

Converting Colors

CIELCh(76, 14.257, 268.990)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(76, 14.257, 268.990)
contains.

CIELCh(76, 13.889, 268.146)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(76, 13.889, 268.146)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ADBDD5
RGB	173, 189, 213
RGB Percent	68%, 74%, 84%
CMY	0.3228, 0.2601, 0.1660
CMYK	0.19, 0.11, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	216°, 32%, 76%
HSV	216°, 19%, 83%
XYZ	47.2553, 49.8872, 69.8644
YIQ	186.9520, -17.2400, 4.0720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

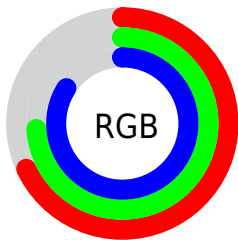
Format	Color
RYB	173, 184, 213
Decimal	11386325
CIELab	76.00, -0.45, -13.88
CIElCh	76, 13.889, 268.146
Yxy	49.8872, 0.2830, 0.2987
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289576405 (0xFFADBDD5)
YUV	186.9520, 12.8417, -12.2359
Hunter-Lab	70.6309, -4.1794, -9.2049

Details

The CIELCh color $76, 13.889, 268.146$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $80, 14.171, 82.977$, and the grayscale version is $76, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $96, 7.399, 243.207$, and $56, 13.643, 267.016$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $71, 21.335, 269.940$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $81, 6.484, 266.626$.

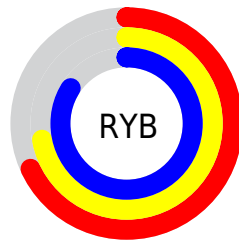
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (74%)

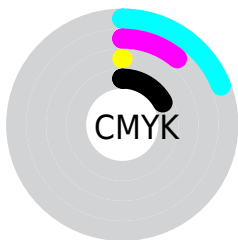
Blue (84%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (72%)

Blue (84%)

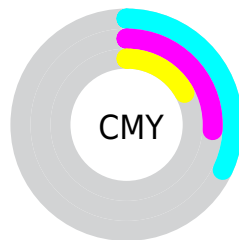


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 76, 13.889, 268.146 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 76, 13.889, 268.146 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 76, 13.889,
268.146

■ 76, 13.889,
268.146

■ 100, 13.889,
268.146

■ 66, 13.889,
268.146

■ 96, 13.889,
268.146

■ 56, 13.889,
268.146

■ 46, 13.889,
268.146

■ 36, 13.889,
268.146

■ 26, 13.889,
268.146

■ 16, 13.889,
268.146

■ 6, 13.889, 268.146

0, 13.889, 268.146

76, 13.889,
268.146

76, 13.889,
268.146

71, 21.335,
269.940

81, 6.484, 266.626

66, 28.823,
272.060

86, 0.868, 84.911

62, 36.358,
274.548

91, 8.159, 84.089

57, 43.966,
277.442

98, 20.168,
105.962

53, 51.687,
280.753

99, 21.391,
108.558

48, 59.578,
284.442

■ 44, 67.675,
288.391

■ 41, 75.953,
292.359

■ 40, 76.955,
292.800

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 13.889, 268.146



80, 14.171, 82.977

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 13.889, 268.146



76, 13.889, 318.146



76, 13.889, 88.146



76, 13.889, 138.146

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 13.888, 268.141



97, 5.119, 266.265



82, 16.897, 166.691



51, 3.395, 266.349



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 13.888, 268.141



87, 19.709, 268.902



72, 21.862, 295.254



42, 4.205, 266.712



32, 64.327, 292.169



5, 19.653, 280.670

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75, 17.323, 351.191



85, 24.685, 351.689



84, 20.944, 111.879



42, 5.188, 350.211



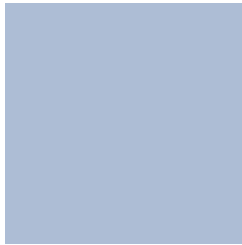
36, 62.784, 11.328



5, 22.731, 0.661

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 13.889, 268.146 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

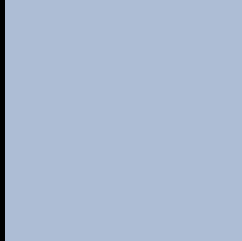
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 76, 13.889, 268.146 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

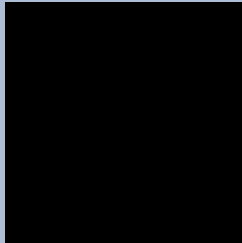
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

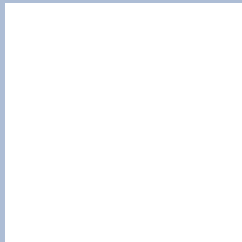
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 76, 13.889, 268.146

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 13.889, 268.146.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 13.889, 268.146.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

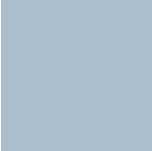
76, 13.889, 268.146

Protanopia

76, 13.491, 286.986

Deuteranopia

76, 17.760, 304.286



Tritanopia
76, 10.296, 250.974

Trichromacy



Original Color
76, 13.889, 268.146

Protanomaly
76, 13.684, 279.762

Deuteranomaly
76, 16.215, 294.133

Tritanomaly
76, 11.371, 257.858

Monochromacy



Original Color
76, 13.889, 268.146

Achromatopsia
76, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
76, 4.786, 263.733

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 76, 13.889, 268.146 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 189, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 189, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 189, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 189, 213) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 76, 13.889, 268.146 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

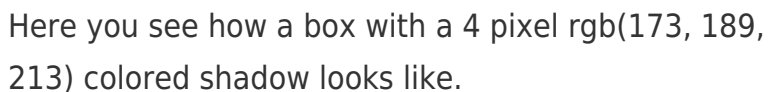
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 189, 213) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 189, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 189, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 189, 213); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 189, 213);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 189,  
213) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 76, 13.889, 268.146 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 189, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
189, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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