

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(76, 25.486, 330.361)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(76, 25.486, 330.361)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(76, 25.486, 330.361)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DAAED3
RGB	218, 174, 211
RGB Percent	85%, 68%, 83%
CMY	0.1450, 0.3176, 0.1725
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.03, 0.15
HSL	310°, 37%, 77%
HSV	310°, 20%, 85%
XYZ	55.8145, 49.8872, 68.3230
YIQ	191.3740, 14.3470, 20.8350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

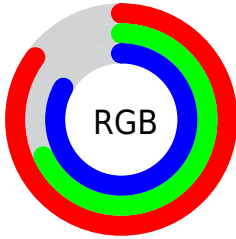
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	218, 174, 211
Decimal	14331603
CIE Lab	76.00, 22.15, -12.60
CIE LCh	76, 25.486, 330.361
Yxy	49.8872, 0.3207, 0.2867
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292521683 (0xFFDAAED3)
YUV	191.3740, 9.6756, 23.3510
Hunter-Lab	70.6309, 17.4515, -7.9110

# Details

The CIELCh color  $76, 25.486, 330.361$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be  $83, 25.411, 147.761$ , and the grayscale version is  $77, 0.009, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $94, 15.620, 324.964$ , and  $56, 25.556, 330.945$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $71, 38.084, 331.000$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $81, 12.800, 329.730$ .

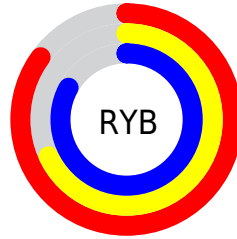
# Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (68%)

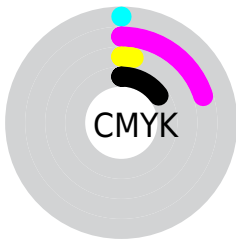
Blue (83%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (83%)

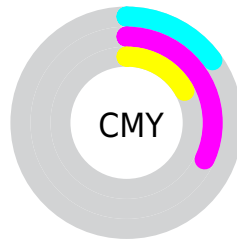


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (32%)


Yellow (17%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 76, 25.486, 330.361 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 76, 25.486, 330.361 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 76, 25.486,  
330.361


 76, 25.486,  
330.361


 100, 25.486,  
330.361


 66, 25.486,  
330.361


 96, 25.486,  
330.361

 56, 25.486,  
330.361

 46, 25.486,  
330.361

 36, 25.486,  
330.361

 26, 25.486,  
330.361

 16, 25.486,  
330.361

 6, 25.486, 330.361

0, 25.486, 330.361

76, 25.486,  
330.361

76, 25.486,  
330.361

71, 38.084,  
331.000

81, 12.800,  
329.730

66, 50.306,  
331.646

87, 0.235, 327.800

62, 61.745,  
332.299

93, 12.088,  
148.601

58, 71.895,  
332.959

97, 20.307,  
149.076

55, 80.199,  
333.630

97, 18.955,  
152.448

52, 86.158,  
334.326

97, 17.670,  
156.307

■ 51, 89.490,  
335.071

■ 97, 16.471,  
160.731

■ 50, 90.553,  
335.866

■ 97, 15.376,  
165.800

■ 97, 14.411,  
171.580

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 25.486, 330.361



83, 25.411, 147.761

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 25.486, 330.361



76, 25.486, 20.361



76, 25.486, 150.361



76, 25.486, 200.361

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 25.483, 330.361



96, 8.543, 329.462



73, 24.092, 297.779



51, 5.669, 329.506



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 25.483, 330.361



85, 34.429, 330.618



75, 18.508, 354.594



43, 7.168, 329.682



40, 76.478, 335.728



7, 30.899, 334.188



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76, 25.483, 330.361



85, 34.429, 330.618



84, 17.632, 170.693



43, 7.168, 329.682



40, 76.478, 335.728



7, 30.899, 334.188



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 25.486, 330.361 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

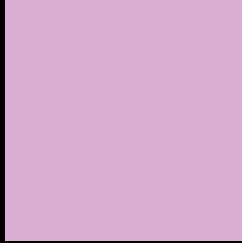
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 76, 25.486, 330.361 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

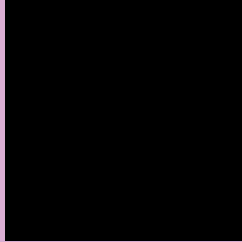
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 76, 25.486, 330.361**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 25.486, 330.361.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 25.486, 330.361.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
76, 16.120, 353.094

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
76, 25.486, 330.361

**Protanomaly**  
76, 18.887, 304.663

**Deuteranomaly**  
76, 18.388, 319.432

**Tritanomaly**  
76, 18.955, 342.568

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
76, 25.486, 330.361

**Achromatopsia**  
77, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
77, 9.169, 330.548

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 76, 25.486, 330.361 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 174, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 174, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 174, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 174, 211) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 76, 25.486, 330.361 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 174, 211) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 174, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 174, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 174, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 174, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 174,  
211) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 76, 25.486, 330.361 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 174, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
174, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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