

Converting Colors

CIELCh(76, 17.579, 142.755)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(76, 17.579, 142.755)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(76, 17.560, 142.662)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A8C2A7
RGB	168, 194, 167
RGB Percent	66%, 76%, 65%
CMY	0.3399, 0.2379, 0.3439
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.14, 0.24
HSL	118°, 18%, 71%
HSV	118°, 14%, 76%
XYZ	42.5824, 49.8872, 44.0954
YIQ	183.1480, -6.8290, -13.9090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

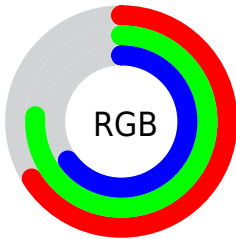
Format	Color
RYB	167, 194, 193
Decimal	11059879
CIELab	76.00, -13.96, 10.65
CIElCh	76, 17.560, 142.662
Yxy	49.8872, 0.3118, 0.3653
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289249959 (0xFFA8C2A7)
YUV	183.1480, -7.9610, -13.2848
Hunter-Lab	70.6309, -15.9889, 12.4264

Details

The CIELCh color **76, 17.560, 142.662** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **72, 17.597, 324.159**, and the grayscale version is **75, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 17.963, 142.870**, and **56, 17.275, 142.353** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74, 30.276, 141.961**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78, 4.891, 143.293**.

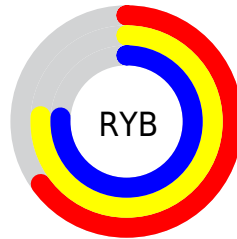
Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (76%)

Blue (65%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (76%)

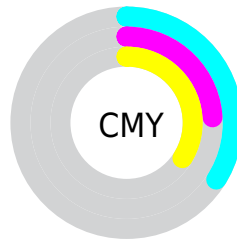


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (34%)


Magenta (24%)


Yellow (34%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 76, 17.560, 142.662 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 76, 17.560, 142.662 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 76, 17.560,
142.662

 76, 17.560,
142.662


 100, 17.560,
142.662


 66, 17.560,
142.662


 96, 17.560,
142.662

 56, 17.560,
142.662

 46, 17.560,
142.662

 36, 17.560,
142.662

 26, 17.560,
142.662

 16, 17.560,
142.662

 6, 17.560, 142.662

■ 0, 17.560, 142.662

■ 76, 17.560,
142.662

■ 76, 17.560,
142.662

■ 74, 30.276,
141.961

■ 78, 4.891, 143.293

■ 73, 42.842,
141.155

■ 80, 7.601, 323.717

■ 72, 55.007,
140.244

■ 82, 19.820,
324.165

■ 71, 66.444,
139.250

■ 84, 31.708,
324.532

■ 70, 76.744,
138.224

■ 86, 38.053,
325.746

■ 69, 85.420,
137.263

■ 69, 91.955,
136.500

■ 69, 95.968,
136.063

■ 69, 97.435,
135.872

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 17.560, 142.662



72, 17.597, 324.159

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 17.560, 142.662



76, 17.560, 192.662



76, 17.560, 322.662



76, 17.560, 12.662

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 17.562, 142.662



98, 6.205, 143.282



78, 13.682, 106.714



53, 4.449, 143.232



0, 0.000, 0.000



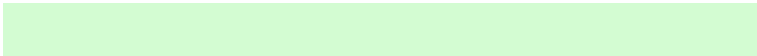
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 17.562, 142.662



95, 26.600, 142.437



76, 12.823, 159.947



40, 7.128, 142.951



57, 84.574, 135.834



10, 24.025, 143.402

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 17.597, 324.159



89, 26.654, 324.337



71, 13.003, 342.144



38, 7.143, 323.917



37, 81.952, 326.790



4, 23.757, 324.766

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 17.560, 142.662 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 76, 17.560, 142.662 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

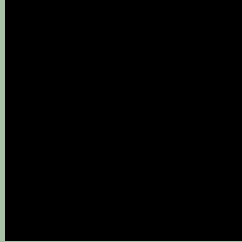
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 76, 17.560, 142.662

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 17.560, 142.662.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 17.560, 142.662.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

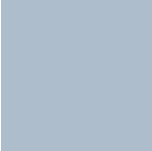
Dichromacy



Original Color
76, 17.560, 142.662

Protanopia
76, 12.934, 91.386

Deuteranopia
76, 13.293, 43.946



Tritanopia
76, 9.524, 257.453

Trichromacy



Original Color
76, 17.560, 142.662

Protanomaly
76, 12.908, 114.108

Deuteranomaly
76, 9.411, 85.092

Tritanomaly
76, 6.838, 198.946

Monochromacy



Original Color
76, 17.560, 142.662

Achromatopsia
74, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
75, 6.380, 141.484

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 76, 17.560, 142.662 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 194, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 194, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 194, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 194, 167) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 76, 17.560, 142.662 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 194, 167) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 194, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 194, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 194, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 194, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 194,  
167) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 76, 17.560, 142.662 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 194, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
194, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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