

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(76, 10.410, 31.955)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(76, 10.410, 31.955) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(76, 10.216, 32.214)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D0B6B2
RGB	208, 182, 178
RGB Percent	82%, 71%, 70%
CMY	0.1856, 0.2875, 0.3032
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.14, 0.19
HSL	8°, 24%, 76%
HSV	8°, 14%, 81%
XYZ	50.5849, 49.8872, 48.9138
YIQ	189.3180, 16.7800, 4.2680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

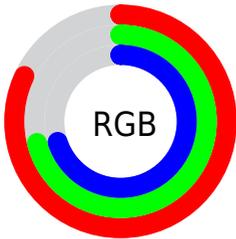
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	208, 183, 178
Decimal	13678258
CIE Lab	76.00, 8.64, 5.45
CIE LCh	76, 10.216, 32.214
Yxy	49.8872, 0.3386, 0.3339
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291868338 (0xFFD0B6B2)
YUV	189.3180, -5.5798, 16.3841
Hunter-Lab	70.6309, 4.2352, 8.3817

# Details

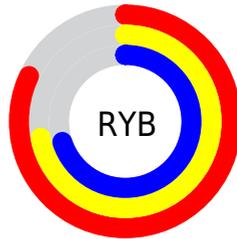
The CIELCh color **76, 10.216, 32.214** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **80, 9.286, 212.128**, and the grayscale version is **77, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 6.452, 38.155**, and **56, 10.167, 33.257** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71, 18.026, 32.566**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81, 3.014, 31.922**.

# Distribution



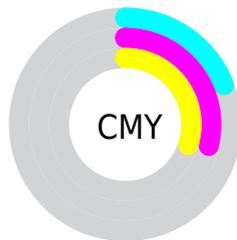
- Red (82%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 76, 10.216, 32.214 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 76, 10.216, 32.214 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 76, 10.216, 32.214

 76, 10.216, 32.214

 100, 10.216,  
32.214

 66, 10.216, 32.214

 96, 10.216, 32.214

 56, 10.216, 32.214

 46, 10.216, 32.214

 36, 10.216, 32.214

 26, 10.216, 32.214

 16, 10.216, 32.214

 6, 10.216, 32.214

 0, 10.216, 32.214

 76, 10.216, 32.214

 76, 10.216, 32.214

71, 18.026, 32.566

81, 3.014, 31.922

66, 26.478, 33.079

86, 3.626, 212.206

62, 35.570, 33.829

91, 9.761, 212.126

57, 45.247, 34.871

97, 15.282,  
201.069

53, 55.371, 36.245

97, 15.731,  
198.459

50, 65.660, 37.930

47, 75.529, 39.729

45, 83.692, 41.052

44, 87.276, 41.657

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 10.216, 32.214



80, 9.286, 212.128

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 10.216, 32.214



76, 10.216, 82.214



76, 10.216, 212.214



76, 10.216, 262.214

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 10.215, 32.227



98, 3.202, 31.899



76, 17.811, 329.145



52, 2.282, 31.941



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

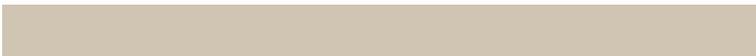
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 10.215, 32.227



90, 14.370, 32.307



80, 10.921, 86.517



41, 3.953, 32.093



36, 74.307, 41.885



5, 18.463, 26.472



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 9.286, 212.128



96, 12.807, 212.144



76, 10.831, 270.378



43, 3.720, 212.135



55, 32.087, 220.923



12, 12.441, 215.580



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 10.216, 32.214 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 10.216, 32.214 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 76, 10.216, 32.214

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 10.216, 32.214.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 10.216, 32.214.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76, 10.216, 32.214

### Protanopia

76, 4.185, 83.022

### Deuteranopia

76, 10.883, 28.692



**Tritanopia**  
76, 13.807, 347.637

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
76, 10.216, 32.214

**Protanomaly**  
76, 5.885, 52.751

**Deuteranomaly**  
76, 10.883, 28.692

**Tritanomaly**  
76, 11.570, 1.469

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
76, 10.216, 32.214

**Achromatopsia**  
77, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
76, 3.781, 27.709

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 76, 10.216, 32.214 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 182, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 182, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 182, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 182, 178) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 76, 10.216, 32.214 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 182, 178) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 182, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 182, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 182, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 182, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 182,  
178) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 76, 10.216, 32.214 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 182, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
182, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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