

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(76, 29.917, 27.594)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(76, 29.917, 27.594) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(76, 29.978, 28.009)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F3A9A3
RGB	243, 169, 163
RGB Percent	95%, 66%, 64%
CMY	0.0484, 0.3385, 0.3620
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.33, 0.05
HSL	5°, 76%, 79%
HSV	5°, 33%, 95%
XYZ	57.5581, 49.8872, 41.1016
YIQ	190.4420, 46.0300, 13.8220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

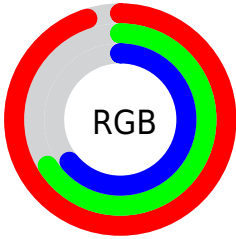
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	243, 169, 163
Decimal	15968675
CIE Lab	76.00, 26.47, 14.08
CIE LCh	76, 29.978, 28.009
Yxy	49.8872, 0.3875, 0.3358
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294158755 (0xFFFF3A9A3)
YUV	190.4420, -13.5289, 46.0934
Hunter-Lab	70.6309, 21.8581, 14.9395

# Details

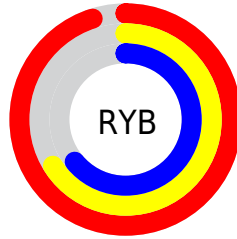
The CIELCh color **76, 29.978, 28.009** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **89, 23.620, 205.585**, and the grayscale version is **77, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92, 11.678, 38.011**, and **56, 30.110, 28.103** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71, 40.614, 29.113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 20.048, 27.201**.

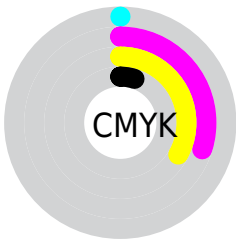
# Distribution



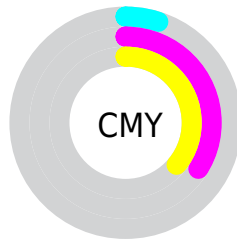
- Red (95%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 76, 29.978, 28.009 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 76, 29.978, 28.009 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



76, 29.978, 28.009

76, 29.978, 28.009

100, 29.978,  
28.009

66, 29.978, 28.009

96, 29.978, 28.009

56, 29.978, 28.009

46, 29.978, 28.009

36, 29.978, 28.009

26, 29.978, 28.009

16, 29.978, 28.009

6, 29.978, 28.009

0, 29.978, 28.009

76, 29.978, 28.009

76, 29.978, 28.009

71, 40.614, 29.113

82, 20.048, 27.201

65, 51.863, 30.579

88, 10.855, 26.595

61, 63.519, 32.479

94, 2.376, 25.974

57, 75.227, 34.820

99, 4.257, 199.291

54, 86.332, 37.412

52, 95.413, 39.611

51, 99.710, 40.624

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 29.978, 28.009



89, 23.620, 205.585

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 29.978, 28.009



76, 29.978, 78.009



76, 29.978, 208.009



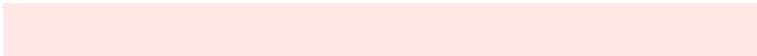
76, 29.978, 258.009

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 29.976, 28.014



94, 8.619, 26.442



77, 48.239, 328.163



49, 5.915, 26.515



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 29.976, 28.014



75, 38.952, 28.767



85, 27.629, 77.935



48, 4.728, 26.414



39, 81.486, 40.808



9, 29.478, 28.999





# Inverse Universe

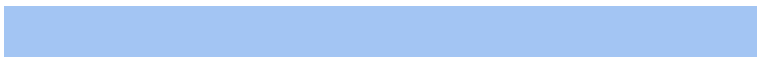
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 23.620, 205.585



92, 28.890, 205.603



79, 26.147, 267.728



50, 4.445, 205.969



64, 36.014, 209.308



20, 16.177, 207.442



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 29.978, 28.009 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 29.978, 28.009 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 76, 29.978, 28.009**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 29.978, 28.009.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 29.978, 28.009.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


76, 29.978, 28.009

### Protanopia

76, 8.596, 88.452

### Deuteranopia

76, 18.076, 58.441



**Tritanopia**  
76, 30.922, 9.450



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
76, 29.978, 28.009

**Protanomaly**  
76, 13.909, 45.250

**Deuteranomaly**  
76, 21.601, 43.992

**Tritanomaly**  
76, 30.377, 16.194

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
76, 29.978, 28.009

**Achromatopsia**  
77, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
76, 10.391, 26.092

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 76, 29.978, 28.009 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 169, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 169, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 169, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 169, 163) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 76, 29.978, 28.009 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 169, 163) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 169, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 169, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 169, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 169, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 169,  
163) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 76, 29.978, 28.009 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 169, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
169, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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