

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(76, 18.772, 39.714)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(76, 18.772, 39.714) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(76, 18.884, 38.809)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DEB1A6
RGB	222, 177, 166
RGB Percent	87%, 69%, 65%
CMY	0.1283, 0.3048, 0.3480
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.25, 0.13
HSL	12°, 46%, 76%
HSV	12°, 25%, 87%
XYZ	52.8932, 49.8872, 43.0448
YIQ	189.2010, 30.3510, 6.1190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

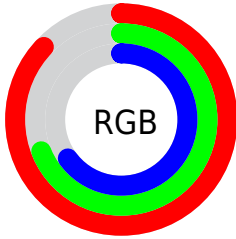
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	222, 180, 166
Decimal	14594470
CIE Lab	76.00, 14.72, 11.84
CIE LCh	76, 18.884, 38.809
Yxy	49.8872, 0.3627, 0.3421
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292784550 (0xFFDEB1A6)
YUV	189.2010, -11.4381, 28.7647
Hunter-Lab	70.6309, 10.0687, 13.3084

# Details

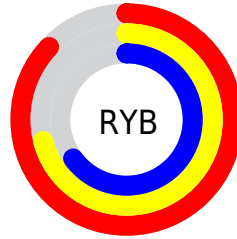
The CIELCh color **76, 18.884, 38.809** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **82, 15.909, 220.097**, and the grayscale version is **77, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94, 10.175, 56.921**, and **56, 18.990, 38.466** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71, 27.506, 38.974**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81, 10.924, 38.800**.

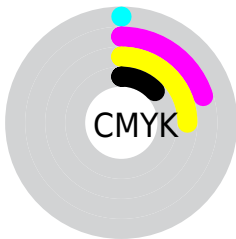
# Distribution



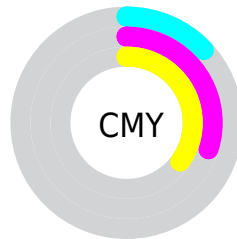
- Red (87%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 76, 18.884, 38.809 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 76, 18.884, 38.809 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 76, 18.884, 38.809

 76, 18.884, 38.809


 100, 18.884,  
38.809


 66, 18.884, 38.809


 96, 18.884, 38.809

 56, 18.884, 38.809

 46, 18.884, 38.809

 36, 18.884, 38.809


 26, 18.884, 38.809

 16, 18.884, 38.809

 6, 18.884, 38.809

 0, 18.884, 38.809

 76, 18.884, 38.809

 76, 18.884, 38.809

71, 27.506, 38.974

81, 10.924, 38.800

67, 36.807, 39.318

86, 3.586, 38.812

62, 46.754, 39.887

91, 3.184, 219.371

58, 57.225, 40.698

96, 9.421, 218.988

55, 67.930, 41.700

98, 11.061,  
198.768

52, 78.215, 42.673

50, 86.664, 43.043

49, 89.942, 43.110

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 18.884, 38.809



82, 15.909, 220.097

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 18.884, 38.809



76, 18.884, 88.809



76, 18.884, 218.809



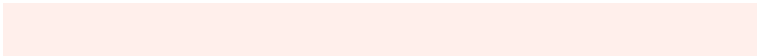
76, 18.884, 268.809

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 18.883, 38.817



95, 6.239, 38.826



75, 31.802, 331.531



50, 4.462, 38.823



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 18.883, 38.817



83, 25.663, 38.875



83, 21.336, 89.230



44, 4.015, 38.823



39, 75.147, 43.482



8, 22.386, 31.973





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82, 15.909, 220.097



91, 20.790, 220.429



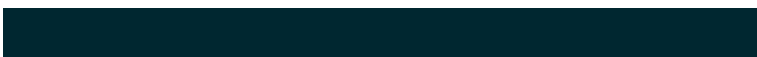
75, 21.323, 276.158



46, 3.785, 219.420



54, 33.197, 234.653



14, 13.540, 227.689



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 18.884, 38.809 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

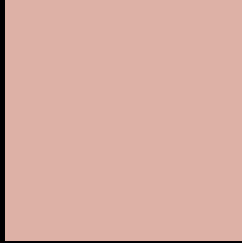
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 18.884, 38.809 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

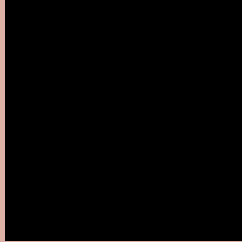
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 76, 18.884, 38.809

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 18.884, 38.809.

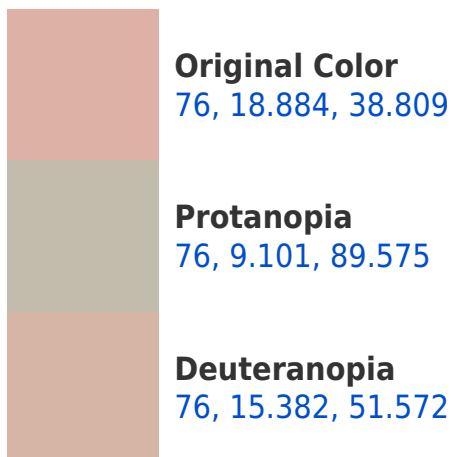


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 18.884, 38.809.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
76, 20.710, 0.124



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
76, 18.884, 38.809

**Protanomaly**  
76, 11.426, 60.797

**Deuteranomaly**  
76, 16.529, 47.226

**Tritanomaly**  
76, 19.068, 13.039

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
76, 18.884, 38.809

**Achromatopsia**  
77, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
76, 6.433, 39.210

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 76, 18.884, 38.809 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 177, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 177, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 177, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 177, 166) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 76, 18.884, 38.809 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 177, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 177, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(222, 177, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 177, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 177, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 177,  
166) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 76, 18.884, 38.809 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 177, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
177, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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