9.020, 153.491`, and the grayscale version is `76, 0.009, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `95, 8.888, 336.120`, and `55, 9.358, 333.020` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `70, 19.691, 335.325`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `80, 1.416, 154.200`.

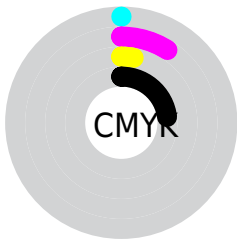
# Distribution



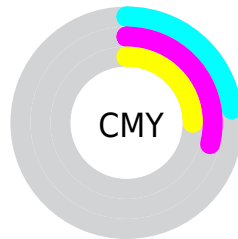
- Red (77%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 75, 9.066, 334.594 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 75, 9.066, 334.594 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



75, 9.066, 334.594

75, 9.066, 334.594

100, 9.066,  
334.594

65, 9.066, 334.594

95, 9.066, 334.594

55, 9.066, 334.594

45, 9.066, 334.594

35, 9.066, 334.594

25, 9.066, 334.594

15, 9.066, 334.594

5, 9.066, 334.594

0, 9.066, 334.594

75, 9.066, 334.594

75, 9.066, 334.594

70, 19.691,  
335.325

80, 1.416, 154.200

65, 30.317,  
336.086

86, 11.658,  
153.363

60, 40.712,  
336.896

91, 21.616,  
152.756

56, 50.548,  
337.770

95, 29.059,  
153.033

52, 59.395,  
338.729

95, 26.923,  
157.310

49, 66.754,  
339.807

96, 24.938,  
162.266

47, 72.136,  
341.053

96, 23.145,  
168.003

45, 75.213,  
342.533

96, 21.597,  
174.604

44, 76.137,

96, 20.351,  
182.093

344.299

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75, 9.066, 334.594



78, 9.020, 153.491

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75, 9.066, 334.594



75, 9.066, 24.594



75, 9.066, 154.594



75, 9.066, 204.594

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75, 9.064, 334.596



98, 3.872, 334.151



74, 9.400, 301.691



52, 2.936, 334.227



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75, 9.064, 334.596



94, 12.969, 334.707



75, 6.705, 2.720



39, 6.008, 334.652



36, 66.469, 344.258



4, 20.668, 340.220



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75, 9.064, 334.596



94, 12.969, 334.707



78, 6.491, 181.293



39, 6.008, 334.652



36, 66.469, 344.258

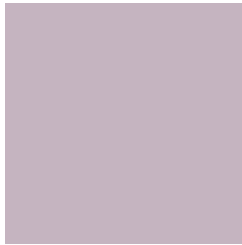


4, 20.668, 340.220



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 75, 9.066, 334.594 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

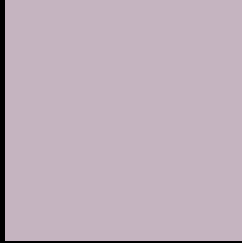
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 75, 9.066, 334.594 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

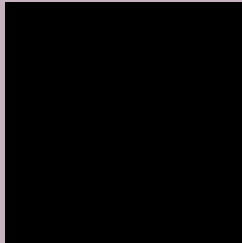
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 75, 9.066, 334.594

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 75, 9.066, 334.594.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 75, 9.066, 334.594.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75, 9.066, 334.594


### Protanopia

75, 5.422, 294.538

### Deuteranopia

75, 10.242, 337.065





**Tritanopia**  
75, 9.860, 330.212

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
75, 9.066, 334.594

**Protanomaly**  
75, 5.861, 312.671

**Deuteranomaly**  
75, 9.975, 335.559

**Tritanomaly**  
75, 9.456, 332.309

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
75, 9.066, 334.594

**Achromatopsia**  
76, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
75, 3.120, 335.776

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 75, 9.066, 334.594 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 180, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 180, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 180, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 180, 192) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 75, 9.066, 334.594 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 180, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 180, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 180, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 180, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 180, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 180,  
192) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 75, 9.066, 334.594 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 180, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
180, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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