

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(76, 23.351, 197.693)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(76, 23.351, 197.693)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(76, 23.502, 197.678)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	80C8C8
RGB	128, 200, 200
RGB Percent	50%, 78%, 78%
CMY	0.4992, 0.2169, 0.2169
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	180°, 39%, 64%
HSV	180°, 36%, 78%
XYZ	39.8289, 49.8872, 61.9854
YIQ	178.4720, -42.9120, -15.2640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

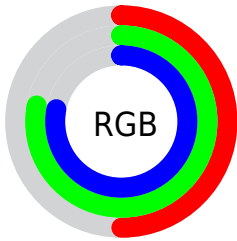
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	128, 164, 200
Decimal	8440008
CIELab	76.00, -22.39, -7.14
CIELCh	76, 23.502, 197.678
Yxy	49.8872, 0.2625, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286630088 (0xFF80C8C8)
YUV	178.4720, 10.6133, -44.2639
Hunter-Lab	70.6309, -22.9475, -2.5910

# Details

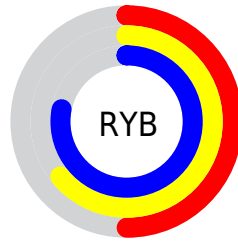
The CIELCh color **76, 23.502, 197.678** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **61, 30.205, 22.691**, and the grayscale version is **73, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 22.846, 198.009**, and **56, 23.489, 197.234** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75, 28.629, 197.303**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77, 17.671, 198.108**.

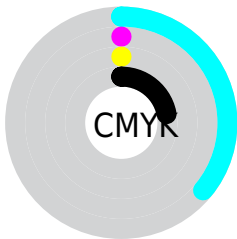
# Distribution



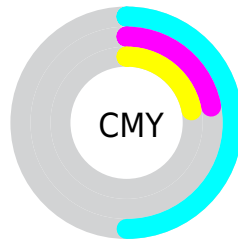
- Red (50%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (22%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 76, 23.502, 197.678 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 76, 23.502, 197.678 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 76, 23.502,  
197.678

 76, 23.502,  
197.678


 100, 23.502,  
197.678


 66, 23.502,  
197.678


 96, 23.502,  
197.678

 56, 23.502,  
197.678

 46, 23.502,  
197.678

 36, 23.502,  
197.678

 26, 23.502,  
197.678

 16, 23.502,  
197.678

 6, 23.502, 197.678

0, 23.502, 197.678

76, 23.502,  
197.678

76, 23.502,  
197.678

75, 28.629,  
197.303

77, 17.671,  
198.108

74, 32.952,  
196.994

78, 11.250,  
198.602

74, 36.400,  
196.751

80, 4.355, 199.199

81, 2.903, 19.438

74, 38.943,  
196.574

83, 10.423, 20.157

73, 40.600,  
196.460

85, 18.120, 20.783

73, 41.461,  
196.400

85, 21.035, 21.016

■ 73, 41.688,  
196.384

■ 85, 21.035, 21.016

■ 85, 21.035, 21.016

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 23.502, 197.678



61, 30.205, 22.691

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 23.502, 197.678



76, 23.502, 247.678



76, 23.502, 17.678



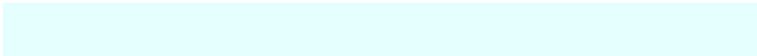
76, 23.502, 67.678

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 23.502, 197.675



98, 9.531, 198.872



74, 46.818, 141.429



52, 6.380, 198.793



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 23.502, 197.675



94, 33.003, 197.387



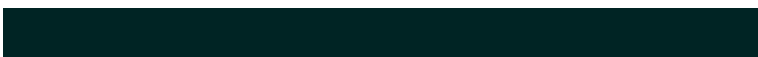
66, 22.240, 259.490



41, 4.034, 198.978



61, 35.889, 196.384



12, 12.984, 196.385



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 30.205, 22.691



72, 45.060, 23.886



69, 24.881, 69.220



39, 4.279, 19.922



34, 74.644, 39.776

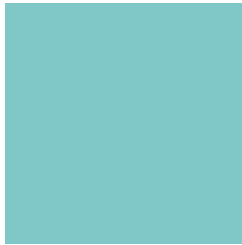


3, 15.885, 19.404



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 23.502, 197.678 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

