

Converting Colors

CIELCh(76, 32.408, 104.224)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(76, 32.408, 104.224)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(76, 32.349, 104.183)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2BE81
RGB	194, 190, 129
RGB Percent	76%, 75%, 51%
CMY	0.2392, 0.2548, 0.4941
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.34, 0.24
HSL	56°, 35%, 63%
HSV	56°, 34%, 76%
XYZ	44.6296, 49.8872, 28.0493
YIQ	184.2420, 21.9650, -18.1230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

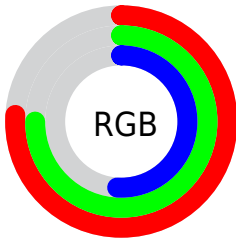
Format	Color
RYB	133, 194, 129
Decimal	12762753
CIELab	76.00, -7.93, 31.36
CIELCh	76, 32.349, 104.183
Yxy	49.8872, 0.3641, 0.4070
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290952833 (0xFFC2BE81)
YUV	184.2420, -27.2343, 8.5578
Hunter-Lab	70.6309, -10.8153, 25.8960

Details

The CIELCh color $76, 32.349, 104.183$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCC99`. A complement of this color would be $57, 34.768, 291.989$, and the grayscale version is $75, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $96, 32.470, 104.232$, and $56, 32.350, 104.670$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $75, 41.662, 103.174$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $77, 22.798, 105.212$.

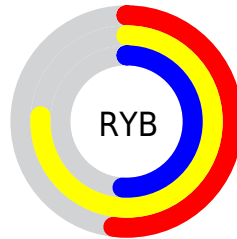
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (75%)

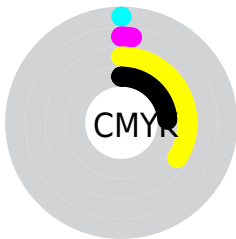
Blue (51%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (51%)

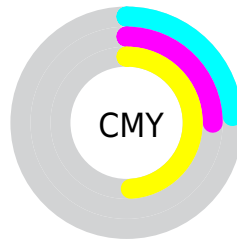


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)


Magenta (25%)


Yellow (49%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 76, 32.349, 104.183 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 76, 32.349, 104.183 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 76, 32.349,
104.183


 76, 32.349,
104.183


 100, 32.349,
104.183


 66, 32.349,
104.183


 96, 32.349,
104.183

 56, 32.349,
104.183

 46, 32.349,
104.183

 36, 32.349,
104.183

 26, 32.349,
104.183

 16, 32.349,
104.183

 6, 32.349, 104.183

■ 0, 32.349, 104.183

■ 76, 32.349,
104.183

■ 76, 32.349,
104.183

■ 75, 41.662,
103.174

■ 77, 22.798,
105.212

■ 75, 50.542,
102.196

■ 77, 13.122,
106.234

■ 74, 58.698,
101.275

■ 78, 3.399, 107.225

■ 79, 6.327, 288.249

■ 74, 65.707,
100.440

■ 80, 16.027,
289.193

■ 73, 71.047, 99.717

■ 81, 25.680,
290.106

■ 73, 74.255, 99.117

■ 73, 75.446, 98.777

■ 81, 30.096,

290.116

■ 82, 29.447,
289.247

■ 82, 28.805,
288.341

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76, 32.349, 104.183



57, 34.768, 291.989

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76, 32.349, 104.183



76, 32.349, 154.183



76, 32.349, 284.183



76, 32.349, 334.183

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76, 32.350, 104.187



98, 12.036, 106.572



61, 26.911, 17.274



53, 8.279, 106.427



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76, 32.350, 104.187



96, 47.573, 103.462



75, 36.221, 125.074



41, 5.505, 106.651



61, 65.640, 98.836



11, 17.270, 103.294

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 34.768, 291.989



68, 52.157, 293.260



59, 38.248, 308.516



38, 5.612, 288.607



19, 91.782, 305.415



1, 18.625, 289.467

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 76, 32.349, 104.183 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 76, 32.349, 104.183 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

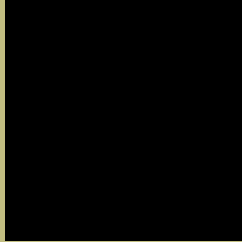
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 76, 32.349, 104.183

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 32.349, 104.183.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 76, 32.349, 104.183.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
76, 32.349, 104.183

Protanopia
76, 32.091, 95.198

Deuteranopia
76, 32.031, 72.441



Tritanopia
76, 10.582, 334.928

Trichromacy



Original Color
76, 32.349, 104.183

Protanomaly
76, 32.251, 98.248

Deuteranomaly
76, 30.948, 84.383

Tritanomaly
76, 8.816, 71.729

Monochromacy



Original Color
76, 32.349, 104.183

Achromatopsia
75, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
75, 11.829, 105.287

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 76, 32.349, 104.183 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 190, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 190, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 190, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 190, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 76, 32.349, 104.183 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 190, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 190, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 190, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 190, 129); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 190, 129); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 190, 129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 76, 32.349, 104.183 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 190, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
190, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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