

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(76, 20.060, 240.701)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(76, 20.060, 240.701)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(76, 20.082, 240.940)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

# **Color**

**CIELCh(76, 20.082, 240.940)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	92C2DB
RGB	146, 194, 219
RGB Percent	57%, 76%, 86%
CMY	0.4269, 0.2387, 0.1406
CMYK	0.33, 0.11, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	201°, 50%, 72%
HSV	201°, 33%, 86%
XYZ	44.0027, 49.8872, 74.4218
YIQ	182.4980, -36.6330, -2.4010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

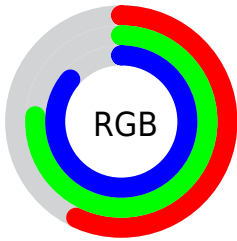
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	146, 175, 219
Decimal	9618139
CIELab	76.00, -9.75, -17.55
CIELCh	76, 20.082, 240.940
Yxy	49.8872, 0.2614, 0.2964
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287808219 (0xFF92C2DB)
YUV	182.4980, 17.9955, -32.0087
Hunter-Lab	70.6309, -12.3996, -13.0305

# Details

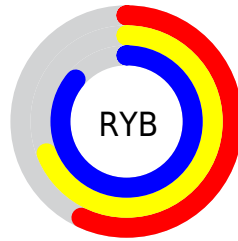
The CIELCh color `76, 20.082, 240.940` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99CCCC`. A complement of this color would be `74, 24.158, 54.238`, and the grayscale version is `74, 0.009, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `95, 15.963, 207.772`, and `56, 20.036, 242.041` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `73, 25.364, 242.861`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `79, 14.405, 239.397`.

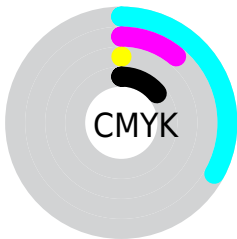
# Distribution



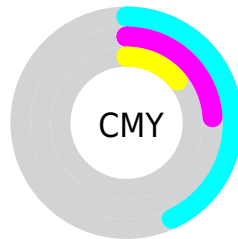
- Red (57%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)




- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (14%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 76, 20.082, 240.940 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 76, 20.082, 240.940 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 76, 20.082,  
240.940


 76, 20.082,  
240.940


 100, 20.082,  
240.940


 66, 20.082,  
240.940


 96, 20.082,  
240.940

 56, 20.082,  
240.940

 46, 20.082,  
240.940

 36, 20.082,  
240.940

 26, 20.082,  
240.940

 16, 20.082,  
240.940

 6, 20.082, 240.940

0, 20.082, 240.940

76, 20.082,  
240.940

76, 20.082,  
240.940

73, 25.364,  
242.861

79, 14.405,  
239.397

70, 30.198,  
245.251

83, 8.400, 238.178

67, 34.552,  
248.193

86, 2.131, 237.357

90, 4.344, 56.187

64, 38.438,  
251.763

93, 10.759, 56.415

61, 41.927,  
255.995

95, 11.786, 79.636

97, 14.331, 96.715

59, 45.162,  
260.840

99, 17.728,

■ 57, 47.319,  
264.239

107.850

■ 99, 18.134,  
108.806

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 20.082, 240.940



74, 24.158, 54.238

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 20.082, 240.940



76, 20.082, 290.940



76, 20.082, 60.940



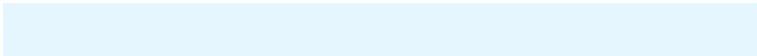
76, 20.082, 110.940

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 20.081, 240.937



96, 7.178, 237.849



82, 36.885, 152.829



51, 4.885, 237.989



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



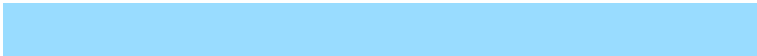


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 20.081, 240.937



85, 26.729, 242.244



66, 33.778, 287.075



44, 3.610, 237.788



46, 39.340, 263.345



10, 14.339, 252.726



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 37.195, 338.639



76, 50.266, 339.284



83, 32.161, 98.540



43, 6.291, 336.692



38, 67.445, 348.009

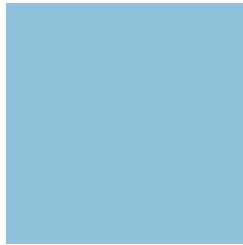


6, 27.265, 343.757



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 76, 20.082, 240.940 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

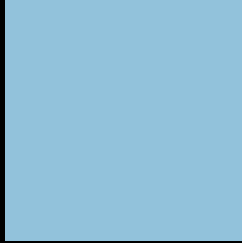
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 20.082, 240.940 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

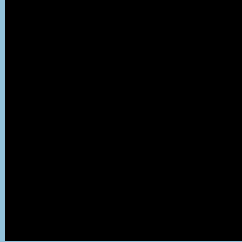
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 76, 20.082, 240.940

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 20.082, 240.940.

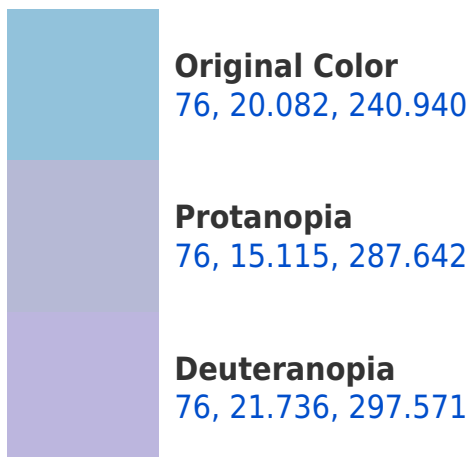


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 20.082, 240.940.

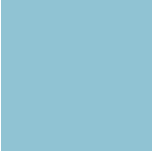
# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





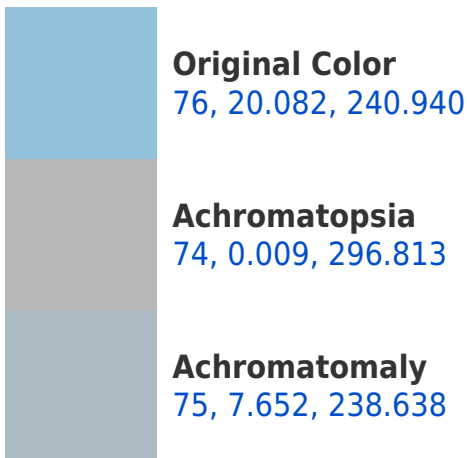


**Tritanopia**  
76, 18.505, 226.273

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 76, 20.082, 240.940 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 194, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 194, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 194, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 194, 219) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 76, 20.082, 240.940 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 194, 219) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 194, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 194, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 194, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 194, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 194,  
219) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 76, 20.082, 240.940 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 194, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
194, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor