

Converting Colors

CIELCh(76, 10.222, 112.239)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(76, 10.222, 112.239)
contains.

CIELCh(76, 10.184, 111.370)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(76, 10.184, 111.370)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BCBDAA
RGB	188, 189, 170
RGB Percent	74%, 74%, 67%
CMY	0.2634, 0.2595, 0.3340
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.10, 0.26
HSL	63°, 13%, 70%
HSV	63°, 10%, 74%
XYZ	46.0976, 49.8872, 45.1466
YIQ	186.5350, 5.5030, -6.1210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

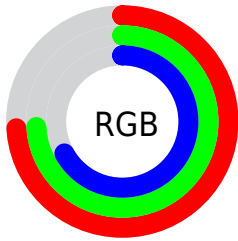
Format	Color
RYB	170, 189, 171
Decimal	12369322
CIELab	76.00, -3.71, 9.48
CIELCh	76, 10.184, 111.370
Yxy	49.8872, 0.3266, 0.3535
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290559402 (0xFFBCBDAA)
YUV	186.5350, -8.1518, 1.2848
Hunter-Lab	70.6309, -7.1052, 11.5440

Details

The CIELCh color **76, 10.184, 111.370** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **70, 10.424, 293.201**, and the grayscale version is **76, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 10.211, 111.417**, and **56, 10.245, 111.242** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76, 20.251, 110.498**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77, 0.053, 111.460**.

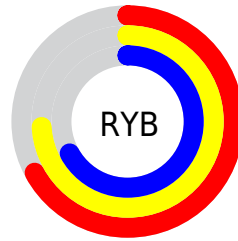
Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (74%)

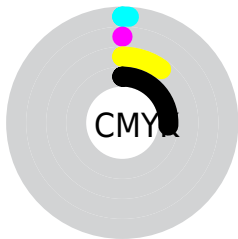
Blue (67%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (67%)

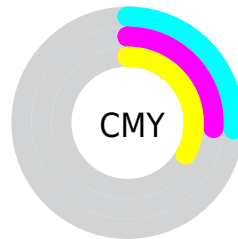


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (26%)


Magenta (26%)


Yellow (33%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 76, 10.184, 111.370 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 76, 10.184, 111.370 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 76, 10.184,
111.370


 76, 10.184,
111.370


 100, 10.184,
111.370


 66, 10.184,
111.370


 96, 10.184,
111.370

 56, 10.184,
111.370

 46, 10.184,
111.370

 36, 10.184,
111.370

 26, 10.184,
111.370

 16, 10.184,
111.370

 6, 10.184, 111.370

0, 10.184, 111.370

76, 10.184,
111.370

76, 10.184,
111.370

76, 20.251,
110.498

77, 0.053, 111.460

75, 30.177,
109.619

77, 10.097,
293.104

75, 39.851,
108.762

78, 20.233,
293.920

74, 49.103,
107.956

79, 30.330,
294.701

74, 57.672,
107.235

79, 35.466,
295.336

74, 65.191,
106.645

79, 35.482,
295.848

■ 74, 71.198,
106.240

■ 79, 35.500,
296.361

■ 74, 75.255,
106.070

■ 79, 35.521,
296.875

■ 73, 77.488,
106.115

■ 79, 35.544,
297.390

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 10.184, 111.370



70, 10.424, 293.201

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 10.184, 111.370



76, 10.184, 161.370



76, 10.184, 291.370



76, 10.184, 341.370

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 10.186, 111.378



96, 3.747, 111.981



71, 6.950, 24.177



51, 2.841, 111.913



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 10.186, 111.378



96, 14.994, 111.191



75, 10.978, 130.379



40, 5.734, 111.440



62, 67.941, 106.073



11, 16.955, 110.971

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 10.424, 293.201



87, 15.414, 293.419



71, 11.119, 311.214



36, 5.860, 293.130



18, 93.328, 306.475



1, 17.452, 292.112

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 10.184, 111.370 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

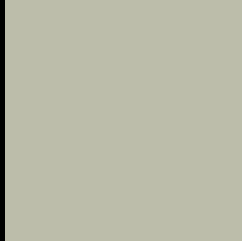
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 10.184, 111.370 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

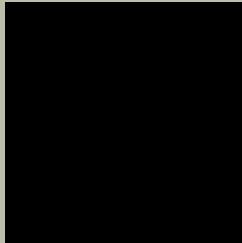
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

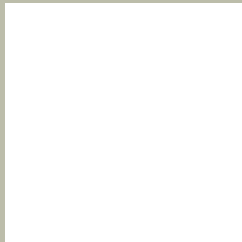
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 76, 10.184, 111.370

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 10.184, 111.370.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 10.184, 111.370.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

76, 10.184, 111.370

Protanopia

76, 10.121, 91.467

Deuteranopia

76, 12.911, 44.639



Tritanopia
76, 7.996, 309.363

Trichromacy



Original Color
76, 10.184, 111.370

Protanomaly
76, 10.286, 100.591

Deuteranomaly
76, 10.155, 62.987

Tritanomaly
76, 1.847, 343.609

Monochromacy



Original Color
76, 10.184, 111.370

Achromatopsia
76, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
76, 3.754, 109.808

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 76, 10.184, 111.370 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 189, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 189, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 189, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 189, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 76, 10.184, 111.370 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 189, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 189, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 189, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 189, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 189, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 189,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 76, 10.184, 111.370 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 189, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
189, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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