

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(76, 18.313, 11.848)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(76, 18.313, 11.848) contains.

<b>CIELCh(76, 18.266, 12.605)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(76, 18.266, 12.605)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DFB0B5
RGB	223, 176, 181
RGB Percent	87%, 69%, 71%
CMY	0.1268, 0.3110, 0.2914
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.19, 0.13
HSL	354°, 42%, 78%
HSV	354°, 21%, 87%
XYZ	54.1024, 49.8872, 50.3257
YIQ	190.6230, 26.4070, 11.5190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

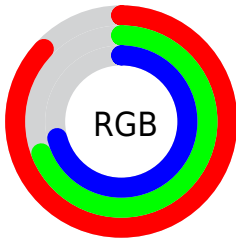
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	223, 176, 181
Decimal	14659765
CIE Lab	76.00, 17.83, 3.99
CIE LCh	76, 18.266, 12.605
Yxy	49.8872, 0.3506, 0.3233
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292849845 (0xFFDFB0B5)
YUV	190.6230, -4.7441, 28.3946
Hunter-Lab	70.6309, 13.1248, 7.1965

# Details

The CIELCh color **76, 18.266, 12.605** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **85, 16.345, 189.005**, and the grayscale version is **77, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94, 8.657, 2.723**, and **56, 18.321, 12.631** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70, 27.733, 13.918**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 9.305, 11.529**.

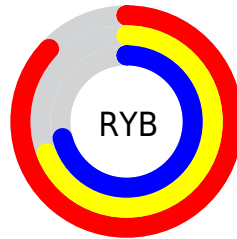
# Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (69%)

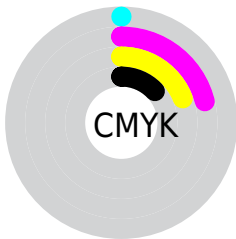
Blue (71%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (71%)

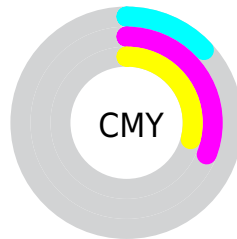


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (13%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 76, 18.266, 12.605 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 76, 18.266, 12.605 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



76, 18.266, 12.605

76, 18.266, 12.605

100, 18.266,  
12.605

66, 18.266, 12.605

96, 18.266, 12.605

56, 18.266, 12.605

46, 18.266, 12.605

36, 18.266, 12.605

26, 18.266, 12.605

16, 18.266, 12.605

6, 18.266, 12.605

0, 18.266, 12.605

76, 18.266, 12.605

76, 18.266, 12.605

70, 27.733, 13.918

82, 9.305, 11.529

65, 37.610, 15.549

88, 0.893, 10.075

60, 47.701, 17.614

94, 6.980, 190.080

55, 57.718, 20.247

98, 10.934,  
198.776

52, 67.314, 23.574

49, 76.160, 27.637

47, 83.962, 32.225

47, 89.754, 36.073

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 18.266, 12.605



85, 16.345, 189.005

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 18.266, 12.605



76, 18.266, 62.605



76, 18.266, 192.605



76, 18.266, 242.605

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 18.264, 12.611



96, 5.524, 11.017



77, 29.250, 322.245



51, 3.672, 11.086



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 18.264, 12.611



83, 24.462, 13.113



80, 14.846, 59.818



44, 4.766, 11.363



36, 74.643, 35.346



6, 25.339, 16.454





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76, 18.264, 12.611



83, 24.462, 13.113



81, 13.467, 244.449



44, 4.766, 11.363



36, 74.643, 35.346



6, 25.339, 16.454



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 18.266, 12.605 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

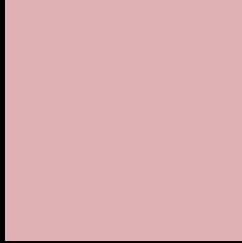
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 18.266, 12.605 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 76, 18.266, 12.605

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 18.266, 12.605.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 18.266, 12.605.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76, 18.266, 12.605

### Protanopia

76, 1.487, 19.172

### Deuteranopia

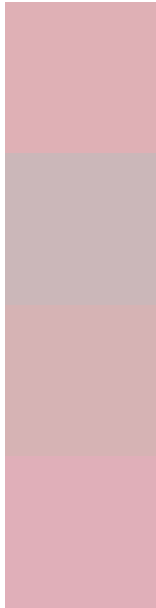
76, 10.729, 23.094



**Tritanopia**  
76, 19.815, 0.685



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
76, 18.266, 12.605

**Protanomaly**  
76, 7.622, 11.903

**Deuteranomaly**  
76, 13.445, 18.234

**Tritanomaly**  
76, 19.423, 5.197

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
76, 18.266, 12.605

**Achromatopsia**  
77, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
77, 6.477, 10.355

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 76, 18.266, 12.605 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 176, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 176, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 176, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 176, 181) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 76, 18.266, 12.605 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 176, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 176, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(223, 176, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 176, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 176, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 176,  
181) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 76, 18.266, 12.605 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 176, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
176, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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