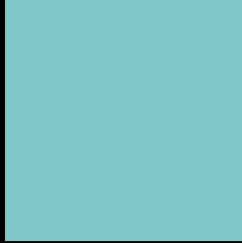
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 23.502, 197.678 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

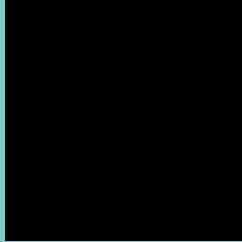
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

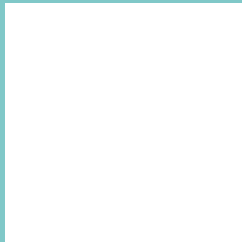
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 76, 23.502, 197.678

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 23.502, 197.678.

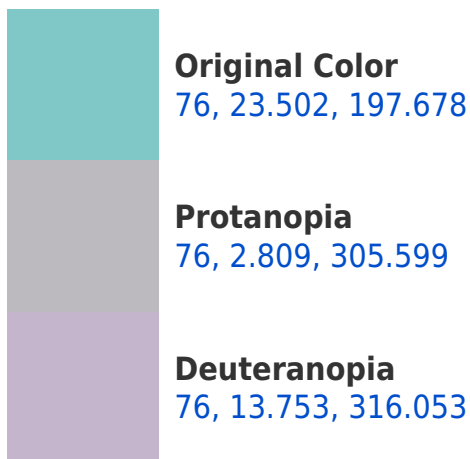


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 23.502, 197.678.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

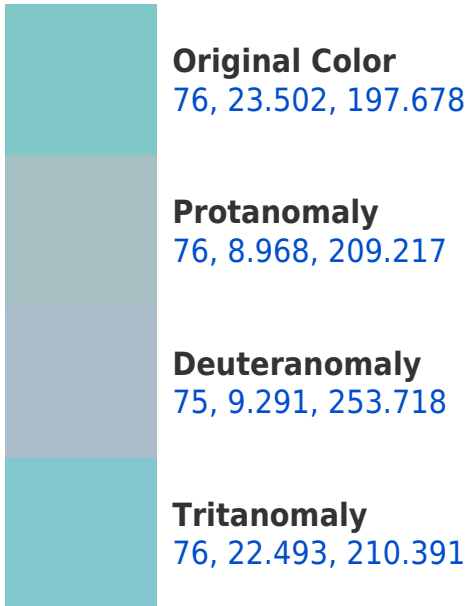




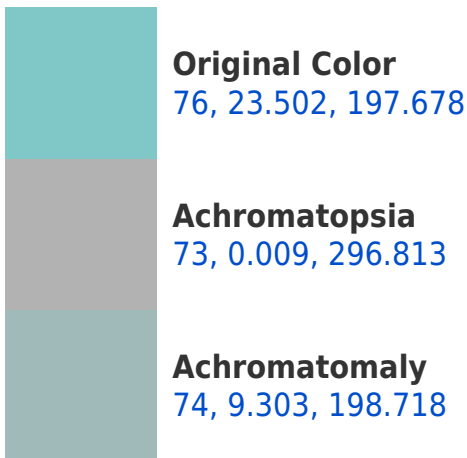


**Tritanopia**  
76, 22.440, 219.241

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 76, 23.502, 197.678 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 200, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 200, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 200, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 200, 200) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 76, 23.502, 197.678 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 200, 200) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 200, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 200, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 200, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 200, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 200,  
200) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 76, 23.502, 197.678 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 200, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
200, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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