

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(76, 28.507, 1.701)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(76, 28.507, 1.701) contains.

<b>CIELCh(76, 28.429, 1.263)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# **Color**

**CIELCh(76, 28.429, 1.263)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EEA8BB
RGB	238, 168, 187
RGB Percent	93%, 66%, 73%
CMY	0.0658, 0.3404, 0.2659
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.21, 0.07
HSL	344°, 68%, 80%
HSV	344°, 29%, 93%
XYZ	58.3600, 49.8872, 53.6775
YIQ	191.0960, 35.6210, 20.7490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

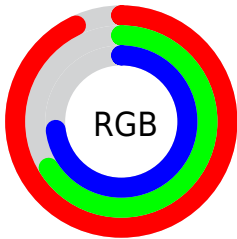
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	238, 168, 187
Decimal	15640763
CIE Lab	76.00, 28.42, 0.63
CIE LCh	76, 28.429, 1.263
Yxy	49.8872, 0.3604, 0.3081
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293830843 (0xFFEEA8BB)
YUV	191.0960, -2.0193, 41.1348
Hunter-Lab	70.6309, 23.8845, 4.3829

# Details

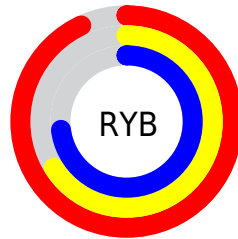
The CIELCh color  $76, 28.429, 1.263$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be  $89, 25.796, 175.089$ , and the grayscale version is  $77, 0.009, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $92, 14.788, 338.931$ , and  $56, 28.611, 1.045$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $70, 38.593, 2.835$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $82, 18.418, 359.954$ .

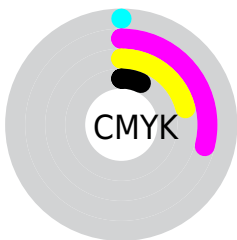
# Distribution



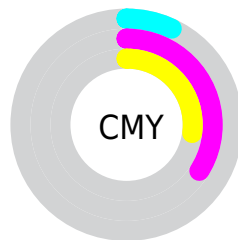
- Red (93%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 76, 28.429, 1.263 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 76, 28.429, 1.263 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 76, 28.429, 1.263

 76, 28.429, 1.263

 100, 28.429, 1.263

 66, 28.429, 1.263

 96, 28.429, 1.263

 56, 28.429, 1.263

 46, 28.429, 1.263

 36, 28.429, 1.263

 26, 28.429, 1.263

 16, 28.429, 1.263

 6, 28.429, 1.263

 0, 28.429, 1.263

 76, 28.429, 1.263

 76, 28.429, 1.263

70, 38.593, 2.835

82, 18.418,  
359.954

65, 48.650, 4.757

88, 8.732, 358.816

60, 58.219, 7.159

95, 0.549, 178.938

56, 66.852, 10.202

99, 5.769, 199.155

53, 74.160, 14.057

51, 80.004, 18.829

50, 84.772, 24.330

50, 85.070, 24.659

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 28.429, 1.263



89, 25.796, 175.089

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 28.429, 1.263



76, 28.429, 51.263



76, 28.429, 181.263



76, 28.429, 231.263

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 28.426, 1.266



94, 8.837, 358.777



76, 41.468, 317.526



49, 6.161, 358.936



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 28.426, 1.266



77, 36.068, 2.130



79, 23.446, 40.909



47, 5.311, 358.825



38, 69.516, 23.623



8, 28.826, 11.965





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76, 28.426, 1.266



77, 36.068, 2.130



86, 19.168, 223.060



47, 5.311, 358.825



38, 69.516, 23.623



8, 28.826, 11.965



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 28.429, 1.263 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

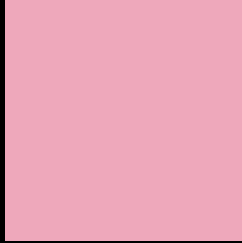
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 76, 28.429, 1.263 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

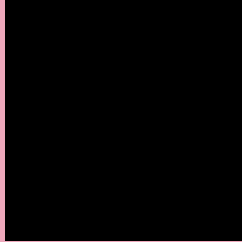
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 76, 28.429, 1.263

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 28.429, 1.263.

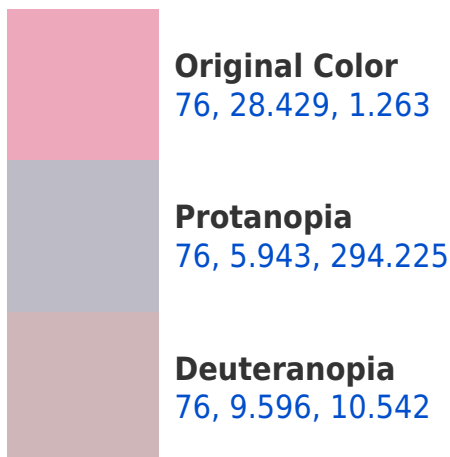


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 28.429, 1.263.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
76, 27.392, 7.351



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
76, 28.429, 1.263

**Protanomaly**  
76, 12.269, 342.632

**Deuteranomaly**  
76, 16.291, 3.661

**Tritanomaly**  
76, 27.566, 5.172

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
76, 28.429, 1.263

**Achromatopsia**  
77, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
77, 10.107, 358.478

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 76, 28.429, 1.263 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(238, 168, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(238, 168, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 168, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(238, 168, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 76, 28.429, 1.263 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(238, 168, 187) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(238, 168, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 168, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(238, 168, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 168, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 168,  
187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 76, 28.429, 1.263 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(238, 168, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(238,  
168, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor