

Converting Colors

CIELCh(76, 21.117, 143.431)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(76, 21.117, 143.431)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(76, 21.048, 143.441)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A4C4A4
RGB	164, 196, 164
RGB Percent	64%, 77%, 64%
CMY	0.3579, 0.2325, 0.3579
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.16, 0.23
HSL	120°, 21%, 70%
HSV	120°, 16%, 77%
XYZ	41.6065, 49.8872, 42.4300
YIQ	182.7840, -8.8000, -16.7360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

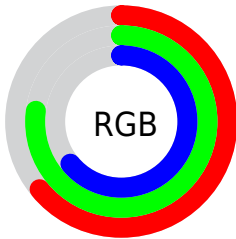
Format	Color
RYB	164, 196, 196
Decimal	10798244
CIELab	76.00, -16.91, 12.54
CIELCh	76, 21.048, 143.441
Yxy	49.8872, 0.3107, 0.3725
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288988324 (0xFFA4C4A4)
YUV	182.7840, -9.2605, -16.4736
Hunter-Lab	70.6309, -18.4551, 13.8244

Details

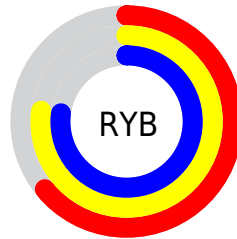
The CIELCh color **76, 21.048, 143.441** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **71, 21.069, 325.322**, and the grayscale version is **74, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 21.290, 143.629**, and **56, 20.966, 143.126** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74, 33.972, 142.671**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78, 8.123, 144.113**.

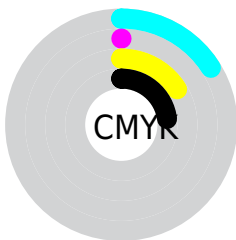
Distribution



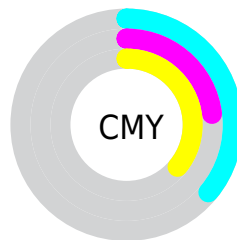
- Red (64%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (23%)





- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (36%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 76, 21.048, 143.441 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 76, 21.048, 143.441 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 76, 21.048,
143.441


 76, 21.048,
143.441

 100, 21.048,
143.441


 66, 21.048,
143.441


 96, 21.048,
143.441

 56, 21.048,
143.441

 46, 21.048,
143.441

 36, 21.048,
143.441

 26, 21.048,
143.441

 16, 21.048,
143.441

 6, 21.048, 143.441

0, 21.048, 143.441

76, 21.048,
143.441

76, 21.048,
143.441

74, 33.972,
142.671

78, 8.123, 144.113

73, 46.667,
141.782

80, 4.647, 324.580

72, 58.847,
140.775

82, 17.150,
325.087

71, 70.145,
139.675

84, 29.315,
325.488

70, 80.118,
138.542

86, 37.178,
325.716

70, 88.259,
137.486

■ 69, 94.072,
136.648

■ 69, 97.304,
136.151

■ 69, 98.152,
136.016

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 21.048, 143.441



71, 21.069, 325.322

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 21.048, 143.441



76, 21.048, 193.441



76, 21.048, 323.441



76, 21.048, 13.441

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 21.050, 143.441



99, 7.923, 144.196



78, 16.994, 108.607



53, 5.409, 144.149



0, 0.000, 0.000



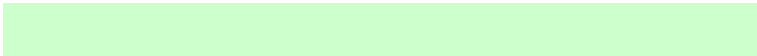
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 21.050, 143.441



95, 31.960, 143.149



76, 14.612, 162.271



40, 7.214, 143.917



57, 84.786, 136.017



10, 24.260, 144.097

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71, 21.069, 325.322



88, 31.981, 325.539



70, 14.915, 345.031



38, 7.225, 324.932



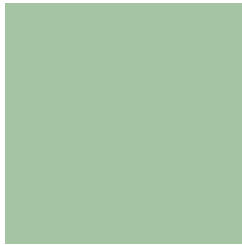
38, 81.802, 328.235



4, 24.212, 326.361

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 21.048, 143.441 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

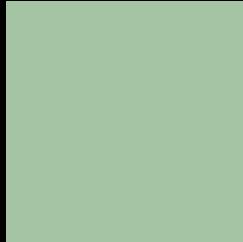
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 76, 21.048, 143.441 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

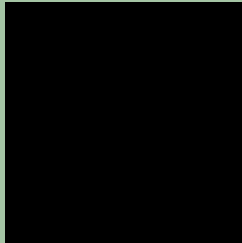
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

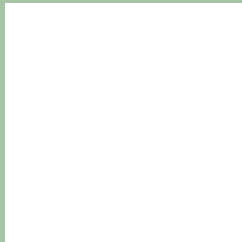
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 76, 21.048, 143.441

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 21.048, 143.441.

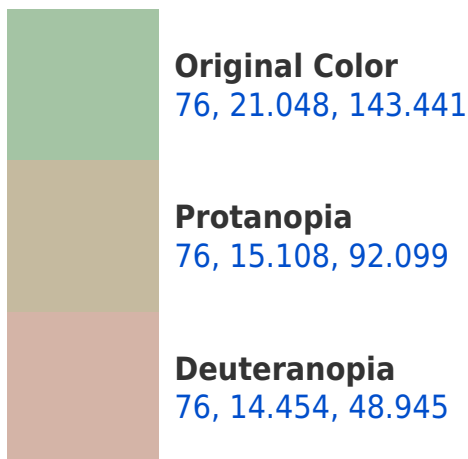


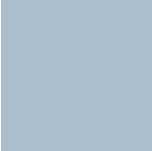
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 21.048, 143.441.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

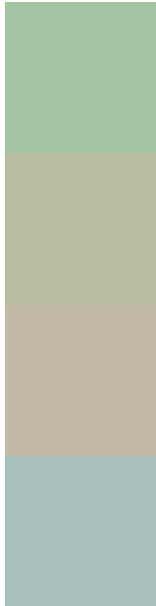
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
76, 10.296, 250.974

Trichromacy



Original Color
76, 21.048, 143.441

Protanomaly
76, 15.637, 115.847

Deuteranomaly
76, 11.161, 92.983

Tritanomaly
76, 8.701, 191.650

Monochromacy



Original Color
76, 21.048, 143.441

Achromatopsia
74, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
75, 7.906, 144.110

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 76, 21.048, 143.441 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(164, 196, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(164, 196, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(164, 196, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(164, 196, 164) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 76, 21.048, 143.441 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(164, 196, 164) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(164, 196, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(164, 196, 164)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(164, 196, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 196, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 196,  
164) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 76, 21.048, 143.441 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(164, 196, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(164,  
196, 164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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