

Converting Colors

CIELCh(76, 11.228, 194.973)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(76, 11.228, 194.973)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(76, 11.408, 193.126)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A2C2C0
RGB	162, 194, 192
RGB Percent	64%, 76%, 75%
CMY	0.3659, 0.2404, 0.2483
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.01, 0.24
HSL	176°, 21%, 70%
HSV	176°, 17%, 76%
XYZ	43.5416, 49.8872, 57.0239
YIQ	184.2040, -18.4300, -7.4060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

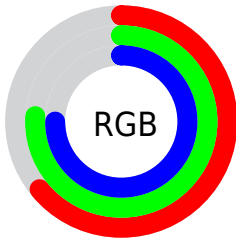
Format	Color
R_{YB}	162, 179, 194
Decimal	10666688
CIE Lab	76.00, -11.11, -2.59
CIE LCh	76, 11.408, 193.126
Yxy	49.8872, 0.2894, 0.3316
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288856768 (0xFFA2C2C0)
YUV	184.2040, 3.8434, -19.4729
Hunter-Lab	70.6309, -13.5647, 1.5738

Details

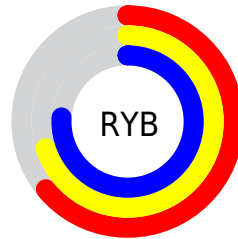
The CIELCh color **76, 11.408, 193.126** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **69, 12.530, 15.540**, and the grayscale version is **75, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 11.704, 191.137**, and **56, 11.142, 195.385** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75, 17.797, 192.421**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77, 4.605, 193.876**.

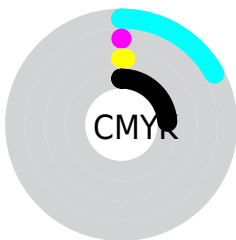
Distribution



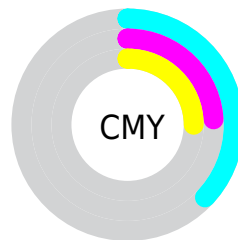
- Red (64%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (24%)





- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (25%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 76, 11.408, 193.126 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 76, 11.408, 193.126 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 76, 11.408,
193.126


 76, 11.408,
193.126


 100, 11.408,
193.126


 66, 11.408,
193.126


 96, 11.408,
193.126

 56, 11.408,
193.126

 46, 11.408,
193.126

 36, 11.408,
193.126

 26, 11.408,
193.126

 16, 11.408,
193.126

 6, 11.408, 193.126

0, 11.408, 193.126

76, 11.408,
193.126

76, 11.408,
193.126

75, 17.797,
192.421

77, 4.605, 193.876

74, 23.654,
191.740

79, 2.506, 14.244

73, 28.863,
191.066

81, 9.830, 15.100

72, 33.321,
190.394

84, 23.423, 16.119

72, 36.947,
189.713

84, 23.430, 14.578

71, 39.701,
189.013

84, 23.455, 13.039

84, 23.498, 11.505

■ 71, 41.594,
188.278

■ 84, 23.558, 9.979

■ 71, 42.712,
187.497

■ 71, 43.017,
187.222

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 11.408, 193.126



69, 12.530, 15.540

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 11.408, 193.126



76, 11.408, 243.126



76, 11.408, 13.126



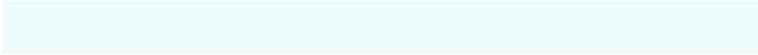
76, 11.408, 63.126

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 11.409, 193.119



98, 4.392, 194.008



75, 20.638, 141.718



53, 3.017, 193.940



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 11.409, 193.119



96, 16.956, 192.851



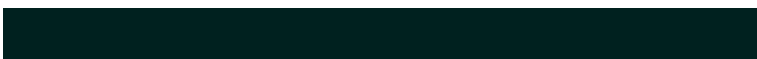
72, 9.744, 250.011



40, 3.983, 193.645



60, 37.417, 187.341



11, 12.911, 189.414

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 12.530, 15.540



86, 19.060, 15.936



73, 10.350, 66.024



38, 4.196, 14.858



33, 71.302, 37.143



3, 14.036, 15.989

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 11.408, 193.126 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

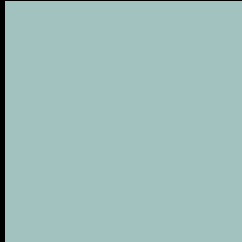
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 11.408, 193.126 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

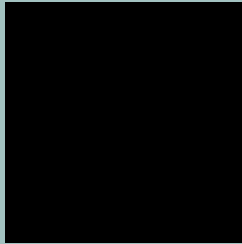
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

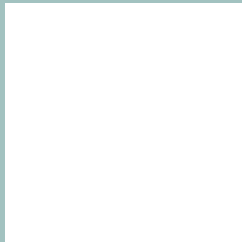
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 76, 11.408, 193.126

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 11.408, 193.126.

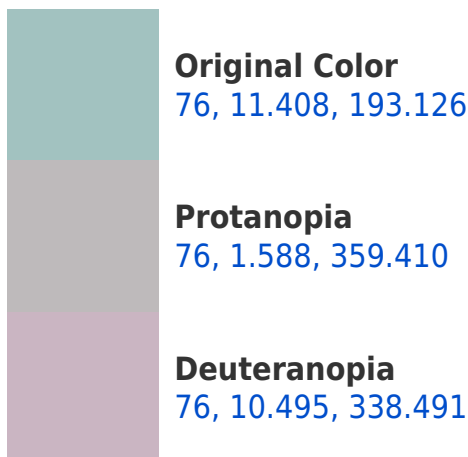


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 11.408, 193.126.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
76, 12.212, 244.012

Trichromacy



Original Color
76, 11.408, 193.126

Protanomaly
76, 3.286, 199.305

Deuteranomaly
76, 3.801, 296.056

Tritanomaly
76, 10.749, 225.694

Monochromacy



Original Color
76, 11.408, 193.126

Achromatopsia
75, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
75, 4.421, 192.156

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 76, 11.408, 193.126 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 194, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 194, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 194, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 194, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 76, 11.408, 193.126 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 194, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 194, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 194, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 194, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 194, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 194,  
192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 76, 11.408, 193.126 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 194, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
194, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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